

نام و نام خانوادگی سروش احمدی پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ... ۷ ... کلاس ... دهم ... پیر ... ۱۳

$$x f(x) \geq 0 \quad f(x) = 0$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$-8, 2, 8$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} -8 & -8 & 0 & 2 & 8 \\ \hline | & - & | & + & | & + & | \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow x \in [-8, 0] \cup [2, 8]$$

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$$\frac{-x}{f(x)} \geq 0 \quad \text{و} \quad f(x) \neq 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \frac{x}{f(x)} \leq 0$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} -8 & -2 & 0^+ & 2 & 8 \\ \hline | & + & | & - & | & + & | \end{array}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$x \in (-2, 2) - \{0\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \text{۲ و ۳ صحیح}$$

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$$f(2) - 2f(2) = 8 - 4 + 8 = 2$$

$$f(-2) - 2(-2) = 8 + 4 + 8$$

$$-f(2) = 2$$

$$f(-2) + 8 = 18$$

$$f(2) = -2$$

$$f(-2) = 10$$

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$$f(f(0)) + f(f(1)) = f(2) + f(8)$$

$$f(8) = 8 - \sqrt{8+8} = 8 - 4 = 4$$

$$4 + 2 = 6$$

$$f(1) = 2 + 2 = 4$$

$$f(2) = 4$$

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$$f(x-1) - f(x) = 9x + 2$$

$$f(x) = ax^2 - bx + 2 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} -2+b=2 \\ \Rightarrow b=4 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$f(x-1) = a(x-1)^2 - b(x-1) + 2$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow a-b = -1 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$a(x^2 - 2x + 1) - bx + b + 2$$

$$f(x-1) \rightarrow ax^2 - 2ax + a - bx + b + 2 - ax^2 + bx - 2 = 9x + 2$$

$$-2ax + a + b = 9x + 2 \Rightarrow -2ax + (a+b) = 9x + 2$$

$$-2a = 9 \Rightarrow a = -\frac{9}{2}$$

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$$f(x) = \frac{x^r + \varepsilon x + \delta}{x^r + \varepsilon x + v}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$

$$f(\sqrt{r}-r) = \frac{(\sqrt{r}-r)^r + \varepsilon(\sqrt{r}-r) + \delta}{(\sqrt{r}-r)^r + \varepsilon(\sqrt{r}-r) + v} = \frac{r+\varepsilon - \varepsilon\sqrt{r} + \varepsilon\sqrt{r} - 1 + \delta}{r+\varepsilon - \varepsilon\sqrt{r} + \varepsilon\sqrt{r} - 1 + v} = \frac{\varepsilon}{v} = \left(\frac{r}{1-r}\right)$$

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$$f\left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{x^r + 1}{x^r} = x^r + \frac{1}{x^r} + r - r$$

$$f\left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right) = \left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^r + r$$

$$f(-r) = (-r)^r + r = 11$$

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الف) $\frac{f}{g} = \left\{ \left(2, \frac{0}{\sqrt{8}}\right), \left(1, \frac{-\varepsilon}{\sqrt{8}}\right), \left(0, \frac{\varepsilon}{\sqrt{8}}\right) \right\}$

ب) $\frac{g}{f} = \left\{ \left(2, \frac{\sqrt{8}}{0}\right), \left(1, \frac{\sqrt{8}}{-\varepsilon}\right), \left(0, \frac{\varepsilon}{\sqrt{8}}\right) \right\}$

$$\begin{cases} g(x) = \sqrt{9-x^2} \\ \Rightarrow 9-x^2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x^2 \leq 9 \\ \Rightarrow x \leq 3, x \geq -3 \end{cases}$$

$$[-3, 3] \cap f(x) = 2, 1, 0$$

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الف) $rf(x) = \{(1, 2), (2, 1), (-\delta, \varepsilon), (1, -\varepsilon)\}$

ب) $f(x) + 1 = \{(1, 2), (2, \delta), (-\delta, 3), (1, -1)\}$

ج) $rf^r(x) + 1 = \{(1, \varepsilon), (2, \varepsilon^2), (-\delta, 13), (1, 13)\}$

د) $f(2x) = \left\{ \left(1, 1\right), \left(\frac{5}{2}, \varepsilon\right), \left(\frac{-\delta}{2}, 2\right), \left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right) \right\}$

$$2x = 1 \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2} \quad 2x = \frac{5}{2} \Rightarrow x = \frac{5}{4} \quad 2x = -\delta \Rightarrow x = -\frac{\delta}{2} \quad 2x = 1 \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2}$$

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$$f(x) \cap g(x) = \{1, 2, 3\}$$

الف) $f-g = \{(1, \varepsilon-0), (2, 3-1), (3, 1-(-1))\} = \{(1, \varepsilon), (2, 2), (3, 2)\}$

ب) $\frac{f}{g} = \left\{ \left(1, \frac{\varepsilon}{0}\right), \left(2, \frac{2}{1}\right), \left(3, \frac{2}{-1}\right) \right\} = \{(2, 2), (3, -2)\}$

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