

الف) $\frac{x+5}{x^3-10x^2+31x-15} \mid \frac{x-1}{x^2-15x+15}$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^3-10x^2+31x-15 \\ - (x^3-15x^2+15x-15) \\ \hline 5x^2+16x \\ - (5x^2-75x+75) \\ \hline 91x-60 \\ - (91x-1365) \\ \hline 1305 \end{array}$$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1, 15\}$

ب) $\frac{x+5}{x^3-10x^2+31x-15} \mid \frac{x+1}{x^2-15x+15}$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^3-10x^2+31x-15 \\ - (x^3+15x^2+15x+15) \\ \hline -25x^2-16x-30 \\ + (25x^2+375x+375) \\ \hline 359x-305 \\ - (359x-5385) \\ \hline 5090 \end{array}$$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{\frac{1}{5}, 1, 3\right\}$

الف) $y = \frac{x+1}{x-\sqrt{3-2x}}$ $\begin{cases} 3-2x \geq 0 \\ x \leq \frac{3}{2} \\ x-\sqrt{3-2x} \neq 0 \\ x \neq \sqrt{3-2x} \\ x^2 \neq 3-2x \\ x(x+2) \neq 0 \\ x \neq -2 \end{cases}$

$D_f = (-\infty, \frac{3}{2}] - \{1\}$

ب) $\frac{x+2}{x-\sqrt{3x-2}}$ $\begin{cases} 3x-2 \geq 0 \\ x \geq \frac{2}{3} \\ x-\sqrt{3x-2} \neq 0 \\ x \neq \sqrt{3x-2} \\ x^2 \neq 3x-2 \\ x(x-3) \neq -2 \\ x \neq 1 \end{cases}$

$D_f = [\frac{2}{3}, \infty) - \{1\}$

الف) $\frac{\sin x}{\cos x-1}$ $\cos x \neq 1 \Rightarrow \cos x \neq \frac{1}{1}$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{3}\}$

ب) $\frac{\cos x+1}{\sin x+1}$ $\begin{cases} \sin x \neq -1 \\ \sin x \neq -\frac{1}{1} \end{cases}$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}, 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{6}\right\}$

ج) $\frac{\tan x+2}{\cot x-1}$ $\cot x \neq 1$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{k\pi, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}\right\}$

د) $\frac{\sin x+1}{\sin x-2}$ $\begin{cases} \sin x \neq 2 \\ \sin x \neq \frac{2}{1} \end{cases}$

$D_f = \left\{2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{6}\right\}$

الف) $x^2-5x+4 > 0$ $\frac{1}{-} \frac{4}{+} \frac{1}{-}$

$(x-4)(x-1) > 0$

$D_f = (-\infty, 1) \cup (4, \infty)$

ب) $x^2-9x+8 < 0$ $\frac{1}{+} \frac{8}{-} \frac{1}{+}$

$(x-1)(x-8) < 0$

$D_f = (1, 8)$

ج) $x^2+9x+8 > 0$ $\frac{-1}{+} \frac{8}{-} \frac{-1}{+}$

$(x+1)(x+8) > 0$

$D_f = (-\infty, -8] \cup [-1, \infty)$

د) $x^2-14x+9 < 0$ $\frac{1}{+} \frac{9}{-} \frac{1}{+}$

$(x-9)(x-1) < 0$

$D_f = [1, 9]$

الف) $\frac{x^2-5x+2}{x-8} > 0 \rightarrow (x-1)(x-2)$ $\frac{1}{-} \frac{2}{+} \frac{8}{-}$

$D_f = (-\infty, 1) \cup (2, 8)$

ب) $\frac{x^2-1}{x^2-9x+8} > 0 \rightarrow (x-1)(x+1)$ $\frac{-1}{+} \frac{1}{-} \frac{8}{-}$

$D_f = [-\infty, -1] \cup (8, \infty)$

الف) $\sqrt{\frac{a^2 - \varepsilon a + c}{a^2 - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{(a-c)(a-1)}{a^2 - 1}}$



$D_f = [c, \infty)$

ب) $\sqrt{\frac{a^2 - \varepsilon a + c}{a^2 - 1}}$

$a^2 - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow a^2 \neq 1 \rightarrow a \neq \pm 1$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\pm 1\}$

الز) $\log(a^2 - c)$

$\frac{a^2 - c}{a(a-c)} > 0$

$D_f = (-\infty, 0) \cup (c, \infty)$

ب) $\log \frac{19 - a^2}{|a| - 2}$

$19 - a^2 > 0 \rightarrow 19 > a^2$

$|a| - 2 > 0 \rightarrow |a| > 2$

$D_f = (-\varepsilon, -2) \cup (2, \varepsilon) - \{-c, c\}$

ج) $\log \frac{a^2 - Va + 12}{10 - a}$

$\frac{(a-c)(a-\varepsilon)}{10 - a} > 0$

$D_f = (\varepsilon, 10) - \{a\}$

د) $\sqrt{a^2 - 11a + 28} + \log \sqrt{c^2 - a^2}$

$\sqrt{(a-7)(a-4)} + \log \sqrt{c^2 - a^2}$

$D_f = (0, c) - \{1\}$

$y = \frac{a^2 - a}{a^2 + a}$



$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-1, 0\}$

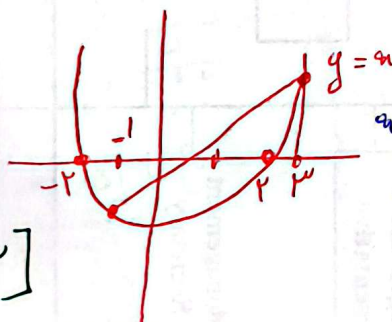
أب) $\frac{a^2 - a}{a^2 + a}$

	-1	0	1
$a^2 - a$	+	+	+
$a^2 + a$	+	+	+

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-1, 0\}$

$y = \sqrt{\frac{a - f(a)}{f(a)}}$

$D_f = [-2, -1] \cup (c, \infty]$



	-2	-1	2	3
$a - f(a)$	-	-	+	+
$f(a)$	+	-	+	+

