

$$x = -2$$

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$$\text{الف) } \frac{x+2}{x^3 - 1} = \frac{x+2}{(x-1)(x^2+x+1)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{Ax^2+Bx+C}{(x-1)(x^2+x+1)} \\ &= \frac{A(x-1)(x^2+x+1) + B(x-1) + C(x^2+x+1)}{(x-1)(x^2+x+1)} \\ &= \frac{A(x^3+x^2+x-1-x^2-x-1) + B(x-1) + C(x^2+x+1)}{(x-1)(x^2+x+1)} \\ &= \frac{A(x^3-2x-1) + B(x-1) + C(x^2+x+1)}{(x-1)(x^2+x+1)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{ب) } \frac{2x+1}{x^3-x^2-x-2} \rightarrow \frac{2x+1}{(x-2)(x^2+x+1)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{Ax^2+Bx+C}{(x-2)(x^2+x+1)} \\ &= \frac{A(x-2)(x^2+x+1) + B(x-2) + C(x^2+x+1)}{(x-2)(x^2+x+1)} \\ &= \frac{A(x^3-x^2-x-2-x^2-x-2) + B(x-2) + C(x^2+x+1)}{(x-2)(x^2+x+1)} \\ &= \frac{A(x^3-2x^2-2x-4) + B(x-2) + C(x^2+x+1)}{(x-2)(x^2+x+1)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{ج) } y = \frac{x+1}{x-\sqrt{x^2-x-2}} \rightarrow \text{د) } x-\sqrt{x^2-x-2} \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \sqrt{x^2-x-2} \rightarrow x^2 \neq x^2-x-2 \rightarrow x \neq -2$$

$$Df = (-\infty, \frac{2}{3}] - \{1\}$$

$$\text{ه) } y = \frac{x+2}{x-\sqrt{x^2-x-2}} \rightarrow \text{و) } x-\sqrt{x^2-x-2} \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \sqrt{x^2-x-2} \rightarrow x^2 \neq x^2-x-2 \rightarrow x \neq -2$$

$$Df = [-\frac{2}{3}, +\infty) - \{1, 0\}$$

$$\text{ز) } y = \frac{\sin x}{x \cos x - 1} \rightarrow x \cos x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cos x \neq \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow Df = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{2}\}$$

$$\text{ح) } y = \frac{\cos(x+1)}{x \sin(x+1)} \rightarrow x \sin(x+1) \neq 0 \rightarrow \sin(x+1) \neq 0 \rightarrow Df = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}\}$$

$$\text{ط) } x^2 + 4x + 5 > 0 \rightarrow (x+1)(x+5) > 0 \rightarrow \frac{-5}{-1} < x < \frac{-1}{-1} \rightarrow Df = (-\infty, -5) \cup (-1, +\infty)$$

$$\text{ث) } x^2 - 4x + 4 < 0 \rightarrow (x-2)^2 < 0 \rightarrow \frac{2}{1} < x < \frac{2}{1} \rightarrow Df = \emptyset$$

$$\text{ج) } \frac{x^2-1}{x^2-4x+4} < 0 \rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{(x-2)^2} < 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{-1} < x < \frac{1}{-1} \rightarrow Df = (-1, 1) \cup (2, +\infty)$$

$$\text{د) } y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2-3x+2}{x^2-1}} \rightarrow \frac{x^2-3x+2}{x^2-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x-2)}{(x-1)(x+1)} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{x-2}{x+1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{2}{-1} < x < \frac{-1}{-1} \rightarrow Df = [-2, +\infty)$$

$$\text{ه) } y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2-3x+2}{x^2-1}} \rightarrow \frac{x^2-3x+2}{x^2-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x-2)}{(x-1)(x+1)} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{x-2}{x+1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{2}{-1} < x < \frac{-1}{-1} \rightarrow Df = [-2, +\infty)$$

$$\text{و) } y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2-3x+2}{x^2-1}} \rightarrow \frac{x^2-3x+2}{x^2-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x-2)}{(x-1)(x+1)} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{x-2}{x+1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{2}{-1} < x < \frac{-1}{-1} \rightarrow Df = [-2, +\infty)$$

1a) $y = \log(x^2 - 2x)$
 $\rightarrow x^2 - 2x > 0 \rightarrow x(x-2) > 0 \rightarrow \frac{0}{+} \frac{-}{-} \frac{+}{+} \rightarrow DF = (-\infty, 0) \cup (2, \infty)$

1b) $y = \log|x-2|$
 $\rightarrow |x-2| > 0 \rightarrow x \neq 2$
 $\rightarrow DF = (-\infty, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$

2) $y = \log \frac{x^2 - 2x + 1}{x-1}$
 $\rightarrow \frac{x^2 - 2x + 1}{x-1} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x-1)}{x-1} > 0 \rightarrow x-1 > 0 \rightarrow x > 1$
 $\rightarrow DF = (1, \infty)$

3) $y = \sqrt{x^2 - 11x + 18} + \log x$
 $\rightarrow x^2 - 11x + 18 \geq 0 \rightarrow (x-2)(x-9) \geq 0 \rightarrow x \in (-\infty, 2] \cup [9, \infty)$
 $\rightarrow x > 0 \rightarrow x \in (0, 2] \cup [9, \infty)$

$y = \frac{x^2 - x}{x^2 + x}$
 $y = \frac{x(x-1)}{x(x+1)}$

$x^2 - x$	+	+	0	-	0	+
$x^2 + x$	+	+	0	-	0	+
y	+	+	0	-	0	+

$y = \sqrt{\frac{x - f(x)}{f(x)}}$
 $\rightarrow \frac{x - f(x)}{f(x)} \geq 0 \rightarrow x - f(x) \geq 0 \rightarrow f(x) \leq x$
 $\rightarrow DF = (-\infty, 1] \cup (1, \infty)$

