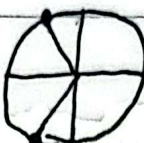
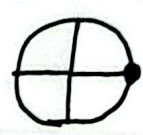


9, 10

نام و نام خانوادگی آیت الله العظمی پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره کلاس (همسرا/زن)

الف) $y = \frac{\sin x - 2}{2 \cos x + 1}$ 
 $2 \cos x + 1 \neq 0$
 $2 \cos x \neq -1$
 $\cos x \neq -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \text{H.A.}$
 $x \neq \left\{ \frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3} \right\}$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ 2k\pi + \frac{2\pi}{3}, 2k\pi + \frac{4\pi}{3} \right\}$

ب) $y = \frac{\sin x + 3}{\cos x - 1}$ 
 $\cos x - 1 \neq 0$
 $\cos x \neq 1$
 $x \neq \{2k\pi\}$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2k\pi\}$

الف) $y = \frac{2 \sin x + 1}{\tan x + 1}$
 $\tan x \neq -1 \rightarrow x \neq \left\{ \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4} \right\}$
 $2 \sin x + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \sin x \neq -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow x \neq \left\{ \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6} \right\}$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{4} \right\}$ 

ب) $y = \frac{\cos x + 1}{\cot x - 1}$
 $\cot x \neq 1 \rightarrow \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \neq 1 \rightarrow \sin x \neq \cos x \rightarrow x \neq \left\{ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4} \right\}$
 $\cos x + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cos x \neq -1 \rightarrow x \neq \{k\pi + \pi\}$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k\pi, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} \right\}$ 

الف) $\sin y = x^2 - 2$
 $-1 \leq x^2 - 2 \leq 1$
 $1 \leq x^2 \leq 3 \rightarrow 1 \leq x \leq \sqrt{3}$
 $D_f = [1, \sqrt{3}] \cup [-\sqrt{3}, -1]$

ب) $y = \arccos(\sqrt{x-3})$
 $\sqrt{x-3} \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 3$
 $-1 \leq \sqrt{x-3} \leq 1 \Rightarrow D_f = [3, 4]$
 $3 \leq \sqrt{x-3} \leq 4 \rightarrow 9 \leq x-3 \leq 16 \rightarrow 12 \leq x \leq 19$

الف) $\cos y = |x| - 3$
 $-1 \leq |x| - 3 \leq 1$
 $2 \leq |x| \leq 4 \rightarrow x \leq -2$
 $D_f = [-4, -2] \cup [2, 4]$

ب) $y = \arcsin(x^2 + 3x + 1)$
 $-1 \leq x^2 + 3x + 1 \leq 1$
 $x^2 + 3x + 1 \leq 1 \rightarrow x^2 + 3x \leq 0 \rightarrow x(x+3) \leq 0 \rightarrow x \in [-3, 0]$
 $x^2 + 3x + 1 \geq -1 \rightarrow x^2 + 3x + 2 \geq 0 \rightarrow (x+1)(x+2) \geq 0 \rightarrow x \in (-\infty, -2] \cup [-1, +\infty)$
 $D_f = [-3, 0] \cap \left[(-\infty, -2] \cup [-1, +\infty) \right] = [-3, -2] \cup [-1, 0]$

الف) $y = \log_{\sqrt{x}} x$
 $x^2 - x > 0 \rightarrow x^2 > x \rightarrow x > 1$
 $D_f = (-\infty, -2) \cup (2, +\infty)$

ب) $y = \log_{\sqrt{x}} |x|$
 $x - |x| > 0 \rightarrow |x| < x \rightarrow x < 0$
 $D_f = (-2, 2)$

الف) $y = \log_{a-n} \frac{a-n}{n-3}$ $a-n > 0 \rightarrow n < a$ $n-3 \neq 1 \rightarrow n \neq 3$ $n-3 > 0 \rightarrow n > 3$ $D_f = (3, a) - \{3\}$ ✓	ب) $y = \log_{n+3} \frac{n^2-1}{n+3}$ $n^2-1 > 0 \rightarrow n^2 > 1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} n > 1 \\ n < -1 \end{cases}$ $n+3 \neq 1 \rightarrow n \neq -2$ $n+3 > 0 \rightarrow n > -3$ $D_f = (-3, -1) \cup (1, +\infty) - \{-2\}$ ✓	6
الف) $y = \log \frac{n^2-3n+3}{n-3} \rightarrow \frac{n^2-3n+3}{n-3} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{(n-3)(n-1)}{n-3} > 0$ $n-3 \neq 0 \rightarrow n \neq 3$ $D_f = (1, +\infty) - \{3\}$ ✓ ب) $y = \log \frac{n+3}{n-2} \rightarrow \frac{n+3}{n-2} > 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} n < -3 \\ n > 2 \end{cases}$ $n-2 \neq 0 \rightarrow n \neq 2$ $n+3 > 0 \rightarrow n > -3$, $n+3 \neq 1 \rightarrow n \neq -2$ $D_f = (-3, -2) \cup (2, +\infty) - \{-2\}$ ✓	ب) $y = \log \frac{n+3}{n-2} \rightarrow \frac{n+3}{n-2} > 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} n < -3 \\ n > 2 \end{cases}$ $n-2 \neq 0 \rightarrow n \neq 2$ $n+3 > 0 \rightarrow n > -3$, $n+3 \neq 1 \rightarrow n \neq -2$ $D_f = (-3, -2) \cup (2, +\infty) - \{-2\}$ ✓	7
الف) $y = \sqrt{3 - \log \frac{(n-2)}{2}} \rightarrow \begin{cases} n-2 > 0 \rightarrow n > 2 \\ n-2 \neq 1 \rightarrow n \neq 3 \end{cases}$ $3 - \log \frac{n-2}{2} \geq 0 \rightarrow \log \frac{n-2}{2} \leq 3 \rightarrow n \leq 10$ $D_f = (2, 10]$ ✓ ب) $y = \log(2 \log \frac{n}{3} - 1) \rightarrow \begin{cases} n > 0 \\ 2 \log \frac{n}{3} - 1 > 0 \end{cases}$ $2 \log \frac{n}{3} - 1 > 0 \rightarrow 2 \log \frac{n}{3} > 1 \rightarrow \log \frac{n}{3} > \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow n > 3^{\frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow n > \sqrt{3}$ $D_f = (\sqrt{3}, +\infty)$ ✓	ب) $y = \log(2 \log \frac{n}{3} - 1) \rightarrow \begin{cases} n > 0 \\ 2 \log \frac{n}{3} - 1 > 0 \end{cases}$ $2 \log \frac{n}{3} - 1 > 0 \rightarrow 2 \log \frac{n}{3} > 1 \rightarrow \log \frac{n}{3} > \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow n > 3^{\frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow n > \sqrt{3}$ $D_f = (\sqrt{3}, +\infty)$ ✓	8
الف) $y = \frac{3}{k^n + 1} \rightarrow \begin{cases} k^n + 1 \neq 0 \\ k^n \neq -1 \end{cases}$ $D_f = \mathbb{R}$ ✓	ب) $y = \frac{3}{k^n - 1} \rightarrow \begin{cases} k^n - 1 \neq 0 \\ k^n \neq 1 \\ k^n \neq 0 \end{cases}$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$ ✓	9
ج) $y = \frac{3}{k^n - 2} \rightarrow \begin{cases} k^n - 2 \neq 0 \\ k^n \neq 2 \\ k^n \neq 0 \end{cases}$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\frac{1}{2}\}$ ✓	د) $y = \frac{3}{k^n - 3} \rightarrow \begin{cases} k^n - 3 \neq 0 \\ k^n \neq 3 \\ k^n \neq 0 \end{cases}$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\log k\}$ ✓	9
الف) $y = (k_{n+1})! \rightarrow k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{W} \rightarrow k_n \in \mathbb{W} - 1$ $D_f = \{n n = \frac{k-1}{k}, k \in \mathbb{W}\}$ ب) $y = (\frac{k_n - 2}{k_n - a})! \rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{k_n - 2}{k_n - a} \in \mathbb{W} \\ k_n - 2 = 2W_n - aW \\ k_n - 2W_n = 2 - aW \end{cases}$ $D_f = \{n n = \frac{a k - 2}{k - 2}, k \in \mathbb{W}, k \neq 2\}$ ✓	الف) $y = (k_{n+1})! \rightarrow k_{n+1} \in \mathbb{W} \rightarrow k_n \in \mathbb{W} - 1$ $D_f = \{n n = \frac{k-1}{k}, k \in \mathbb{W}\}$ ب) $y = (\frac{k_n - 2}{k_n - a})! \rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{k_n - 2}{k_n - a} \in \mathbb{W} \\ k_n - 2 = 2W_n - aW \\ k_n - 2W_n = 2 - aW \end{cases}$ $D_f = \{n n = \frac{a k - 2}{k - 2}, k \in \mathbb{W}, k \neq 2\}$ ✓	10