

$x \neq \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}\pi}{3} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{x \mid \cos x = -\frac{1}{2}\}$ (الف)

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{x = k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ (ب) (۲)

$\tan x \neq -1 \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{7\pi}{4}\}$ (الف)
 $\cos x \neq 0 \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}\}$

$\cot x \neq 1 \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}\}$ (ب) (۱)
 $\sin x \neq 0 \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi, k\pi + \pi\}$

$-1 < x-2 < 1 \Rightarrow 1 < x < 3 \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - [-1, 1] \cup [1, 3]$ (الف)

$\sqrt{x-2} > 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{x} > 2 \Rightarrow x > 4 \Rightarrow D_f = [4, 14]$ (۱۵)
 $-1 < \sqrt{x-2} < 1 \Rightarrow 0 < x < 4 \Rightarrow D_f = [4, 14]$ (ب)

$-1 < |x-2| < 1 \Rightarrow 1 < |x| < 3 \Rightarrow \pm 1 < x < \pm 3 \Rightarrow [-3, -1] \cup [1, 3]$ (الف)

$x^2 + 2x + 1 > -1 \Rightarrow x^2 + 2x + 2 > 0 \Rightarrow (x+1)(x+2) > 0 \Rightarrow x < -2 \text{ یا } x > -1$ (ب)
 $x^2 + 2x + 1 < 1 \Rightarrow x^2 + 2x < 0 \Rightarrow x(x+2) < 0 \Rightarrow -2 < x < 0$ (۲)
 $\Rightarrow [-2, 0] \cup [-1, 0]$

$x^2 - 4 > 0 \Rightarrow x^2 > 4 \Rightarrow x > \pm 2 \Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -2) \cup (2, \infty)$ (الف)

$2 - |x| > 0 \Rightarrow 2 > |x| \Rightarrow -2 < x < 2 \Rightarrow D_f = (-2, 2)$ (۲) (ب)

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| $\omega - x < 0 \checkmark \Rightarrow \omega > x \Rightarrow D_f = (c, \omega) - \{c\}$ $x - x < 0 \checkmark \Rightarrow c < x$ $x - 1 \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq 2$ $x^{-1} > 0 \checkmark \Rightarrow \text{circled out } x > 1 \Rightarrow x > 1$ $x + 1 \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq -2$ $D_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, +\infty) - \{-2\}$ $x + c > 0 \checkmark \Rightarrow x > -c \Rightarrow D_f = (-c, +\infty)$ | الف ٦ |
| $\frac{x^2 - 2x + c}{x - c} > 0 \checkmark \Rightarrow x^2 - 2x + c > 0 \Rightarrow (x-1)(x-c) > 0$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - [1, c]$ $\frac{x+c}{x-1} > 0 \Rightarrow x+c > 0 \Rightarrow x > -c$ $D_f = (-\infty, -c) \cup (1, +\infty)$ $x + \omega > 0 \Rightarrow x > -\omega$ $x + \omega \neq 1 \Rightarrow x \neq -\epsilon$ $D_f = (-\infty, -\omega) \cup (-\epsilon, +\infty)$ | الف ٧ ١١٥ |
| $x - 2 > 0 \Rightarrow x > 2, x - 2 < 1 \Rightarrow x < 3 \Rightarrow D_f = (2, 3]$ | الف |
| $x \log_e x - 1 > 0 \Rightarrow \log_e x > \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow x > \sqrt{e} \Rightarrow D_f = (\sqrt{e}, +\infty)$ | ب ٨ |
| $\epsilon + 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow D = \mathbb{R} \checkmark$ $\epsilon^{-1} \neq 0 \Rightarrow \epsilon \neq 0 \Rightarrow D = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\frac{1}{\epsilon}\} \checkmark$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\log_e \epsilon\} \checkmark$ | الف ب ج د ٩ |
| $\epsilon x + 1 > 0 \Rightarrow \epsilon x + 1 \in \mathbb{Z} \Rightarrow x = \frac{k-1}{\epsilon} \checkmark \Rightarrow k \in \mathbb{W}$ $\Rightarrow D_f = \{-\frac{1}{\epsilon}, 0, \frac{1}{\epsilon}, \frac{2}{\epsilon}, \frac{3}{\epsilon}, \frac{4}{\epsilon}, \dots\}$ | الف ١٠ |
| $\frac{\epsilon x - 1}{x - \alpha} \in \mathbb{W}, x \neq \frac{\alpha}{\epsilon} \Rightarrow D_f = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid \frac{\epsilon x - 1}{x - \alpha} \in \mathbb{W}, x \neq \frac{\alpha}{\epsilon}\}$ $D_f = \{x \mid x = \frac{\omega k - 1}{\epsilon k - \alpha}, k \in \mathbb{W}\}$ | ب |