

الف) $\sqrt{4-x} \rightarrow 2-x \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq 2 \Rightarrow \left. \begin{matrix} x \leq 2 \\ x \geq 14 \end{matrix} \right\} \Rightarrow (x \leq 2, x \geq 14)$
 $\hookrightarrow \sqrt{4-x} \geq 0 \rightarrow 4-x \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq 4 \rightarrow 14 \geq 2-x \rightarrow x \geq 14 \Rightarrow [14, 2]$

ب) $\sqrt{4-x} \rightarrow 2-x \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq 2 \Rightarrow \left. \begin{matrix} x \leq 2 \\ x \leq 11 \end{matrix} \right\} \Rightarrow (x \leq 2, x \leq 11)$
 $\hookrightarrow \sqrt{4-x} \geq 0 \rightarrow 4-x \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq 4 \rightarrow 9 \geq 2-x \rightarrow x \leq 11 \Rightarrow [2, 11]$

الف) $\sqrt{4-x} \rightarrow 4-x \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq 4 \rightarrow 2 \geq x^2 \rightarrow x^2 \leq 2 \rightarrow \sqrt{2} \geq x \geq -\sqrt{2}$
 $Df = [-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}]$

ب) $\sqrt{c|x|-9} \rightarrow c|x|-9 \geq 0 \rightarrow c|x| \geq 9 \rightarrow |x| \geq \frac{9}{c} \rightarrow -\frac{9}{c} \leq x \leq \frac{9}{c}$
 $Df = (-\infty, -\frac{9}{c}] \cup [\frac{9}{c}, \infty)$

الف) $c\sqrt{\frac{|x|+1}{|x|-c}} \rightarrow |x|-c \geq 0 \rightarrow |x| \geq c \rightarrow \mathbb{R} - \{c, -c\}$

ب) $c\sqrt{\frac{|x|+1}{|x|-c}} \rightarrow \sqrt{|x|-c} \geq 0 \rightarrow |x| \geq c \rightarrow x \geq c \rightarrow \mathbb{R} - \{c\}$
 $Df = [0, \infty)$

الف) $\frac{\sqrt{c-|x|}}{|x|+2} \rightarrow$ دو صورت است: $|x| \leq c$ و $|x| > c$
 $|x| \leq c \rightarrow -c \leq x \leq c \rightarrow Df = [-c, c]$
 $|x| > c \rightarrow x < -c$ یا $x > c$

ب) $\sqrt{4-x} \rightarrow 4-x \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq 4 \rightarrow x \leq 2$ و $x \geq -2$
 $\frac{1}{|x|-1} \rightarrow |x|-1 \neq 0 \rightarrow |x| \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq 1$ و $x \neq -1$
 $Df = [-2, 4) \cup (1, 2]$

الف) $\frac{x+1}{\sqrt{x+|x|}} \rightarrow$ فقط اعداد مثبت و منفی $\rightarrow \mathbb{R} - \{\mathbb{R}^-\} = \mathbb{R}^+$

ب) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x(x+1)}} \rightarrow$ نباید صفر باشد $\rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$

$$y = \sqrt{x[n]}$$

$$x[n] \geq 0$$

$$D_f = (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x[n]}}$$

$$x[n] > 0, \sqrt{x[n]} \neq 0$$

$$D_f = (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x[n]}$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - [0, 1)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x[n]}}$$

$$D_f = \emptyset$$

$$[n - \frac{1}{\epsilon}] + [n + \frac{1}{\epsilon}] \geq 0$$

$$[n + \frac{1}{\epsilon}] - 1 + [n + \frac{1}{\epsilon}] \geq 0$$

$$x[n + \frac{1}{\epsilon}] \geq 1$$

$$[n + \frac{1}{\epsilon}] \geq \frac{1}{x}$$

$$n + \frac{1}{\epsilon} \geq 1$$

$$n \geq \frac{1}{\epsilon}$$

$$D_f = [\frac{1}{\epsilon}, \infty)$$

$$\Rightarrow$$

$$D_f = \{x = k \cdot \frac{1}{\epsilon} \mid k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x \sin n - 1}$$

$$D_f = (k\pi + \frac{\pi}{\epsilon}, k\pi + \frac{2\pi}{\epsilon})$$

$$\sin n > \frac{1}{x} \quad \sin n < -\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\cot n + 1$$

$$\tan n + 1$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi, k\pi + \frac{k\pi}{\epsilon}\}$$

$$[k\pi - \frac{k\pi}{\epsilon}, k\pi + \frac{k\pi}{\epsilon}]$$

$$\sqrt{1 - \cos n} - 1 \quad 1 - \cos n \geq 1 \rightarrow \sin n > 0$$

$$D_f = [k\pi + \frac{\pi}{\epsilon}, k\pi + \frac{2\pi}{\epsilon}]$$

$$\sqrt{1 - \cos n} \rightarrow 1 - \cos n \geq 0 \rightarrow 1 \geq \cos n$$

$$\rightarrow 0 \geq \cos n \rightarrow D_f = [k\pi + \frac{\pi}{\epsilon}, k\pi + \frac{2\pi}{\epsilon}]$$