

الف) $\tan \frac{11\pi}{4} + \sin \frac{10\pi}{4} \cos \frac{13\pi}{4} = \tan \left(\frac{11\pi}{4} + \frac{3\pi}{4} \right) + \sin \left(\frac{11\pi}{4} + \frac{3\pi}{4} \right)$

$\cos \left(\frac{11\pi}{4} + \frac{3\pi}{4} \right) = -1 + \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) = -1 + \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$

ب) $\tan \frac{13\pi}{4} \sin \frac{11\pi}{4} + \cos \frac{10\pi}{4} = \tan \left(\frac{13\pi}{4} + \frac{3\pi}{4} \right) \sin \left(\frac{11\pi}{4} + \frac{3\pi}{4} \right) + \cos \left(\frac{11\pi}{4} + \frac{3\pi}{4} \right)$

$\cot \theta = \frac{\cos}{\sin} \Rightarrow \frac{\cos}{\sin} = \frac{\cos}{\sin}$

$\frac{2\cos\theta - \sin\theta}{\cos\theta + \sin\theta} = \frac{2(\cos\theta) - \sin\theta}{\cos\theta + \sin\theta} = \frac{2\cos\theta - \sin\theta}{\cos\theta + \sin\theta} = \frac{11\sin\theta}{11\sin\theta} = 1$

$\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1 \Rightarrow (\cos\theta)^2 + \cos^2\theta = 1 \Rightarrow 2\cos^2\theta = 1 \Rightarrow \cos^2\theta = \frac{1}{2}$

$\cos^2\theta = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \cos\theta = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

بدین ترتیب از این دو حالت

$\cos \frac{11\pi}{4} \times \cos \theta + \sin \frac{11\pi}{4} \times \sin \theta$

$\sin \theta \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sin\theta}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sin\theta}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sin\theta}{2}$

$\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1 \Rightarrow \sin^2\theta + \sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1 \Rightarrow 2\sin^2\theta = 1 \Rightarrow \sin^2\theta = \frac{1}{2}$

$\sin^2\theta = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \sin\theta = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

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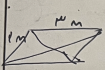
$\tan^2\theta = \frac{\sin^2\theta}{\cos^2\theta} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{1}{2}} = 1$

$\tan\theta = \pm 1$

$$m = \frac{1}{\gamma} \times 90 \sqrt{\gamma} \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\gamma} \quad \gamma$$

$$90 \sqrt{\gamma} \sin \alpha = 90 \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\gamma}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{9}{90 \sqrt{\gamma}} = \frac{1}{10 \sqrt{\gamma}} \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{\gamma}}{\gamma}$$



$$r_{SA} = r \times \frac{1}{\gamma} \quad \frac{1}{\gamma} \times \sqrt{\gamma} \ln$$

$$\frac{1}{\gamma} \times 90 \sqrt{\gamma} \sin \alpha \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\gamma}$$

$$\frac{1}{\gamma} \times 90 \sqrt{\gamma} \sin \alpha \quad \cos \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{\gamma}}{\gamma} \quad \tan \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{\gamma}}{\gamma}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\gamma}$$

$$\frac{1}{\gamma} \times AB \times BC \times \sin \alpha \quad \frac{1}{\gamma} \times BM \times BN \times \sin \alpha$$

$$r_{BM} + r_{BN} = AB \times AC \quad \downarrow \quad \text{f.w. r.c}$$

$$r_{BM} = A_m \quad \frac{r_{BM}}{A_m} = \frac{1}{\gamma}$$

$$\frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1}{\cos \alpha} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos^2 \alpha}} \quad \tan \alpha = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$$

$$-\cos \alpha \sin \alpha$$

$$\frac{-\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} + \frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow \frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}$$

الف) $\begin{cases} \sin \alpha > 0 \\ \cos \alpha < 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = 1 - \sin^2 \alpha \rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = 1 - \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{10}\right)^2 = \frac{98}{100}$

سؤال ٢

$\sqrt{\quad} \rightarrow \cos \alpha = \pm \frac{\sqrt{98}}{10} \xrightarrow{\cos \alpha < 0} -\frac{\sqrt{98}}{10} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{10}$

$\cos\left(\frac{11\pi}{4} + \alpha\right) \rightarrow \cos\left(\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha\right) = \cos\left(\pi + \left(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right) = -\cos\left(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$

$\cos(\alpha - \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta$

$-\cos\left(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = -(\cos \alpha \cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \sin \alpha \sin \frac{\pi}{4}) = -\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \cos \alpha + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \sin \alpha\right) =$
 $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10}\right) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} - \frac{1}{10} = \frac{2}{10} = \frac{1}{5}$

ب) $1 + \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} \rightarrow 1 + \frac{1}{49} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} \rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{49}{50} \xrightarrow{\cos \alpha > 0} \cos \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{49}}{10}$

$\sin^2 \alpha = 1 - \cos^2 \alpha \rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = 1 - \frac{49}{50} = \frac{1}{50} \rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{50} \xrightarrow{\sin \alpha > 0} \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10}$

$\sin\left(\frac{11\pi}{4} + \alpha\right) = \sin\left(\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha\right) = \sin\left(\pi + \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha\right)\right) = -\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha\right)$

$\sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta$

$-\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha\right) = -(\sin \frac{\pi}{4} \cos \alpha + \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \sin \alpha) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} (\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha) =$
 $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10}\right) = -\frac{1}{10} = -\frac{1}{10}$

سؤال ١٧

مساحة المثلث $S = \frac{1}{2} (2a \times 3a \times \frac{1}{4} \times \sin \frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{1}{2} \times 2a \times 3a \times \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3a^2}{8} = \frac{3}{8} \rightarrow a = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$

محيط $P = (2a + 3a) \times \frac{1}{2} = 10a = 10 \times \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}\right) = \frac{20\sqrt{2}}{3}$



سؤال ٩

$\frac{S_{ABC}}{S_{BMN}} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times AB \times \sin B \times \sin B}{\frac{1}{2} \times BM \times \sin B \times \sin B} = \frac{AB \times \sin B}{BM \times \sin B} = \frac{AB}{BM} = 4$

$\frac{BM}{AB} = \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow \frac{BM}{BM + AM} = \frac{1}{4} \xrightarrow{BM = 2a, AM = 2a} \frac{BM}{AM} = \frac{2a}{2a} = 1$

