

الف)  $\tan \frac{11\pi}{4} + \sin \frac{10\pi}{2} \cos \frac{14\pi}{2}$

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$$\tan \left( \frac{11\pi}{2} + \frac{3\pi}{2} \right) + \sin \left( \frac{14\pi}{2} + \frac{3\pi}{2} \right) \cos \left( \frac{14\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$$

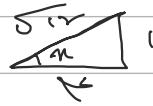
$$\Rightarrow \tan 130 + \sin 130 \times \cos 20 \rightarrow -1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \rightarrow -1 + \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

ب)  $\tan \frac{17\pi}{4} \sin \frac{11\pi}{4} + \cos \frac{10\pi}{4}$

$$\tan \left( \frac{17\pi}{4} + \frac{3\pi}{4} \right) \sin \left( \frac{11\pi}{4} + \frac{3\pi}{4} \right) + \cos \left( \frac{10\pi}{4} + \frac{2\pi}{4} \right)$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{0}$$

$\cot \alpha = 4$



$\sin \alpha = \frac{4}{5}$

$\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{5}$

$\frac{\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha}$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} - \frac{4}{5}}{\frac{1}{5} + \frac{4}{5}} = \frac{\frac{1-4}{5}}{\frac{1+4}{5}} = \frac{1-4}{1+4} = \frac{-3}{5} = \boxed{-\frac{3}{5}}$$

$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$   $\sin^2 \alpha + (\cos \alpha)^2 = 1$

$\cos^2 \alpha = 1$

$\cos \alpha = -\frac{1}{5} \times \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}} = \boxed{-\frac{\sqrt{6}}{5}}$

الف)  $\cos \left( \frac{11\pi}{2} + \alpha \right) \rightarrow \frac{11\pi}{2} = 2\pi + \frac{3\pi}{2} \rightarrow \cos \left( \frac{3\pi}{2} + \alpha \right)$

$\rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$\cos \alpha = 1 - \sin^2 \alpha = 1 - \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \cos \left( \frac{3\pi}{2} + \alpha \right) = \cos \frac{3\pi}{2} \cos \alpha - \sin \frac{3\pi}{2} \sin \alpha \rightarrow$

$\rightarrow \left( -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) - \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) = \boxed{-\frac{3}{2}}$

ب)  $\tan^2 \alpha + 1 = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} \rightarrow 1 + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} \rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{4}{5} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{4}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$

$\sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$

$\sin \left( \frac{5\pi}{2} + \alpha \right) = \left( -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5} \right) \cos \alpha + \left( -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5} \right) \sin \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5} (\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha) = \boxed{-\frac{2}{5}}$

$$\sin^2 \alpha = 1 - \cos^2 \alpha \longrightarrow r(1 - \cos^2) + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{r}{r}$$

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$$r - \cos^2 = \frac{r}{r} \longrightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = r - \frac{r}{r} = \frac{r}{r} \quad \sin^2 = 1 - \frac{r}{r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\tan^2 \alpha = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{\frac{1}{r}}{\frac{r}{r}} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{2} \times r \times \sqrt{r} \times \sin \alpha = \frac{r}{2}$$

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$$\frac{\frac{r}{2}}{\frac{r}{2\sqrt{r}}} = \frac{r}{4\sqrt{r}} = \frac{r}{4\sqrt{r}} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{4} = \sin \alpha$$

$$\text{اینجا } \rightarrow 0 < \alpha < \pi \quad \alpha = \frac{\pi}{4} \text{ (اگر)} \quad \alpha = \frac{3\pi}{4} \text{ (اگر)}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{4} \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{r}{4}$$

$$a = 2r \quad b = 3r \quad S = ab \sin \alpha \longrightarrow$$

(7)

$$(2r)(3r) \sin \alpha = 4r^2 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2r^2$$

$$6r^2 \sin \alpha = 2r^2 \longrightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{3} \quad r \rightarrow 3\sqrt{r} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2r = 4\sqrt{r} \\ 3r = 9\sqrt{r} \end{array} \right.$$

$$P = r(4\sqrt{r} + 9\sqrt{r}) = r(13\sqrt{r}) = 13r\sqrt{r}$$

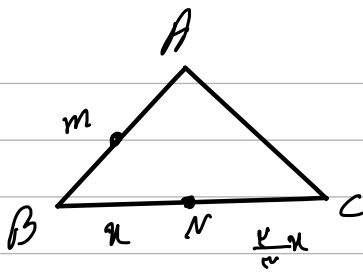
$$AB = 2 \quad AD = 1$$

$$BD = 2$$

(8)

$$1 \cdot 1 \cdot \sin \alpha = 1 \cdot 2 \cdot \sin \alpha = 1 \cdot 1 \cdot \sin \alpha \quad 1 \cdot 1 \cdot \sin \alpha = 1 \cdot 1 \cdot \sin \alpha$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{1 \cdot 1 \cdot \sin \alpha}{1 \cdot 1 \cdot \sin \alpha} = \frac{1}{2} \longrightarrow \hat{A} = 30^\circ \longrightarrow \tan 30^\circ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$



$$S_{\triangle ABC} = w \times S_{\triangle BMN}$$

$$w \times \frac{1}{4} \propto BM \propto BN \propto \sin B = \frac{1}{4} \times AB \times BC \times \sin B$$

$$w \propto BM = (BM + AM) \propto \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow 4BM = BM + AM$$

$$\rightarrow 3BM = AM$$

$$BM = \frac{1}{3} AM \rightarrow \frac{BM}{AM} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos \alpha}} - \tan \alpha = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{(\cos \alpha)} \rightarrow -\tan \alpha = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha - 1}{(\cos \alpha)} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{(\cos \alpha)}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = -\frac{1}{\cos \alpha} \rightarrow \frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = -\tan \alpha$$

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ if } \rightarrow \frac{-\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \propto \frac{1}{\sin \alpha} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} \rightarrow |\cos \alpha| = -\cos \alpha \rightarrow \cos \alpha < 0$$

$$\textcircled{2} \text{ if } \rightarrow \frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{-\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \rightarrow |\sin \alpha| = -\sin \alpha$$

$$\sin \alpha < 0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \sin \alpha < 0 \\ \cos \alpha < 0 \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \text{Quadrant II}$$