

1

2

3

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5

$$4a^4 = 4a^2 a_1 + 4a^2 a_1 \Rightarrow 4(a+d)^4 = 4a^2(a+d) + 4a^2(a+d)$$

$$\Rightarrow 4a^4 + 4d^4 + 16da = 4a^4 + 4da + 4a^4 + 4da \Rightarrow 4a^4 + 4da = 4d^4$$

$$\Rightarrow a^4 + da = d^4 \Rightarrow (a+d)(a-d) = 0 \Rightarrow a = -d$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a+d}{2} = 0 \Rightarrow a = -d \Rightarrow \frac{-d+d}{2} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{a+d}{2} = 0 \Rightarrow a = -d$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{d}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{d}{2} + d = \frac{3d}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{a+d}{2} = \frac{3d}{4}$$

$$b = d, b, b+d, b, b-d, b+d \Rightarrow b^4 + d^4 + b^4 = b^4 + d^4 + b^4 = b^4 + d^4$$

$$\Rightarrow d^4 + b^4 = 0 \Rightarrow d^4 = -b^4 \Rightarrow d = \pm i b$$

$$r = \frac{b-d}{b} = 1 - \frac{d}{b} = 1 - i = -i$$

$$\frac{b}{r}, b, br, r^2 b, \frac{b}{r}, br \Rightarrow b(r+r) = \frac{2b}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2 + r - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow (r-1)(r+1) = 0 \Rightarrow r = 1, r = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2b}{r} = 2b \Rightarrow r = 1$$

$$\frac{a^4 q^4}{a^4 q^4} + \frac{a^4 q^4}{a^4 q^4} = 4 \Rightarrow \frac{q^4}{a^4} + \frac{q^4}{a^4} = 4$$

$$\frac{q^4}{a^4} = 2 \Rightarrow 2^4 + 2 - 4 = 0 \Rightarrow 2(2+1)(2-1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} 2 = -1 \\ 2 = 1 \end{cases}, \frac{a^4}{2^4} = \frac{a^4}{a^4} = \frac{a}{q} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{a}{q} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$a q^4 = \sqrt{a q^4}, a q^4 = \sqrt{a q^4} = \epsilon_0$$

$$\Rightarrow a^4 q^4 = |a q^4| \Rightarrow a q = 1 = \epsilon_0$$

$$\square, 1, \square, \square, \sqrt{V} \Rightarrow q^4 = \frac{V}{1} \Rightarrow q = \sqrt[4]{V} \Rightarrow \epsilon_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{V}}$$

سوال ۳

$$\begin{cases} a_0 = 1 \\ a_3 = 2 \\ a_4 = 4 \\ a_9 = 8 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} a_1 = 4 \\ a_6 = 2 \\ a_{10} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} a_2 = a+1 \\ a_5 = a+1 \\ a_8 = a+2 \end{cases}$$

اول ضابطه a_0, a_3, a_4, a_9

دوم ضابطه a_1, a_6, a_{10}

سوم ضابطه a_2, a_5, a_8

$$S_{10} = 1 + 4 + (a+1) + 2 + 2 + (a+1) + 4 + 0 + (a+2) + 8 = 19 \rightarrow a = -2$$

جمع جلات $a_2 + a_5 + \dots$ از ضابطه سوم :

$$a_n = \left\lfloor \frac{n}{k+2} \right\rfloor + a \xrightarrow{n=3k+2} \left\lfloor \frac{3k+2}{k+2} \right\rfloor - 2 \rightarrow a_n = \left\lfloor \frac{2(k+2)}{k+2} + \frac{k-2}{k+2} \right\rfloor - 2$$

$$\rightarrow S_n = \left\lfloor 2 + \frac{k-2}{k+2} \right\rfloor - 2 = \frac{k-2}{k+2}$$

عبارت $\left\lfloor \frac{k-2}{k+2} \right\rfloor$ به ازای $k=0$ و $k=1$ برابر ۱- است، به ازای سایر اعداد حسابی برابر صفر است :

$$\sum_{k=0}^4 \left\lfloor \frac{k-2}{k+2} \right\rfloor = -2$$