

۱ $f(n) \geq 0$ $f(n)$ طلق غدار روی بازه های مختلف کلمات مثبت/منفی دارد.

داده $f(n)$ بازه زیر است: ~~$[-4, -2] \cup \{0\} \cup [2, 4]$~~

۰.۱۴۵

۲ $y = \sqrt{\frac{-n}{f(n)}} \rightarrow f(n) \neq 0$ و $\frac{-n}{f(n)} \geq 0 \Rightarrow$

جواب های: ~~$\{2, 1, -2, -3\}$~~ ~~$\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$~~

۰.۱۲۵

۳ $n \geq 2 \rightarrow f(n) - 2f(n) \geq n^2 - 2n + \epsilon \rightarrow f(n) \geq -2$

$f(n) - 2f(n) \geq n^2 - 2n + \epsilon \rightarrow f(n) - 2(-2) \geq n^2 - 2n + \epsilon \rightarrow$

$f(n) \geq n^2 - 2n \rightarrow f(-2) = (-2)^2 - 2(-2) = 10$

۵

$f(0) \geq 0 - \sqrt{0} + \epsilon = 2 \rightarrow f(0) = 2$

$f(1) \geq 1 - \sqrt{1} + \epsilon = 2 \rightarrow f(1) = 2 \rightarrow f(f(1)) = 2$

$f(1) = 0$

$f(f(0)) + f(f(1)) = 2 + 2 = 4$

۰.۱۲۵

$f(n-1) = a(n^2 - 2n + 1) - b(n-1) + c = an^2 - 2an + a - bn + b + c \Rightarrow$

$f(n-1) - f(n) = (an^2 - 2an + a - bn + b + c) - (an^2 - 2an + a - bn + b + c) = -2an + a + b$

$-2an + (a+b) \geq 2n + 1 \xrightarrow{\text{مقایسه}} \left. \begin{matrix} a = -3 \\ b = 5 \end{matrix} \right\} \rightarrow a-b = -3-5 = -8$

۵

$$f(n) = \frac{n^r + \varepsilon n + 1}{n^r + \varepsilon n + 1} \rightarrow f(\sqrt{n} - 1) = ?$$

(0, 1, 2, 3)

$$f(n) = \frac{(n+1)^r + 1}{(n+1)^r} = 1 + \frac{1}{(n+1)^r} \rightarrow n = \sqrt{n} - 1 \rightarrow (\sqrt{n} - 1 + 1)^r = n^r$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{n} - 1 + 1)^r + 1}{(\sqrt{n} - 1 + 1)^r} = \frac{n^r + 1}{n^r}$$

$$f(\sqrt{n} - 1) = 1 + \frac{1}{n^r} = \frac{n^r + 1}{n^r}$$

$$f\left(n - \frac{1}{n}\right) = \frac{n^r + 1}{n^r} \rightarrow f\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) = \frac{n^r + 1}{n^r} = n^r + \frac{1}{n^r}$$

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$$\left(n - \frac{1}{n}\right)^r = n^r + \frac{1}{n^r} - r = n^r + \frac{1}{n^r} - r \Rightarrow n^r + \frac{1}{n^r} = \left(n - \frac{1}{n}\right)^r + r \Rightarrow$$

$$f(y) = y^r + r \rightarrow f\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) = \left(-\frac{1}{n}\right)^r + r \rightarrow f\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) = 11$$

$$n = 0 \rightarrow \left. \begin{array}{l} f(0) = 2 \\ g(0) = 3 \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \frac{f}{g}(0) = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{f}{g} = \left\{ \frac{2}{3} \right\}$$

(0)

$$n = 1 \rightarrow \left. \begin{array}{l} f(1) = 2 \\ g(1) = 2\sqrt{2} \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \frac{f}{g} = \frac{2}{2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{g}{f} = \left\{ \frac{\sqrt{2}}{1} \right\}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} (n=2) = 2 \\ (n=2^r) = 1 \\ (n=0) = 2 \\ (n=1) = -2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} (n=2^r) = 2 \\ (n=2^r) = 0 \\ (n=0) = 2 \\ (n=1) = -1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} (n=2^r) = 2 \\ (n=2^r) = 1 \\ (n=0) = 0 \\ (n=1) = 0 \end{array}$$

(1, 2, 3)

$$\{(1, 2), (1, 1), (-1, 0), (1, -1)\}$$

$$\{(1, 2), (1, 0), (-1, 0), (1, -1)\}$$

$$\{(1, 2), (1, 1), (-1, 0), (1, -1)\}$$

$$f - g \Rightarrow \left. \begin{array}{l} n=1 \rightarrow f(1) - g(1) = 2 \\ n=2 \rightarrow f(2) - g(2) = 2 \\ n=2^r \rightarrow f(2^r) - g(2^r) = 2 \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \{(1, 2), (1, 1), (1, -1)\}$$

(1)

$$\frac{f}{g} \rightarrow \left. \begin{array}{l} n=2 \rightarrow f(2) = g(2) = 1 \rightarrow 1 \\ n=2^r \rightarrow -2 \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \{(1, 2), (1, -1)\}$$