

$$x^2 - 19x + 10 = (x-1)(x-10) \quad \text{جمع مربعات همزات}$$

در نتیجه یکی از ریشه‌ها 1 است

$$x^2 - 19x + 10 = (x-1)(x-10)$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{0, 1, 10\}$$

$$\frac{x+1}{x^2 - x^2 - 18x - 8}$$

$$\frac{x+1}{x - \sqrt{x-2}} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x - \sqrt{x-2} \geq 0 & x \leq 1/2 \\ x \leq 2 \end{cases} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} x - \sqrt{x-2} \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{x-2} \neq x \\ x = \mathbb{R} - \{1\} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 1/2] - \{1\}$$

$$\frac{x+1}{x - \sqrt{x-2}} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x - \sqrt{x-2} \geq 0 \\ x \geq \frac{2}{x} \end{cases} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} x - \sqrt{x-2} \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{x-2} \neq x \\ x = \mathbb{R} - \{1\} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow D_f = [\frac{2}{x}, +\infty) - \{1\}$$

$$\frac{\sin x}{x \cos x - 1} \quad x \cos x - 1 \neq 0 \quad x \cos x \neq 1 \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{x \mid x \cos x = 1\}$$

$$\frac{\cos x + 1}{x \sin x + 1} \quad x \sin x + 1 \neq 0 \quad \sin x \neq -\frac{1}{x} \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{x \mid x \sin x = -1\}$$

$$\frac{\tan x + 1}{\cot x - 1} \quad \cot x \neq 1 \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{x \mid \cot x = 1\}$$

$$\frac{\sin x + 1}{x \sin x - 1} \quad x \sin x - 1 \neq 0$$

$$x^2 - 9x + 9 > 0 \quad (x-1)(x-9) > 0 \quad \frac{1}{x-1} > \frac{1}{x-9} \quad D_f = (-\infty, 1) \cup (9, +\infty)$$

$$x^2 - 9x + 9 > 0 \quad (x-1)(x-9) > 0 \quad \frac{1}{x-1} > \frac{1}{x-9} \quad D_f = (1, 9)$$

$$x^2 + 9x + 9 \geq 0 \quad (x+1)(x+9) \geq 0 \quad \frac{1}{x+1} \leq \frac{1}{x+9} \quad (-\infty, -1] \cup [-9, +\infty)$$

$$x^2 - 9x + 9 \leq 0 \quad (x-1)(x-9) \leq 0 \quad \frac{1}{x-1} \leq \frac{1}{x-9} \quad D_f = [1, 9]$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 3x + 1}{x - 9} < 0 \quad \frac{(x-1)(x-2)}{x-9} < 0 \quad \frac{1}{x-1} > \frac{1}{x-9} \quad D_f = (-\infty, 1] \cup [2, 9)$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 9x + 9} \geq 0 \quad \frac{x^2 - 1}{(x-1)(x-9)} \geq 0 \quad \frac{1}{x-1} \leq \frac{1}{x-9} \quad D_f = (9, +\infty)$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 5x + 4}{x^2 - 1}} \quad \sqrt{\frac{(x-1)(x-4)}{x^2 - 1}} \quad -\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x-4} + \frac{1}{x-1} \quad D_f = [1, +\infty) \quad (\text{الف})$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 5x + 4}{x^2 - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{(x-1)(x-4)}{x^2 - 1}} \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1\} \quad (-)$$

$$\log(x^2 - 5x) \quad x^2 - 5x > 0 \quad x^2 > 5x \Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -5) \cup (5, +\infty) \quad (\text{الف})$$

$$\log \frac{14 - x^2}{|x| - 2} \quad \begin{cases} |x| - 2 > 0 \\ |x| - 2 \neq 1 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} 14 - x^2 > 0 \\ x^2 < 14 \end{cases} \quad x < \sqrt{14} \Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -2) \cup (2, \sqrt{14}) \quad (-)$$

$$\log \frac{x^2 - 5x + 4}{10 - x} \quad \begin{cases} 10 - x \neq 0 \\ 10 - x > 0 \end{cases} \quad \frac{(x-4)(x-1)}{x-5} \quad -\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x-5} + \frac{1}{x-4} \quad D_f = (5, 10) - \{9\} \quad (\text{ج})$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 - 11x + 28} + \log \frac{\sqrt{4 - x^2}}{x} \quad \sqrt{(x-7)(x-4)} \quad \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x-7} + \frac{1}{x-4} \quad \begin{cases} x < 2 \\ x > 0 \\ x \neq 1 \end{cases} \quad D_f = (0, 7] - \{1\} \quad (\text{د})$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 2}{x^2 + x} = \frac{x(x-2)}{x(x+1)}$$

	-1	0	1
$x^2 - 2$	+	+	-
$x^2 + x$	+	-	+
	+	-	+

$$+ \frac{-1}{x} - \frac{0}{x} + \frac{1}{x+1}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{x - f(x)}{f(x)}}$$

$$f(x) \neq 0$$

	-2	-1	1	2
$x - f(x)$	-	-	+	+
$f(x)$	+	-	-	+
	-	+	-	+

$$D_f = (-2, -1] \cup (1, 2]$$

