

نام و نام خانوادگی: علی پوری بدین تکیه شماره: ۱۵۰۵

$$y = \frac{x+3}{x^3 - 20x^2 + 31x - 15} = 3 + (-20) + 31 + (-15) = 0 \quad (x-1) \text{ خارج بر 0}$$

چک می‌نماید

$$x^3 - 20x^2 + 31x - 15 = (x-1)(x^2 - 19x + 15)$$

$$x^2 - 19x + 15 = 0 \quad x = \frac{19 \pm \sqrt{361 - 60}}{2} = \frac{19 \pm \sqrt{301}}{2} = 19 \pm \sqrt{301}$$

$$x = \frac{19}{2} = \frac{3}{2} \quad x = \frac{20}{2} = 10 \quad x = \frac{15}{2}$$

دامنه: $R \setminus \{1, \frac{3}{2}, 10, \frac{15}{2}\}$

$$y = \frac{x+3}{x^3 - x^2 - 8x - 6} = 3 + (-1) + (-8) + (-6) = -10 \neq 0$$

چک می‌نماید

$$x^3 - x^2 - 8x - 6 = (x+1)(x^2 - 2x - 6)$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 6 = 0 \quad x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 + 24}}{2} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{28}}{2} = 1 \pm \sqrt{7}$$

$$x = \frac{-4}{-2} = 2 \quad x = \frac{12}{2} = 6$$

دامنه: $R \setminus \{-1, 2, 6, 1 \pm \sqrt{7}\}$

$$y = \frac{x+1}{x - \sqrt{x^2 - 2x}} = 3 - 2x \geq 0 \quad x \leq \frac{3}{2}$$

برای $x - \sqrt{x^2 - 2x} = 0$ داریم:

$$x^2 = 3 - 2x \Rightarrow (x+3)(x-1) = 0 \quad (-\infty, -3) \cup (1, \frac{3}{2}]$$

دامنه: $(-\infty, -3) \cup (1, \frac{3}{2}]$

$$y = \frac{x+2}{x - \sqrt{x^2 - 2x}} = 3x - 2 \geq 0 \quad x \geq \frac{2}{3}$$

برای $x - \sqrt{x^2 - 2x} = 0$ داریم:

$$x^2 = 2x - 2 \Rightarrow (x-1)(x-2) = 0 \quad [\frac{2}{3}, 1) \cup (2, +\infty)$$

دامنه: $[\frac{2}{3}, 1) \cup (2, +\infty)$

۱. $y = \frac{\sin x + 1}{\cos x - 1}$

$$\sin x = -\frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow x = \frac{7\pi}{6} + 2k\pi, \frac{11\pi}{6} + 2k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

دامنه: $R \setminus \{\frac{7\pi}{6} + 2k\pi, \frac{11\pi}{6} + 2k\pi \mid k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$

۲. $y = \frac{\sin x + 1}{\cos x - 1}$

$$\cos x = 1 \Rightarrow x = 2k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

دامنه: $R \setminus \{2k\pi \mid k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$

۳. $y = \frac{\sin x + 1}{\cos x - 1}$

$$\tan x = 1 \Rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

دامنه: $R \setminus \{\frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi \mid k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$

$x^2 - 4x + 4 \leq 0$ $(x-1)(x-3) \geq 0$ $x = 1, 3$ $x \in [1, 3]$ ۰, ۲, ۵	$x^2 + 9x + 5 > 0$ $(x+1)(x+5) = 0$ $x = -1, -5$ $x \in (-\infty, -5) \cup (-1, +\infty)$ ۰, ۱, ۵	$x^2 - 9x + 5 < 0$ $(x-1)(x-5) = 0$ $x = 1, 5$ $x \in (1, 5)$ ۰, ۱, ۵	$x^2 - 5x + 5 > 0$ $(x-2)(x-3) = 0$ $x = 2, 3$ $x \in (-\infty, 2) \cup (3, +\infty)$ ۰, ۱, ۵
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$$\frac{x^2 - 2x + 2}{x - 5} < 0 \Rightarrow (x-1)(x-2) = \frac{(x-2)(x-1)}{x-5} < 0 \Rightarrow x \in (-\infty, 1) \cup (2, 5)$$

دامنه: $(-\infty, 1) \cup (2, 5)$

$$\frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 9x + 5} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{(x-1)(x-5)} = \frac{x+1}{x-5} \geq 0$$

نقطه ها: -1, 5

$$x \in (-\infty, -1] \cup (5, +\infty)$$

دامنه: $(-\infty, -1] \cup (5, +\infty)$

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 5x + 3}{x^2 - 1}} = x - 1 \neq 0 \quad x \neq 1 \quad x \neq -1 \quad \frac{2x - 5 \pm \sqrt{(5)^2 - 4(1)(3)}}{2(1)} = \frac{2x - 5 \pm \sqrt{13}}{2}$$

$$x \neq 1 \quad \frac{(x-3)}{(x^2+x+1)} > 0 \quad x-3 \geq 0 \quad x \geq 3 \quad 3 \leq \frac{x^2+x+1}{x-3}$$

$$x \in [3, +\infty)$$

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 5x + 3}{x^2 - 1}} = x - 1 \neq 0 \quad 0 \neq (x+1)(x-1) \quad x \neq -1, x \neq 1$$

$$x^2 - 5x + 3 = (x-1)(x-3) \quad (-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, 1) \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$$x^2 - 1 = (x-1)(x+1)$$

$$y = \log \frac{x - \sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x - 3} > 0 \quad x \neq 3$$

$$10 - x > 0 \quad 10 - x \neq 1$$

$$x < 10 \quad x \neq 9$$

$$(-\infty, 9) \cup (9, +\infty)$$

$$y = \log |5 - x^2|$$

$$15 - x^2 > 0 \quad -\sqrt{15} < x < \sqrt{15}$$

$$|x| - 2 > 0 \quad |x| - 2 \neq 1$$

$$|x| \neq 3, |x| > 2$$

$$-5 < x < -2; x < -2$$

$$2 < x < 5; x > 2$$

$$(-5, -2) \cup (2, 5)$$

$$y = \log(x^2 - 3x)$$

$$x^2 - 3x > 0 \quad x(x-3) > 0$$

$$x = 0, 3 \text{ ممتنع}$$

$$(-\infty, 0) \cup (3, +\infty)$$

$$y = \frac{x^2 - x}{x^2 + x} = \frac{x(x-1)}{x(x+1)} = \frac{x-1}{x+1} \quad x \neq 0$$

	x	(x-1)	(x+1)	$\frac{x-1}{x+1}$
$x < -1$	-	-	-	-
$-1 < x < 0$	-	-	+	+
$0 < x < 1$	+	-	+	-
$x > 1$	+	+	+	+

$$P(x) = \frac{x-1}{x+1}$$

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{x - f(x)}{f(x)}} = f(x) \neq 0 \quad x \neq 2, x \neq 0 \quad \frac{x - f(x)}{f(x)} > 0 \quad f(2) = 0$$

$$f(1) = -1 \quad x = 1 \quad x < 0 \quad f(x) > 0 \quad x > 2$$

$$x - f(x) = \frac{x - f(x)}{f(x)} = \frac{0}{f(x)} = 0 \quad x = 2$$

