

الف) $y = \frac{\sin x - 2}{2 \cos x + 1}$

$2 \cos x + 1 \neq 0$ $2 \cos x \neq -1$
 $\cos x \neq -\frac{1}{2}$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ x \mid x = \frac{2\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, x = \frac{4\pi}{3} + 2k\pi \right\}$

ب) $y = \frac{\sin x + 2}{\cos x - 1}$

$\cos x - 1 \neq 0$ $\cos x \neq 1$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{ x \mid x = 2k\pi \}$

الف) $y = \frac{2 \sin x + 1}{\tan x + 1}$

$\tan x \neq 0$ $\cos x \neq 0$

$\tan x + 1 \neq 0$ $\tan x \neq -1$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ x \mid x = \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi, x = \frac{3\pi}{4} + k\pi, x = \frac{5\pi}{4} + k\pi \right\}$

ب) $y = \frac{\cos x + 1}{\cot x - 1}$

$\cot x \neq 0$ $\sin x \neq 0$

$\cot x + 1 \neq 0$ $\cot x \neq -1$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ x \mid x = k\pi, x = \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi, x = \frac{3\pi}{4} + k\pi \right\}$

الف) $\sin y = x^2 - 2$

$-1 \leq x^2 - 2 \leq 1$

$\rightarrow x^2 - 2 \leq 1 \rightarrow x^2 \leq 3$

$x^2 \geq -1$

$\rightarrow -\sqrt{3} \leq x \leq \sqrt{3}$

$D_f = [-\sqrt{3}, -1] \cup [1, \sqrt{3}]$

ب) $y = \arccos(\sqrt{x} - 2)$

$-1 \leq \sqrt{x} - 2 \leq 1$

$\rightarrow -1 \leq \sqrt{x} - 2 \leq 1$

$\rightarrow \sqrt{x} - 2 \leq 1 \rightarrow \sqrt{x} \leq 3$

$\rightarrow 0 \leq x \leq 9$

$D_f = [0, 9]$

الف) $\cos y = |x| - 2$

$-1 \leq |x| - 2 \leq 1$

$\rightarrow -1 \leq |x| - 2 \leq 1$

$\rightarrow |x| - 2 \leq 1 \rightarrow |x| \leq 3$

$|x| - 2 \geq -1 \rightarrow |x| \geq 1$

$\rightarrow 1 \leq |x| \leq 3$

$D_f = [-3, -1] \cup [1, 3]$

ب) $y = \arcsin(x^2 + 3x + 1)$

$-1 \leq x^2 + 3x + 1 \leq 1$

$\rightarrow -1 \leq x^2 + 3x + 1 \leq 1$

$\rightarrow x^2 + 3x + 1 \leq 1 \rightarrow x^2 + 3x \leq 0$

$\rightarrow x(x + 3) \leq 0$

$D_f = [-3, -2] \cup [-1, 0]$

الف) $y = \log_{\frac{x^2-5}{3}}$

$\frac{x^2-5}{3} > 0$

$(x+2)(x-2) > 0$

$x < -2$ or $x > 2$

$D_f = (-\infty, -2) \cup (2, +\infty)$

ب) $y = \log_{\frac{2-|x|}{2}}$

$\frac{2-|x|}{2} > 0$

$2 > |x|$

$-2 < x < 2$

$D_f = (-2, 2)$

$$الف) y = \log_{x-r} \frac{\delta - x}{x-r} \quad \begin{array}{l} \delta - x > 0 \\ x - r > 0 \\ x - r \neq 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \delta > x \\ x > r \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \delta > x \\ x > r \end{array} \quad D_f = (r, \delta) - \{r\}$$

$$ب) y = \log_{x-r} \frac{x^2-1}{x-r} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2-1 > 0 \\ x-r > 0 \\ x-r \neq 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x > 1 \\ x > -1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x > 1 \\ x < -1 \end{array} \quad D_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, +\infty) - \{r\}$$

$$ج) y = \log_{x-r} \frac{x^2 - \epsilon x + r}{x-r} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2 - \epsilon x + r > 0 \\ x-r > 0 \\ x-r \neq 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2 - \epsilon x + r > 0 \\ x-r > 0 \\ x-r \neq 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2 - \epsilon x + r > 0 \\ x-r > 0 \\ x-r \neq 1 \end{array} \quad D_f = (1, +\infty) - \{r\}$$

$$د) y = \log_{x-r} \frac{x+r}{x-r} \quad \begin{array}{l} x+r > 0 \\ x-r > 0 \\ x-r \neq 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x > -r \\ x > r \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x > -r \\ x > r \end{array} \quad D_f = (-\infty, -r) \cup (r, +\infty) - \{r\}$$

$$هـ) y = \sqrt{r - \log_v (x-r)} \quad \begin{array}{l} x-r > 0 \\ r - \log_v (x-r) \geq 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x > r \\ r - \log_v (x-r) \geq 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x > r \\ r - \log_v (x-r) \geq 0 \end{array} \quad D_f = (r, 1]$$

$$و) y = \log (r \log_v x - 1) \quad \begin{array}{l} r \log_v x - 1 > 0 \\ r \log_v x > 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} r \log_v x > 1 \\ r \log_v x > 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} r \log_v x > 1 \\ r \log_v x > 1 \end{array} \quad D_f = (r^{\frac{1}{r}}, +\infty)$$

$$ز) y = \frac{x^2}{x^2+1} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2+1 \neq 0 \\ x^2 \neq -1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2 \neq -1 \\ x^2 \neq -1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2 \neq -1 \\ x^2 \neq -1 \end{array} \quad D_f = \mathbb{R}$$

$$ح) y = \frac{x^2}{x^2-1} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2-1 \neq 0 \\ x^2 \neq 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2 \neq 1 \\ x^2 \neq 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2 \neq 1 \\ x^2 \neq 1 \end{array} \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-1, 1\}$$

$$ط) y = \frac{x^2}{x^2-2} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2-2 \neq 0 \\ x^2 \neq 2 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2 \neq 2 \\ x^2 \neq 2 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2 \neq 2 \\ x^2 \neq 2 \end{array} \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\pm \sqrt{2}\}$$

$$ي) y = \frac{x}{x^2} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2 \neq 0 \\ x^2 \neq 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2 \neq 0 \\ x^2 \neq 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2 \neq 0 \\ x^2 \neq 0 \end{array} \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$$

$$الف) y = (fx+1)! \quad \begin{array}{l} fx+1 \in \mathbb{W} \\ fx \in \mathbb{W}-1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} fx \in \mathbb{W}-1 \\ fx \in \mathbb{W}-1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} fx \in \mathbb{W}-1 \\ fx \in \mathbb{W}-1 \end{array} \quad D_f = \{x \mid x = \frac{k-1}{f}, k \in \mathbb{W}\}$$

$$ب) y = \left(\frac{fx-r}{rx-a} \right)! \quad \begin{array}{l} fx-r \in \mathbb{W} \\ rx-a \in \mathbb{W} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} fx-r \in \mathbb{W} \\ rx-a \in \mathbb{W} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} fx-r \in \mathbb{W} \\ rx-a \in \mathbb{W} \end{array} \quad D_f = \{x \mid x = \frac{-\delta k + r}{f-rk}, k \in \mathbb{W}\}$$

$$ج) y = \left(\frac{fx-r}{rx-a} \right)! \quad \begin{array}{l} fx-r \in \mathbb{W} \\ rx-a \in \mathbb{W} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} fx-r \in \mathbb{W} \\ rx-a \in \mathbb{W} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} fx-r \in \mathbb{W} \\ rx-a \in \mathbb{W} \end{array} \quad D_f = \{x \mid x = \frac{-\delta k + r}{f-rk}, k \in \mathbb{W}\}$$

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