

$$y = \frac{\sin x - r}{r \cos x + 1} \quad r \cos x + 1 \neq 0 \quad r \cos x \neq -1 \quad \cos x \neq -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi, k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$$

$$y = \frac{\sin x + r}{\cos x - 1} \quad \cos x - 1 \neq 0 \quad \cos x \neq 1 \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi\}$$

$$y = \frac{r \sin x + 1}{\tan x + 1} \quad \tan x + 1 \neq 0 \quad \tan x \neq -1 \quad \cos x \neq 0 \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$$

$$y = \frac{\cos x + 1}{\cot x - 1} \quad \cot x - 1 \neq 0 \quad \cot x \neq 1 \quad \sin x \neq 0 \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi \right\}$$

$$\sin y = x^r - r \quad -1 \leq x^r - r \leq 1 \quad 1 \leq x^r \leq r \quad \begin{matrix} 1 \leq x \leq \sqrt[r]{r} \\ -1 \geq x \geq -\sqrt[r]{r} \end{matrix} \quad D_f = [-\sqrt[r]{r}, -1] \cup [1, \sqrt[r]{r}]$$

$$y = \arccos(\sqrt{x} - r) \quad -1 \leq \sqrt{x} - r \leq 1 \quad r \leq \sqrt{x} \leq r \quad r \leq x \leq r^2 \quad D_f = [r, r^2]$$

$$\cos y = |x| - r \quad -1 \leq |x| - r \leq 1 \quad r \leq |x| \leq r \quad \begin{matrix} -r \geq x \geq -r \\ r \leq x \leq r \end{matrix} \quad D_f = [-r, -r] \cup [r, r]$$

$$y = \arcsin(x^r + r x + 1) \quad -1 \leq x^r + r x + 1 \leq 1 \quad \begin{matrix} \bullet \leq \frac{x^r + r x + 1}{1 + x - x} \leq \frac{(x+1)(x+r)}{1+x-x} \\ \text{(I)} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} x^r + r x \leq 0 \\ x(x+r) \leq 0 \end{matrix} \quad \frac{1-x}{1+x-x} \leq 0 \quad \text{(II)} \quad D_f = (I) \cap (II) \rightarrow D_f = [-r, -r] \cup [-1, 0]$$

$$y = \log_r x^{r-r} \quad \begin{matrix} x^{r-r} > 0 \\ x^r > r \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} x > r \\ x < -r \end{matrix} \quad D_f = (-\infty, -r) \cup (r, +\infty)$$

$$y = \log_r r - |x| \quad r - |x| > 0 \quad r > |x| \quad r > x > -r \quad D_f = (-r, r)$$

$$y = \log_{x-r} \omega - x \quad \begin{array}{l} \omega - x > 0 \\ x - r > 0 \\ x - r \neq 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \omega > x \\ x > r \\ x \neq r \end{array}$$

$$D_f = (r, \omega) \cup (\omega, \infty) \quad \text{if } D_f = (r, \omega) - \{r\}$$

$$y = \log_{x+r} x^r - 1 \quad \begin{array}{l} x^r - 1 > 0 \\ x + r > 0 \\ x + r \neq 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^r > 1 \\ x + r > 0 \\ x + r \neq 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x > 1 \quad x < -1 \\ x > -r \\ x \neq -r \end{array}$$

$$x = (\omega, -1) \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$$D_f = (1, +\infty) \cup (-r, 1) - \{-r\}$$

$$y = \log \frac{x^r - r x + r}{x - r} \quad \frac{(x-r)(x-1)}{(x-r)} > 0 \quad \frac{1}{-r} + \frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{r}$$

$$D_f = (1, r) \cup (r, +\infty)$$

$$y = \log_{x+\omega} \frac{x+r}{x-r} \quad \begin{array}{l} \frac{x+r}{x-r} > 0 \\ x + \omega > 0 \\ x + \omega \neq 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{-r} + \frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{r} \\ x > -\omega \\ x \neq -r \end{array}$$

$$D_f = (-\omega, -r) \cup (r, +\infty) - \{-r\}$$

$$y = \sqrt{r - (\log_{x-r} (x-r))} \quad \begin{array}{l} x - r > 0 \\ r - (\log_{x-r} (x-r)) \geq 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x > r \\ r \geq \log_{x-r} (x-r) \end{array}$$

$$x - r \leq 1 \quad x \leq 1 + r$$

$$D_f = (r, 1 + r]$$

$$y = \log(r \log_{x-r} x - 1) \quad \begin{array}{l} x > 0 \\ r \log_{x-r} x - 1 > 0 \end{array} \quad \log_{x-r} x > \frac{1}{r}$$

$$x > \sqrt{r}$$

$$D_f = (\sqrt{r}, +\infty)$$

$$y = \frac{r}{r x + 1} \quad r x + 1 \neq 0 \quad r x \neq -1 \quad D_f = \mathbb{R}$$

$$y = \frac{r}{r x - 1} \quad r x - 1 \neq 0 \quad r x \neq 1 \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$$

$$y = \frac{r}{r x - r} \quad r x - r \neq 0 \quad r x \neq r \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\frac{1}{r}\}$$

$$y = \frac{r}{r x - r} \quad r x - r \neq 0 \quad r x \neq r \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\log_{x-r} r\}$$

$$y = (r x + 1)! \quad r x + 1 \in \mathbb{W} \quad x \in \frac{w-1}{r} \quad D_f = \{x \mid x = \frac{k-1}{r}, k \in \mathbb{W}\}$$

$$y = \left(\frac{r x - r}{r x - \omega} \right)!$$

$$\frac{r x - r}{r x - \omega} \in \mathbb{W}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} r x - r = r x w - \omega w \\ \omega w - r = r x w - r x \end{array}$$

$$\left\{ x \mid x = \frac{\omega k - r}{r k - r}, k \in \mathbb{W} \right\}$$

$$\frac{\omega k - r}{r k - r} = x$$