

رابطه تریگونومی

۱۹،۳۵

الف)  $y = \frac{\sin x - 2}{2 \cos x + 1} \Rightarrow 2 \cos x + 1 \neq 0$   
 $2 \cos x \neq -1$   
 $\cos x \neq \frac{-1}{2} \Rightarrow D(y) = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ 2k\pi + \frac{2\pi}{3}, 2k\pi + \frac{4\pi}{3} \right\}$

ب)  $y = \frac{\sin x + 3}{\cos x - 1} \Rightarrow \cos x - 1 \neq 0$   
 $\cos x \neq 1 \Rightarrow D(y) = \mathbb{R} - \{2k\pi\}$

الف)  $y = \frac{\sin x + 1}{\tan x + 1} \Rightarrow \tan x + 1 \neq 0$   
 $\tan x \neq -1 \Rightarrow \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \neq -1$   
 $\cos x \neq 0$   
 $\Rightarrow x \neq \left\{ k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$

ب)  $y = \frac{\cos x + 1}{\cot x - 1} \Rightarrow \cot x \neq 1$   
 $\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \neq 1 \Rightarrow \sin x \neq \cos x$   
 $\Rightarrow D(y) = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, 2k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{4} \right\}$

الف)  $\sin y = x^2 - 2 \Rightarrow -1 \leq \sin y \leq 1 \Rightarrow -1 \leq x^2 - 2 \leq 1$   
 $\Rightarrow 1 \leq x^2 \Rightarrow |x| \geq 1$

ب)  $y = \arccos(\sqrt{x} - 3)$   
 $-1 \leq \sqrt{x} - 3 \leq 1 \Rightarrow 2 \leq \sqrt{x} \leq 4 \Rightarrow 4 \leq x \leq 16$   
 $\Rightarrow D(y) = [4, 16]$

الف)  $\cos y = |x| - 3 \Rightarrow -1 \leq \cos y \leq 1 \Rightarrow -1 \leq |x| - 3 \leq 1$   
 $\Rightarrow 2 \leq |x| \leq 4 \Rightarrow x \in [-4, -2] \cup [2, 4]$

ب)  $y = \arcsin(x^2 + 2x + 1)$   
 $-1 \leq x^2 + 2x + 1 \leq 1$   
 $x^2 + 2x \leq 0 \Rightarrow x(x+2) \leq 0 \Rightarrow x \in [-2, 0]$

الف)  $y = \log_3(x^2 - 4)$   
 $x^2 - 4 > 0 \Rightarrow x^2 > 4 \Rightarrow x > 2 \text{ or } x < -2$   
 $\Rightarrow D(y) = (-\infty, -2) \cup (2, \infty)$

ب)  $\log_r(2 - |x|) > 0$   
 $2 - |x| > 1$   
 $|x| < 1$   
 $\Rightarrow D(y) = (-1, 1)$



الف)  $y = \log_{x-3} \omega - x \Rightarrow \omega - x > 0, x - 3 > 0$   
 $\omega > x, x > 3$   
 $x - 3 \neq 1 \Rightarrow x \neq 4$   
 $D(y) = (3, \omega) - \{4\}$

ب)  $y = \log_{x+3} x^2 - 1 \Rightarrow x^2 - 1 > 0, x + 3 > 0$   
 $x^2 > 1, x > -3$   
 $D(y) = (-3, -1) \cup (1, +\infty) - \{-1\}$

الف)  $y = \log \frac{x^2 - 4x + 3}{x - 3} \Rightarrow \frac{x^2 - 4x + 3}{x - 3} > 0$

ب)  $y = \log \frac{x+3}{x-2}$   
 $\frac{x+3}{x-2} > 0 \Rightarrow (x+3)(x-2) > 0$   
 $x < -3, x > 2$   
 $x+3 \neq 1 \Rightarrow x \neq -2$   
 $D(y) = (-\infty, -3) \cup (2, +\infty) - \{-2\}$

الف)  $y = \sqrt{3 - \log_r(x-2)}$   
 $x - 2 > 0 \Rightarrow x > 2$   
 $3 - \log_r(x-2) \geq 0 \Rightarrow \log_r(x-2) \leq 3$   
 $x - 2 \leq r^3$

ب)  $y = \log(\log_r^x - 1)$   
 $\log_r^x - 1 > 0 \Rightarrow \log_r^x > 1$   
 $x > 1 \Rightarrow D(y) = (1, +\infty)$

الف)  $y = \frac{3}{x^x + 1} \Rightarrow x^x \neq -1 \Rightarrow$  ليس له  
 $D(y) = \mathbb{R}$   
 $\log_r^x > \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow x > \sqrt[r]{r}$

ب)  $y = \frac{3}{x^x - 1} \Rightarrow x^x \neq 1 \Rightarrow x \neq 0 \Rightarrow D(y) = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$

ج)  $y = \frac{3}{x^x - 2} \Rightarrow x^x \neq 2 \Rightarrow x \in \frac{1}{2} = \log_2 2 \Rightarrow D(y) = \mathbb{R} - \{\frac{1}{2}\}$

د)  $y = \frac{3}{x^x - 3} \Rightarrow x^x \neq 3 \Rightarrow x \neq \log_3 3 \Rightarrow D(y) = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$

الف)  $y = (\epsilon x + 1)! \Rightarrow \epsilon x + 1 \in \mathbb{N}$   
 $x \in \frac{\mathbb{N}}{\epsilon} - 1 \Rightarrow D(y) = \{x \mid x = \frac{k}{\epsilon} - 1, k \in \mathbb{N}\}$

ب)  $y = \left(\frac{kx - r}{rx - w}\right)! \Rightarrow \frac{kx - r}{rx - w} \in \mathbb{N} \Rightarrow kx - r \in rx - w$   
 $kx - rx \in -w + r$   
 $x(k - r) \in -w + r$

$D(y) = \{x \mid x \in \frac{-w+r}{k-r}, k \in \mathbb{N}\} = x \in \frac{-w+r}{k-r}$