

$a_n = n^2 - 2n + 1 \rightarrow a_9 = 64$
 $b_n = n^2 \rightarrow b_9 = 81$
 $\Rightarrow \text{واسطه} = \frac{64+81}{2} = 72.5 \checkmark$

$\{1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100\}$
 $\Rightarrow a_9 = 100 \Rightarrow \text{میانگین} = \frac{1+100}{2} = 50.5 \rightarrow \frac{1+100}{2} = 50.5 \checkmark$

جواب صفحه اخذ ...

$a_n = \frac{1}{n^2} \times -18 = -\frac{18}{n^2} \Rightarrow a_n = -\frac{n^2}{8} + bn + c$
 $18 = -8 + 8b + c \Rightarrow 26 = 8b + c$
 $1718 = -\frac{89}{8} + 8b + c \Rightarrow 1425.625 = 8b + c$
 $\Rightarrow b = 177, c = -1400$
 $\Rightarrow a_n = -\frac{n^2}{8} + 177n - 1400$

$\frac{a_{10}}{a_1} = \frac{18}{18} = 1 \checkmark$
 $\frac{da}{da} = \frac{da}{da} = 1 \checkmark$

(1) راه حل ۱۵
 صفحه اخذ بابت نوشتن

جواب صفحه اخذ ...

$\frac{bc}{c} = \frac{a^2}{c} \Rightarrow a^2 = bc \checkmark$
 $(b-c)^2 = bc$
 $c+a = 2b \checkmark$
 $b^2 - abc + c^2 = 0 \rightarrow (b-c)(b+c) = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} b=c \\ b+c=0 \end{cases}$

سوال نکته
 متناظره!

واسطه میان: $\frac{a+2b}{3} = b \rightarrow a = -2b$

دنباله: $b, -b, b \rightarrow q = -1 \rightarrow 2q = -2$

جواب صفحه اخذ ...

$$\frac{a q \delta}{a^3 q^3} + \frac{q}{a} = 2 \rightarrow \frac{q^2}{a^2} + \frac{q}{a} = 2 \rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{q}{a} = 1 - \frac{a^2}{a^2} = 1 \\ \frac{q}{a} = -2 - \frac{a^2}{a^2} = -\frac{1}{2} \end{cases} \quad (9) \quad (1, 2)$$

$$a_0 = 27 \Rightarrow a_{05} = 9 \text{ و } a_{13} = 3 \Rightarrow a_1 = \frac{1}{3} \checkmark \quad \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3} \checkmark \quad (10) \quad (3)$$

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دسته پنجم

$\{1, 2, 3\}, \{4, 5, \dots, 12\}, \{13, 14, \dots, 39\}, \{40, \dots, 120\}, \{121, \dots, 343\}$

چون قدر نسبت جملات یکسان میانگینشون برابر میانگین جمله اول و آخره!

$$\bar{X} = \frac{343 + 121}{2} = 242$$

$$4(a+d)^2 = 2a(a+2d) + 3a(a+d) \quad (4)$$

$$4a^2 + 4ad + 4d^2 = 2a^2 + 4ad + 3a^2 + 3ad \rightarrow 2a^2 + da - 4d^2 = 0$$

$$a = \frac{-d \pm \sqrt{d^2 + 4 \cdot 2d^2}}{4} = \frac{-d \pm \sqrt{9d^2}}{4} = \begin{cases} a = \frac{2d}{2} \\ a = -\frac{3d}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{if } a = \frac{2d}{2} \rightarrow \frac{a}{d} = \frac{2d}{2d} = 1$$

$$\text{if } a = -\frac{3d}{2} \rightarrow \frac{a}{d} = \frac{-3d}{2d} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$a, b = aq, c = aq^r$$

(1)

رابطه: $raq, ra, aq^r \rightarrow$ رابطه: $\frac{raq + aq^r}{r} = ra$

$$aq^r + raq - ra = 0 \rightarrow (q+r)(q-1) = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} q = -r \\ q = 1 \end{cases} \times \text{جواب مناسب}$$

$$\frac{a_q}{a_r} = q^r = -qr$$

$$a_r = b_r \rightarrow a_1 + rd = b_r$$

$$a_n = b_v \rightarrow a_1 + vd = b_v \rightarrow b_v - b_r = rd$$

تفاوت $b \rightarrow b_n = Cn + K$

$$b_v - b_r = vC + K - (rC + K) = dC$$

}

$$rd = dC$$

(2)
دنباله بر a
انوسی خط b

$$b_{10} = 0 \rightarrow 10C + K = 0 \rightarrow K = -10C$$

$$\frac{b_{10}}{d} = \frac{10C + (-10C)}{\frac{d}{r}C} = r$$