

نام و نام خانوادگی: ماهان سیبخت... پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۱۹... کلاس دهم... بیستم	
الف) $27^\circ = (x) \text{ rad} \Rightarrow 27 \times \frac{\pi}{180} = \left(\frac{3\pi}{20}\right) \checkmark$ ب) $125^\circ = (x) \text{ rad} \Rightarrow 125 \times \frac{\pi}{180} = \left(\frac{25\pi}{36}\right) \checkmark$ ج) $\frac{5\pi}{12} \text{ rad} = (x)^\circ \Rightarrow \frac{5\pi}{12} \times \frac{180}{\pi} = (75^\circ) \checkmark$ د) $\frac{4\pi}{9} \text{ rad} = (x)^\circ \Rightarrow \frac{4\pi}{9} \times \frac{180}{\pi} = (80^\circ) \checkmark$	(۲) ۱
$\frac{D}{180} = \frac{G}{200} = \frac{\text{Rad}}{\pi}$ $10\alpha + 12,5\alpha + 22,5\alpha = 45\alpha = 180 \Rightarrow \alpha = 4^\circ$ $\checkmark$ $\frac{12,5\alpha}{\frac{200}{1}} = \frac{12,5\alpha}{180} = \frac{D}{180} \Rightarrow D = 12,5\alpha \checkmark$ $\frac{\alpha\pi}{\frac{1}{\pi}} = \frac{\alpha\pi}{1\pi} = \frac{\alpha}{1} = \frac{D}{180} \Rightarrow D = 22,5\alpha \checkmark$	(۲) ۲
$\cos 40^\circ \times \cos 30^\circ - \sin 40^\circ \times \sin 30^\circ - \tan 45^\circ + 2 \cot 45^\circ = 1$ $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} - 1 + 2 = 1 \checkmark$ $\frac{\tan^2 30^\circ + \tan^2 45^\circ + \tan^2 60^\circ}{\cot 30^\circ - \cot 45^\circ} \Rightarrow \frac{\frac{1}{3} + 1 + 3}{\sqrt{3} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}} = \frac{13}{\frac{2\sqrt{3}-1}{\sqrt{3}}} = \left(\frac{13\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \checkmark$	(۲) ۳
$-\sin 30^\circ \cos 40^\circ + \cos 30^\circ \sin 40^\circ = \sin \theta$ $-\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \sin \theta \Rightarrow \theta = 30^\circ$ $\checkmark$ $\tan 45^\circ = 1 \checkmark$ $\tan 135^\circ = -1$ سوال نکته: θ حاد است!	(۱, ۷۵) ۴
$\frac{2 \tan 30^\circ (1 - \tan^2 30^\circ)}{(1 - \cot^2 40^\circ)^2} = \tan \theta \Rightarrow \frac{2(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}})(1 - \frac{1}{3})}{(1 - \frac{1}{2})^2} = \frac{\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{2}{3}}{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{8}{3\sqrt{3}}$ $\frac{3}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{3} = \tan \theta \Rightarrow \theta = 60^\circ$ $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\pi}{180} = \left(\frac{\pi}{36}\right) \checkmark$	(۲) ۵

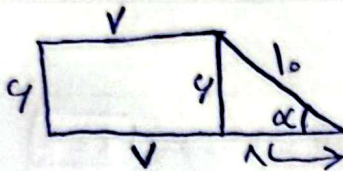
$$\frac{p \sin \theta - \cos \theta}{\sin \theta - f \cos \theta}$$

$$\tan \theta = \omega \Rightarrow \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\omega}{1}$$

$$\frac{p(\omega) - 1}{\omega - f(1)} = \frac{1f}{1} = \boxed{1f} \checkmark$$

(2)

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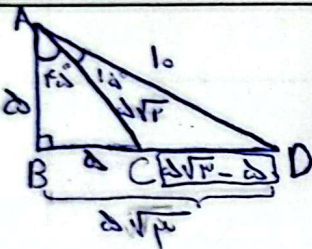
$$\sin \alpha = \frac{4}{5} = \frac{\text{مقابلہ}}{\text{مائل}}$$

$$5^2 = 4^2 + x^2 \Rightarrow x = 3$$

$$\text{bed} = 4 + V + 1 + 5 + V = \boxed{11} \checkmark$$

(2)

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$$1\delta + f\delta = 90^\circ$$

$$\cos 90^\circ = \frac{1}{p} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{p} = \frac{\delta}{1}$$

$$10^2 = \delta^2 + x^2 \Rightarrow x = \sqrt{10} = \delta\sqrt{10}$$

$$\cos f\delta = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{p} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{r}}{p} = \frac{\delta}{\frac{10}{\delta}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{r} = \delta\sqrt{10}$$

$$(\delta\sqrt{10})^2 = \delta^2 + x^2 \Rightarrow x = \delta$$

$$CD = \delta\sqrt{10} - \delta = \delta(\sqrt{10} - 1) \checkmark$$

(2)

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✓ الف) ناحیہ 3

✓ ب) ناحیہ 2

(2)

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$$\tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} = \frac{1}{p} \Rightarrow \sin x = \frac{1}{p} \cos x$$

$$\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1 \Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{p} \cos x\right)^2 + (\cos x)^2 = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{p^2} \cos^2 x + \cos^2 x = \frac{10}{p} \cos^2 x = 1$$

$$\cos^2 x = \frac{p}{10} \Rightarrow \cos x = -\frac{p}{\sqrt{10}}$$

$$\sin x = \frac{1}{p} \cos x = \frac{1}{p} \left(-\frac{p}{\sqrt{10}}\right) = \boxed{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}} \checkmark$$

(2)

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