

$a_n = \frac{1}{r} \times (2)^{n-1} = 2^{n-2}$ الف) $a_{10} = 2^8 = 256$ ب) $\frac{2^{10}}{2^{11}} = 2^k = 1/2$ ج) $a_0 = 2^0 = 1$	۱
$d = \frac{94-12}{2} = 41$ $a_{10} = a_1 + 9d = 12 + 9 \times 41 = 378$	۲
الف) $a_1 \times a_2 \times a_3 \times a_4 \times a_5 = 2^5 \Rightarrow a_1 \times a_5 = 2^2 \Rightarrow a_5 = 4$ ب) $a_1 \times a_5 = (a_3)^2 \Rightarrow a_1 \times a_5 = 4$	۳
$32 = 2^a \times 2^b \Rightarrow 2^8 = 2^{a+b}$ $\Rightarrow a+b=8$ $\frac{a+b}{2} = \frac{8}{2} = 4$	۴
$r = (1+q)(1-\gamma) \Rightarrow r = 1 - \gamma$ $\Rightarrow \gamma = 1 \Rightarrow \gamma = \pm \frac{1}{2}$	۵

$$a_1 + a_1 r = 1 \Rightarrow a + a q^r = 1 \Rightarrow a(1 + q^r) = 1 \quad \frac{1 + q^r}{q + q^r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$a_1 + a_1 r = 1 \Rightarrow a q + a q^r = 1 \Rightarrow a(q + q^r) = 1$$

$$v q + v q^r = 1 + 1 q^r \Rightarrow 1 q^r - v q^r - v q + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow q + 1 (1 q^r - 1 \cdot q + 1) = 0$$

$$q = -1$$

$$q = r \quad q = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4r}}{2} = \begin{cases} \frac{1 + r}{r} = r \\ \frac{1 - r}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \end{cases}$$

$$a_1 + a_1 r + a_1 r^2 = 1 \Rightarrow a_1 + a_1 r = 1 \Rightarrow a + a q^r = 1 \Rightarrow a(1 + q^r) = 1$$

$$a_1 + a_1 r + a_1 r^2 = 1 \Rightarrow a q + a q^r + a q^{r^2} = 1 \Rightarrow a r^2 = 1 \Rightarrow a r = 1 \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} a_1 + a_1 r = 1 \\ a_1 + a_1 r^2 = 1 \end{array} \right\} a_1 = 1, a_1 r = r, a_1 r^2 = r^2$$

$$a_n = r(c)^{n-1}$$

$$S_n = r \left(\frac{r^n - 1}{r - 1} \right) = r^n - 1 = 29051$$

$$a \times a q \times a q^r \times \dots \times a q^{n-1} = a^n q^{\frac{n(n-1)}{2}} \Rightarrow r^{10} \times r^{50}$$

$$a_1 = a, a q, a q^r, \dots, a q^{n-1} \quad a_1' = a(1-q), a q(1-q), \dots, a q^{n-1}(1-q)$$

$$a - a q = a(1-q)$$

$$a q - a q^r = a q(1-q)$$

$$\vdots$$

$$a q^{n-1} - a q^{n-1} = a q^{n-1}(1-q)$$

$$q' = \frac{a q(1-q)^{n-1}}{a(1-q)} = q$$

$$a + a d + a + r d + \dots + a + (n-1)d = n a + \frac{n(n-1)}{2} d = \frac{n}{2} (2a + (n-1)d) \checkmark$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} a + a q + a q^r + \dots + a q^{(n-1)} = S_n \\ a q + a q^r + a q^{r^2} + \dots + a q^n = S_n q \end{array} \right\} S_n - S_n q = a - a q^n$$

$$S_n(1-q) = a(1-q^n)$$

$$\Rightarrow S_n = \frac{a(1-q^n)}{1-q} \checkmark$$