

$$\frac{a_{14}}{a_{12}} = \frac{a_1 q^{14}}{a_1 q^{12}} = q^2 = r^2 = 14 \quad (۱-)$$

$$a_1 = \frac{1}{r} \times 2^9 = 256 \quad (۱-)$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \times r^{n-1} = 128$$

$$r^{n-1} = 256$$

$$n = 9$$

(۲)

$$a_4 = \frac{1}{r} \times 2^7 = 4 \quad a_9 = 256 \quad (۲-)$$

$$4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256$$

$$\frac{a_8}{a_5} = \frac{a_1 q^8}{a_1 q^5} = q^3 = 8$$

$$r^3 = 8$$

$$q = 2$$

$$a_1 = \frac{r}{q}$$

$$a_{10} = \frac{r}{q} \times \frac{r^9}{2^{12}} = 384$$

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$$a_1 \times a_8 = a_r^7 = r^7 = 9 \quad (۱-)$$

$$a_r^8 = 243 \quad a_r = 3 \quad (۱-)$$

$$b^r = ac \quad (r\sqrt{r})^r = r^b \times r^a \rightarrow \frac{14 \times 4}{r^5} = r^{a+b} \rightarrow a+b=5$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{a+b}{r} = \frac{5}{r}$$

$$x^r = (x+1)(1-x) \quad x^r = \cancel{x} - x^r + 1 - \cancel{x} = 1 - x^r \rightarrow 2x^r = 1 \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{r}}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{r}} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$= \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_1 + a_1 r^2 &= 18 \rightarrow a_1(1+r^2) = 18 \rightarrow \frac{a_1(1+r^2)}{a_1(r+r^3)} = \frac{18}{12 \times 12} \rightarrow r + r^3 = 12r + 12r^3 \\
 a_1 + a_1 r^2 &= 12 \rightarrow a_1(r+r^3) = 12 \\
 \rightarrow 12r^3 - 12r^3 - 12r + 12 &= 0 \xrightarrow{r} (r-r)(ar^2+br+c) = 0 \rightarrow ar^2+br+c-rar^2-rbr-r^2c = 0 \\
 a=r, b=r, c=-1 &\rightarrow (r-r)(r^2+r-1) = 0 \rightarrow r = \frac{-r \pm \sqrt{r^2+12}}{2} = \frac{-1 \pm 5}{2} \begin{cases} -1 \\ \frac{1}{r} \end{cases} \\
 \rightarrow 1+12=18 \rightarrow a_n = 1, 2, 9, 12
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{a}{r} \times a \times ar &= 12 \\
 a^2 &= 12 \\
 a &= 2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\rightarrow 1, 2, 9, \dots$$

$$\rightarrow 1+2+9=12 \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \rightarrow \text{تجسین اگر قدر نسبتا باشد} \rightarrow r=2 \\
 1, 2, 1, \dots \text{ دایم} \rightarrow r = \frac{1}{r} \\
 \frac{1, 2, 1, \dots}{9+2+1=12 \checkmark}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$1) a \left(\frac{q^n - 1}{q - 1} \right) = r \left(\frac{r^{10} - 1}{r - 1} \right) = 29.48$$

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{(a_1 - a_n)^n} = (2 \times 2 \times 2^9)^2 = \left(\frac{2}{r} \times r^9 \right)^2 = 2^{10} \times r^8$$

$$a_1, ar, ar^2, ar^3, \dots$$

$$(a_1 - \frac{a_1}{ar}), (\frac{a_1}{ar} - \frac{a_1}{ar^2}), (\frac{a_1}{ar^2} - \frac{a_1}{ar^3}), \dots$$

$$a(1-r), ar(1-r), ar^2(1-r), \dots$$

$$r = q$$

$$1) S_n = \frac{n}{r} (a+c) = \frac{n}{r} (1a + (n-1)d)$$

$$a + a+d + a+2d + \dots + a+(n-1)d =$$

$$na + (d+rd+rd+\dots + (n-1)d) =$$

$$na + (1+r+\dots + (n-1))d =$$

$$= \frac{r}{1} na + \frac{(n-1)n}{r} d = \frac{n}{r} (1a + (n-1)d)$$

$$\rightarrow S = a + aq + aq^2 + \dots + aq^{n-1}$$

$$qS = aq + aq^2 + \dots + aq^{n-1} + aq^n$$

$$S - qS = a - aq^n$$

$$S(1-q) = a(1-q^n)$$

$$S = \frac{a(1-q^n)}{1-q}$$