

$a_1 = F_0$ $a_k = 41$ ۱۸/۵

$d = \frac{a_k - a_1}{k - 1} = \frac{41 - F_0}{k} = V$

$a_n = F_0 + (n-1)V \Rightarrow 40A = F_0 + Vn - V \Rightarrow 1Vd = Vn \rightarrow n = 40 \checkmark$

(۲)

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$a_n = Vn + 3$

$99 < Vn + 3 < 1000$

$a_{14} = 101$

$a_{142} = 99F$

ساده $= 142 - 14 + 1 = 129 \checkmark$

(۲)

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$3a_{n+2} = -4n + 12 \Rightarrow a_{n+2} = -\frac{4}{3}n + 4$

$a_1 = a_{4+2} = -\frac{4}{3} \times 4 + 4 = -\frac{4}{3}$

$a_1 + a_{14} = -\frac{4}{3} + 14 = \frac{38}{3}$ دقت!

$a_{14} = a_{10+2} = -\frac{4}{3} \times 10 + 4 = -\frac{28}{3}$

(۱, ۷, ۵)

۳

$a_n = \frac{a_p + a_{14}}{p} \Rightarrow 2 \times 2^{x+1} = 2^x - 1 + 2^{14} - 2^x \Rightarrow 4 \times 2^x = 2^x(2^x + 1) - 1 \Rightarrow 4(2^x + 1) = 2^x(2^x + 1) + 1$

$4 = 2^x \Rightarrow x = 2$

$S = 2 \times 2^{x+1} = 2 \times 2^3 = 16 \checkmark$

(۲)

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$\begin{cases} a_{10} - a_{12} = 5 \\ a_6 + a_{12} = 40 \end{cases} \Rightarrow 2a_{10} = 40 \Rightarrow a_{10} = 20, a_{12} = 10$

$d = \frac{a_{10} - a_{12}}{10 - 12} = \frac{5}{-2} = -2.5$

$a_{21} = a_{12} + 9d = 10 + 9(-2.5) = -12.5$

سوال گفته a_{12} روز از a_{13} کم کنیم!

(۱)

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$$a_1 + a_r + a_p + a_f + a_\omega = \omega a_p \checkmark$$

$$a_q + a_v + a_1 + a_q + a_{10} = \omega a_1 \checkmark$$

$$\omega a_p = \frac{\omega a_1}{r} \Rightarrow r(a_1 + r d) = a_1 + v d \Rightarrow r a_1 = \omega d \Rightarrow a_1 = \frac{\omega d}{r} \checkmark$$

وقت! $r a_1 = d$

$$\frac{a_r}{a_1} = \frac{a_1 + d}{a_1} = \frac{r_1 d}{r_1 \omega d} = \frac{r}{\omega} \checkmark$$

(1, V, \omega)

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$$t_n = t_n - r d + \omega \Rightarrow r d = \omega \Rightarrow d = \omega$$

$$t_\omega = t_1 + r d = t_1 + r_0$$

$$t_v = t_1 + r d = t_1 + r_0$$

$$t_q = t_1 + r d = t_1 + r_0$$

$$t_q^r - t_\omega^r = (t_q + t_\omega)(t_q - t_\omega) =$$

$$(r t_1 + r_0) \times r_0 = r_0 t_1 + r_0^2$$

$$\frac{t_q^r - t_\omega^r}{t_v} = \frac{r_0 t_1 + r_0^2}{t_1 + r_0} = \frac{r_0(t_1 + r_0)}{t_1 + r_0} = r_0 \checkmark$$

(2)

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$$r - 1r\sqrt{r}, \dots, r + \sqrt{r}$$

(1) $\times 1r$ (1r)

$$d = \frac{a_{1r} - a_1}{1r - 1} = \frac{r + \sqrt{r} - (r - 1r\sqrt{r})}{1r} = \frac{r\sqrt{r}}{1r} = \sqrt{r}$$

$$\checkmark d = \sqrt{r}$$

(2)

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$$r, \dots, 11, \dots, r r$$

(1) (n+1) (rn-1)

$$\begin{cases} d = \frac{11 - r}{n+1-1} = \frac{q}{n} \\ d = \frac{r r - 11}{rn-1-n-1} = \frac{r r - 11}{rn-2} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \frac{q}{n} = \frac{r r - 11}{rn-2} \Rightarrow \frac{q}{r} n = r n - 2$$

$$\frac{q}{r} n = 2 \Rightarrow n = \frac{2r}{q} \checkmark$$

(2)

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$$a_r + a_{1r} = a_n + a_{n+r} \xrightarrow{\text{مساواة}} r + 1r = n + n + r \Rightarrow r + r = 2n + r \Rightarrow 2r = 2n + r \Rightarrow r = n$$

$$a_1 = r a_r \Rightarrow a_1 + r d = r a_r \Rightarrow a_1 + r d = r d \Rightarrow a_1 = -d$$

$$a_n = -d + (n-1)d \Rightarrow a_n = d(n-1) \Rightarrow 0 = d(n-1) \Rightarrow n-1=0 \Rightarrow n=1 \checkmark$$

(2)

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