

$$t_n = 5, 9, 13, 17, \dots$$

$\xrightarrow{+4} \quad \xrightarrow{+4}$
 $+4 \quad +4$

$$t_n = 5 + (n-1) \cdot 4 = 4n + 1$$

$$t_1 = 4(1) + 1 = 5$$

$$t_n = 6, 10, 14, 18, \dots$$

$$t_n = 6 + (n-1) \cdot 4 = 4n + 2$$

$$t_1 = 4(1) + 2 = 6$$

$$s_{10} = \frac{10}{2} \times (4 \cdot 10 + 9) = 95$$

$$t_{10} = 40$$

$$t_{10} = 4(10) + 2 = 42$$

$$t_{10} = 4(10) + 2 = 42$$

$$\frac{10}{2} \times (40 + 42) = 210$$

$$t_n = 1 + \sqrt{3}, 2, 3 - \sqrt{3}, \dots$$

$\xrightarrow{+1-\sqrt{3}} \quad \xrightarrow{+1-\sqrt{3}}$
 $+1-\sqrt{3} \quad +1-\sqrt{3}$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} t_{20} - t_{19} &= a + rd - a - rd = rd \\ d &= +1 - \sqrt{3} \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow rd = 2(1 - \sqrt{3}) = 2 - 2\sqrt{3}$$

$$d_n = 5^{2x}, 3 \times 5^{2x}, 5^y, \dots$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} 5^{2x}, 3 \times 5^{2x}, 5^y \\ \xrightarrow{3 \times 5^{2x}} \quad \xrightarrow{3 \times 5^{2x}} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$d_n = a + rd = 5^{2x} + r(3 \times 5^{2x}) = 5^y \Rightarrow 5 \times 5^{2x} = 5^y = 5^{2x+1} \Rightarrow y = 2x+1$$

$$b_n = x, 2, y, \dots \rightarrow x, 2, 2x+1, \dots$$

$$b_2 = x + \frac{x+1}{2} = \frac{3x+1}{2} = 2 \Rightarrow 3x+1=4 \Rightarrow x=1$$

$$b_2 - b_1 = d + rd - a = rd = 2x+1 - x = x+1 \Rightarrow d = \frac{x+1}{2}$$

$$y = 2x+1 \Rightarrow y = 2(1)+1 = 3 \quad xy = 3 \times 1 = 3$$

$$t_n = 2x - 5, 2x - 1, 4x, \dots$$

$\xrightarrow{+3} \quad \xrightarrow{+2x+1}$
 $+3 \quad +2x+1$

$$\Rightarrow 3 = 2x - 1 \Rightarrow 2x = 4 \Rightarrow x = 2$$

$$t_n = 2 \times \frac{1}{2} - 5, 2 \times \frac{1}{2} - 1, 4 \times \frac{1}{2}, \dots \rightarrow t_n = -3, -1, 1, \dots$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$t_n = -3 + (n-1) \cdot 4 = 4n - 7 \Rightarrow t_4 = 4(4) - 7 = 9$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} a_n &= r, \omega, r, q, 11, r, \dots \\ b_n &= r, \omega, r, \omega, 11, r, \dots \end{aligned} \right\} c_n = \underbrace{\omega, r, 11, r, \omega, \dots}_{+r \quad +r} \rightarrow \text{Fibonacci}$$

$$c_n = \omega + (n-1)r = qn - 1$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} a_n &= r + (n-1)r = r_n = r + 1q \times r = r_1 \\ b_n &= r + (n-1)r = r_n = r + 1q \times r = \omega q \end{aligned} \right\} r_1 < \omega q$$

$$qn - 1 \leq r_1 \quad (n \in \mathbb{N}) \Rightarrow qn \leq r_1 + 1$$

$$\Rightarrow n \leq \frac{r_1 + 1}{q} \rightarrow \frac{r_1 + 1}{q} = \frac{r + 1q \times r + 1}{q} = \frac{r}{q} + r + \frac{1}{q}$$

$$d_1 + d_r + d_\omega = r_1 \Rightarrow d_1 + d_r + d_\omega + r_d = r_d + r_1 = r(q + d) = r_1 \Rightarrow d_1 + d = r \Rightarrow d_r = r$$

$$d_1 + d_r + d_\omega = 1 \cdot \omega \Rightarrow d_1 + d_r + r_d + d_\omega = r_d + r_1 = r(q + d) = 1 \cdot \omega \Rightarrow d_r + r_d = r\omega \Rightarrow d_r = r\omega$$

$$d_1 + r + r\omega = r_1 \Rightarrow d_1 = r_1 - r - r\omega = -r_1$$

$$\frac{d_r - d_r + d_1}{d_1} = \frac{r\omega - r - r_1}{-r_1} = \frac{r}{-r_1} = \boxed{-r}$$

$$d_1 + d_r + d_\omega = 1 \cdot \omega \Rightarrow d_1 + d_r + r_d + r_d = r(q + d) = 1 \cdot \omega \Rightarrow d_1 + d = \omega \Rightarrow d_r = \omega$$

$$d_r + d_\omega = r\omega \Rightarrow d_r + r_d + r_d = r_d + r_1 = r(q + d) = r\omega$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} r_d + r_d &= r\omega \\ d_1 + d &= \omega \end{aligned} \right\} \omega d = 1 \cdot \omega \Rightarrow d = r$$

$$d_1 + r = \omega \Rightarrow d_1 = r$$

$$t_n = r + (n-1)r \Rightarrow t_1 = r + 1q \times r = r_1$$

$$S_q = 9 S_r$$

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$$\frac{q}{r} \times (r a_1 + 11 d) = 9 \times \frac{r}{r} \times (r a_1 + r d)$$

$$9 a_1 + 11 q d = 9 r a_1 + 9 r d \Rightarrow 11 q d = 9 r d \Rightarrow r a_1 = d$$

$$\frac{d_r}{a_v} = \frac{a_1 + 11 d}{a_1 + r d} = \frac{a_1 + 11 r a_1}{a_1 + 11 r a_1} = \frac{r_1 q a_1}{11 r a_1} = \boxed{r}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} d_1 &= 11 \\ a_v &= r\omega \end{aligned} \right\} a_v - d_1 = d_1 + r d - d_1 = r d = r\omega - 11 = r_1 \Rightarrow d = r \quad d_r = 11 + r \times r = r_1^2$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} b_1 &= r\omega \\ b_r &= r_1^2 \end{aligned} \right\} b_r - b_1 = b_1 + r d - b_1 = r d = r_1^2 - r\omega = -1 \cdot \omega \Rightarrow d = -\omega$$

$$1 \cdot r = r\omega + (n-1) \cdot \omega = r\omega - \omega n + \omega \Rightarrow \omega n = r\omega - 1 \cdot r = r_1 \Rightarrow n = r$$

$$b_1 < \frac{b_r \cdot b_r}{b_r \cdot b_\omega} < b_q \rightarrow \boxed{b_r}$$