

$$f_n = 3n^2 - 1 \rightarrow 2, 11, 28, 47, 78, 115$$

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$$f_n = \frac{3n+1}{n+2} \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{9}{8}, \frac{11}{10}$$

$$a) f_n = \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt{n+2}} \rightarrow \frac{(-1)^{17}}{\sqrt{19}} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{19}} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{19}}$$

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$$b) f_n = 2n - \left\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \right\rfloor \rightarrow 2(12) - \left\lfloor \frac{12}{2} \right\rfloor = 24 - 6 = 18$$

$$a) f_n = 2n - 1 \Rightarrow 2n - 1 < 0 \Rightarrow 2n < 1 \Rightarrow n < 0.5 \rightarrow 1, 2, 3, 4 \rightarrow 68$$

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$$b) f_n = n^2 - 14n + 40 \rightarrow (n-10)(n-4) \rightarrow \frac{3}{4} < n < \frac{11}{4} \Rightarrow 4 < n < 11 \rightarrow 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 \rightarrow 60$$

$$a) f_n = 2n - 14 \Rightarrow 2n - 14 \leq 0 \Rightarrow 2n \leq 14 \Rightarrow n \leq 7 \rightarrow \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\} \rightarrow 68$$

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$$b) f_n = n^2 - 12n + 27 = (n-3)(n-9) \rightarrow \frac{3}{4} < n < \frac{9}{4} \Rightarrow 3 < n < 9 \rightarrow \{4, 5, 6, 7, 8\} \rightarrow 65$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} f_5 = 7 \rightarrow a(5) + b = 7 \Rightarrow 5a + b = 7 \\ f_4 = 22 \rightarrow a(4) + b = 22 \Rightarrow 4a + b = 22 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} a = 10 \Rightarrow a = 3 \\ a(5) + b = 7 \Rightarrow b = -8 \end{array} \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} f_5 = 7 \\ f_4 = 22 \end{array}} \right\} f_n = 3n - 8$$

$$f_{17} = 3(17) - 8 = 43$$

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$$\text{ب) } t_n = n^r - 4n + r \rightarrow \frac{-b}{r a} = \frac{-4}{r} = r \quad t_r = (r)^r - 4(r) + r = -4$$

$$\text{ج) } t_n = n^r + 4n + 1 \rightarrow \frac{-b}{r a} = \frac{-4}{r} = -r \Rightarrow n=1 \quad t_1 = (1)^r + 4(1) + 1 = 6$$

$$t_n = -4n - 4n - 4n - 4n - 4n$$

$\begin{matrix} \xrightarrow{-4} & \xrightarrow{-4} & \xrightarrow{-4} & \xrightarrow{-4} & \xrightarrow{-4} \\ t_0 & & & & \\ \xrightarrow{+4} & \xrightarrow{+4} & \xrightarrow{+4} & \xrightarrow{+4} & \xrightarrow{+4} \end{matrix}$

$$t_1 = (1)^r - 4(1) + 1 = 1 - 4 + 1 = -2$$

$$t_n = a n^r + b n + c \Rightarrow t_n = n^r + b n + 1 \Rightarrow t_1 = (1)^r + b(1) + 1 = -4$$

$\begin{matrix} \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 1 & + & b & + & 1 = -4 \Rightarrow b = -6 \end{matrix}$

$$\Rightarrow t_n = n^r - 6n + 1$$

$$t_n = -4n - 4n - 4n - 4n - 4n$$

$\begin{matrix} \xrightarrow{-4} & \xrightarrow{-4} & \xrightarrow{-4} & \xrightarrow{-4} & \xrightarrow{-4} \\ t_0 & & & & \\ \xrightarrow{+4} & \xrightarrow{+4} & \xrightarrow{+4} & \xrightarrow{+4} & \xrightarrow{+4} \end{matrix}$

$$\Rightarrow t_n = 4n^r - n - 4$$

$$t_n = \frac{r}{r} n^r + b n + c \quad t_0 = -4 \Rightarrow c = -4$$

$$t_1 = -4 = r(1)^r + b(1) - 4$$

$\begin{matrix} \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ r & + & b & - & 4 = -4 \Rightarrow r + b = 0 \Rightarrow b = -r = -1 \end{matrix}$

$$\Rightarrow t_n = n^r - n - 4$$

$$a + r \leq r a + 1 \Rightarrow a \geq r \Rightarrow n_d = [r + \infty)$$

$$\left(\frac{9 \cdot 9}{9} \right) + 1 = 19$$

$$\left(\frac{99 - 3}{3} \right) + 1 = 33$$

$$\left(\frac{9 \cdot 9 - 9}{9} \right) + 1 = 19$$

$$\left(\frac{99 - 3}{3} \right) + 1 = 33$$

$$\left(\frac{9 \cdot 10}{10} \right) + 1 = 10$$

$$\left(\frac{9 \cdot 10}{10} \right) + 1 = 10$$

$$n(A \cup B) = n(A) + n(B) - n(A \cap B) \rightarrow 33 + 19 - 9 = 43$$