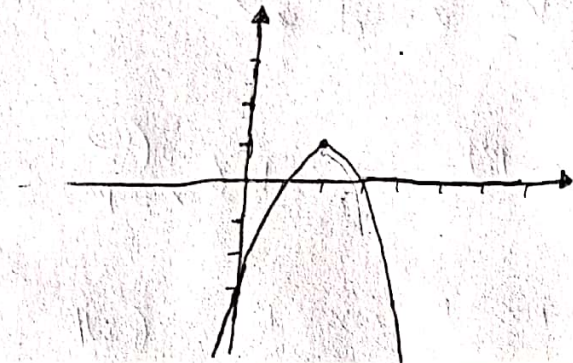


الف)  $\text{ext} \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}$  - نوع: max  
 $-\frac{b}{2a} = -3$

1



الف)  $\text{ext} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$  - نوع: min  
 $x = \frac{-b}{2a} = 2$   
 $y = 1$

2

ب)  $0 = y = x^2 + 4x - 5 = x^2 + 4x + 5$   
 $= (x+5)(x-1) \Rightarrow x = -5$  or  $x = 1$

الف)  $2+a-3=0 \Rightarrow a=1 \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2}$  و  $x=1$   
 ب)  $2AB = -\frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow B = \frac{3}{4}$   $\frac{c}{a}$   
 $x^2 = Ax^2 - 2x + \frac{2a}{B} \rightarrow (Ax - \frac{3}{4})^2 = 4x^2 - 6x + \frac{9}{4} \Rightarrow 2a = \frac{9}{4} \Rightarrow a = \frac{9}{8}$   
 ج)  $b^2 - 4ac < 0 \Rightarrow 9 - 18a < 0 \Rightarrow a > \frac{9}{18} = \frac{1}{2}$  برای مثال  $\frac{9}{8} \rightarrow 2$   
 د) مانند بخش الف  $\leftarrow a=1$

3

الف)  $x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0 \xrightarrow{+2} x^2 - 2x + 1 = 2 \Rightarrow (1-x)^2 = 2 \Rightarrow 1-x = \pm\sqrt{2}$   
 $x = 1 \pm \sqrt{2} \Rightarrow x = 1 - \sqrt{2}$  یا  $x = 1 + \sqrt{2}$   
 ب)  $x^2 - x = 1 + \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow x^2 - x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{5}{x} \Rightarrow (x - \frac{1}{x})^2 = \frac{5}{x} \Rightarrow x - \frac{1}{x} = \pm\sqrt{\frac{5}{x}}$   
 $x = \frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{2}$  یا  $x = \frac{1 - \sqrt{5}}{2}$

4

الف)  $\Delta = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4+4}}{2} = \frac{2 \pm 2\sqrt{2}}{2} = 1 \pm \sqrt{2}$   
 $x = 1 + \sqrt{2}$  یا  $x = 1 - \sqrt{2}$

5

ب)  $\Delta = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+16}}{2} = -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{17}}{2} \rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{17}}{2}$  یا  $x = -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{17}}{2}$



$$(x-F)(x-V)=0 \Rightarrow x=F \underline{\text{ب}} \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{الف} \\ x=V \end{array} \right\}$$

$$(x+V)(x-F)=0 \Rightarrow x=-V \underline{\text{ب}} x=F$$

$$\overset{x}{\omega x^2 - 12x + V = 0} \rightarrow x^2 - 12x + 3\omega = 0 \Rightarrow (x-V)(x-\omega) = 0 \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{الف} \\ x=V \underline{\text{ب}} x=\omega \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\overset{x}{\mu x^2 - 10x + V = 0} \rightarrow x^2 - 10x + 2\mu = 0 \Rightarrow (x-V)(x-\mu) = 0 \rightarrow x=V \underline{\text{ب}} x=\mu$$

$$\text{روشن روسی: } x^2 - \omega x + \gamma = 0 \Rightarrow (x-\mu)(x-2) = 0 \rightarrow x=\mu \underline{\text{ب}} x=2 \quad \text{الف}$$

$$\text{روشن روسی: } x^2 + \omega x + \gamma = 0 \Rightarrow (x+3)(x+2) \rightarrow x=-2 \underline{\text{ب}} x=-3 \quad \text{ب}$$

$$\Delta \text{ دس: } \Delta = \frac{\omega \pm \sqrt{\omega^2 - 4\lambda}}{F} \Rightarrow x = \frac{\omega + \sqrt{4V}}{F} \underline{\text{ب}} x = \frac{\omega - \sqrt{4V}}{F} \quad \text{ج}$$

د

$$\Delta = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{\mu \pm \sqrt{9 - 1}}{2} \Rightarrow x = \frac{\mu - 1}{2} = 1 \underline{\text{ب}} x = \frac{\mu + 1}{2} = 2$$

$$S = 1 + 2 = \mu$$

$$P = 1 \times 2 = 2$$

$$S^2 - 2P = 9 - 4 = \omega \quad \text{الف}$$

$$S^3 - 3SP = 27 - 12 = 9 \quad \text{ب}$$

$$\frac{V_i}{\omega_i \times \gamma_i} + \frac{9_i}{\gamma_i \times V_i} = \frac{9 \times V}{2} + \frac{1 \times 9}{2} = 21 + 4.5 = 25.5 \quad \text{الف}$$

$$\frac{9_i}{\mu_i \times \gamma_i} - \frac{1_i}{\gamma_i \times \mu_i} = \frac{V \times \mu}{x} - \frac{V \times 1}{2} = 18 - 9 = 9 \quad \text{ب}$$