

(iii) $y = x^2 - 2 \rightarrow x^2 = y + 2 \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{y + 2}$ $y + 2 \geq 0 \rightsquigarrow y \geq -2$

$$R_f = [-\infty, +\infty)$$

⑤

ج) $y = x^v + 1 \rightarrow x^v = y - 1 \rightarrow x = \sqrt[v]{y - 1} \quad R_f = \mathbb{R}$

$$\text{c) } y = ax^2 - f_{ax} + y \rightarrow ax^2 - f_{ax} + y - y = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\Delta}}{a} \quad \Delta = b^2 - f_{ax}$$

$$m = \frac{r \pm \sqrt{14 - r(4-y)}}{r} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \Delta \geq 0 \\ 14 - r(4-y) \geq 0 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} r > 0 \\ r < 0 \end{matrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} y \geq 4 \\ y \leq 4 \end{matrix} \quad R_f = [r, +\infty)$$



$$b) y = x^r - \omega n + 1 \rightarrow x^r - \omega n + 1 - y = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{\omega \pm \sqrt{\omega^2 - 4(1-y)}}{2} \Rightarrow 1\omega - 4 + 4y \geq 0$$

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$$x_y \geq -41 \rightarrow y \geq -\frac{41}{5}$$

$$R_f = \left[-\frac{y_1}{x}, +\infty\right)$$

$$c) y = \frac{x^r + 1^r}{x^r - 1} \rightarrow \frac{x^r + 1}{x^r - 1} = y \rightarrow \frac{1^r y + 1^r}{y - 1} = x^r \quad \frac{1^r y + 1^r}{y - 1} \geq 0$$

$$R_f = (1, +\infty) \cup (-\infty, -\frac{r}{r'})$$

$$+r_y + r = 0 \rightarrow -r_y = -r \rightarrow y = -\frac{r}{r}$$

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$$\text{ب) } \frac{|r||n|+1}{|n|-1^k} = y \Rightarrow |n| = \frac{ky+1}{y-1} > 0$$

$$R_f = (r_2 + \infty) \cup (-\infty, \frac{1}{f}]$$

$$a) y = a^x - 9a + 1 \rightarrow a_{\min} = \frac{-b}{10a} = \frac{9}{1} = 9$$

$$9 - 1 + \gamma = -V \quad \text{give } \gamma_{\min} = -V$$

$\alpha > 0$

$$u_{\max} = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-r}{-r} = 1$$

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$$-F + A + Y = 4$$

$$R_f = [-V_0 + \infty, (\infty))$$

$$y = \frac{1}{\text{out-fan}}$$

$$y^2 - 6xy = 1$$

$$y_m' - Ky_m - 1 = 0$$

$$\Delta = \int 19y^2 - f(-y) \geq 0, \quad y \neq 0$$

$$19x^p + f_y \geq, \quad f_y (x+1) \geq 0$$

$$R_f = (\infty, +\infty) \cup (-\infty, -\frac{1}{f}]$$

c) $y = \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 4}$

$$9 - 1A + 2 = -V$$

$$u_{\min} = \frac{-b}{r_{\text{ca}}} = \frac{q}{r} = p^u$$

$$\gamma_{min} = -V$$

$$R_f = \sqrt{[-V_2 + \infty)} = [0, 2 + \infty)$$

④

ب) $\int -x^2 + 4x + 10$

$$-f + A + 17 = 11$$

$$u_{max} = \frac{-f}{-r} = r$$

$$y_{mean} = 14$$

$$R_f = \sqrt{(-\infty, 1f]} = [0.2\sqrt{1f}]$$

(9)

$$a) y = a^x + p_m x + p_{m+1}$$

$$R_f = R \leftarrow$$

نقطه تقاطع منحنی با محور

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$$b) y = \sqrt{x^2 + p_m x + p_{m+1}}$$

$$R_f = [0, +\infty)$$

نقطه تقاطع منحنی با محور

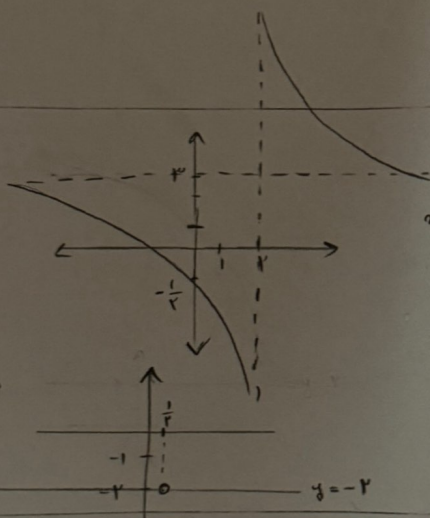
در منحنی

$$a) R_f = IR - \left\{ \frac{a}{c} \right\} = IR - \{r\}$$

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$$b) R_f = [0, +\infty) - \{r\}$$

$$a) y = \frac{p_m x + 1}{x - r}$$



$$r = \frac{a}{c} \leftarrow$$

$$x = r \leftarrow \text{محور تقاطع}$$

$$x = 0 \rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{r}$$

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$$b) y = \frac{p_m x - r}{1 - p_m} = -r$$

محور تقاطع

$$y = -r$$

$$a) R_f = [r, +\infty)$$

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$$b) \sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} \quad R_f = (-\infty, \sqrt{-r}] \cup [\sqrt{r}, +\infty)$$