

۱۹،۷۵

نام و نام خانوادگی: پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۹ کلاس:
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الف) $y = x^2 - 5 \rightarrow x^2 = y + 5 \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{y+5} \quad y+5 \geq 0 \rightarrow y \geq -5 \quad R_F = [-5, +\infty)$

ب) $y = x^3 + 1 \rightarrow x^3 = y - 1 \rightarrow x = \sqrt[3]{y-1} \rightarrow R_F = \mathbb{R}$

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الف) $y = x^2 - 4x + 2 \rightarrow y = (x-2)^2 + 2 \rightarrow (x-2)^2 = y - 2 \rightarrow x - 2 = \pm \sqrt{y-2} \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{y-2} + 2$
 $y-2 \geq 0 \rightarrow y \geq 2 \quad R_F = [2, +\infty)$

ب) $y = x^2 - 2x + 1 - \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow y = (x - \frac{1}{x})^2 - \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow (x - \frac{1}{x})^2 = y + \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow x - \frac{1}{x} = \pm \sqrt{y + \frac{1}{x}} + \frac{1}{x}$
 $(x - \frac{1}{x})^2 = x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} - 2$
 $R_F = [-\frac{1}{x}, +\infty)$

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الف) $y = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 1} \rightarrow x^2 + 1 = y(x^2 - 1) \rightarrow yx^2 - x^2 = 1 + yg \rightarrow x^2(y-1) = 1 + yg \rightarrow x^2 = \frac{1+yg}{y-1}$
 $R_F = (1, +\infty) \cup (-\infty, -\frac{1}{y})$

ب) $y = \frac{1}{x^2 - 1} \rightarrow y(x^2 - 1) = 1 \rightarrow yx^2 - 1 = 1 + yg \rightarrow yx^2 - 1 = 1 + yg \rightarrow yx^2 = 2 + yg \rightarrow x^2 = \frac{2+yg}{y}$
 $R_F = (-\infty, -\frac{1}{y}) \cup (\frac{2}{y}, +\infty)$

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$y = \frac{1}{x^2 - 1} \rightarrow yx^2 - 1 = 1 + yg \rightarrow yx^2 - 1 = 1 + yg \rightarrow yx^2 = 2 + yg \rightarrow x^2 = \frac{2+yg}{y}$
 $R_F = (0, +\infty) \cup (-\infty, -\frac{1}{y})$

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الف) $y = x^2 - 4x + 2 \rightarrow x^2 - 4x + 2 = y \rightarrow x^2 - 4x + 2 - y = 0 \rightarrow \Delta \geq 0 \rightarrow b^2 - 4ac \geq 0 \rightarrow 16y^2 + 4y \geq 0$
 $4 - 16 + 2 = -10$
 $R_F = [-10, +\infty)$

ب) $y = -x^2 + 4x + 2 \rightarrow -x^2 + 4x + 2 = y \rightarrow x^2 - 4x - 2 - y = 0 \rightarrow \Delta \geq 0 \rightarrow b^2 - 4ac \geq 0 \rightarrow 16y^2 + 4y \geq 0$
 $R_F = (-\infty, 4]$

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ا) $y = \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 7}$ $x^2 - 4x + 7 \geq 0 \xrightarrow{\Delta = 16 - 28 = -12 < 0} \frac{-b}{2a} = 2, 9 - 16 = -7 \rightarrow [-7, +\infty) \rightarrow \sqrt{[-7, +\infty)} = [0, +\infty)$ ب) $y = \sqrt{-x^2 + 4x + 10}$ $-x^2 + 4x + 10 \geq 0 \xrightarrow{\Delta = 16 + 40 = 56} \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-4}{-2} = 2 \rightarrow (-\infty, 14] \rightarrow \sqrt{(-\infty, 14]} = [0, \sqrt{14}]$ $-x^2 + 4x + 10 = 14$	6
ا) $y = x^4 + 2x^2 + 2x + 1 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ب) $y = \sqrt{x^2 + 4x^2 + 4x + 1} = \sqrt{5x^2 + 4x + 1} = \sqrt{R} = [0, +\infty)$	7
ا) $y = \frac{a = 2x + 1}{c = x - 2} = R - \{ \frac{a}{c} \} = R - \{ 2 \}$ ب) $y = \sqrt{\frac{2x + 1}{x + 2}} = \sqrt{R - \{ 2 \}} = [0, +\infty) - \{ 2 \}$	8
ا) $y = \frac{2x + 1}{x - 2} \rightarrow x = 2$ $\frac{a}{c} = 2$ $x = 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{-2}$ ب) $y = \frac{2x - 1}{1 - 2x} = \frac{-1(-2x + 1)}{-2x + 1} = -1$ $1 - 2x \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \frac{1}{2}$ 111111	9
ا) $y = \cos^2 x + \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} \rightarrow [1, +\infty)$ ب) $y = \sqrt[3]{\frac{x^2 + 1}{x}} = \sqrt[3]{u + \frac{1}{u}} \rightarrow (-\infty, \sqrt[3]{2}] \cup [\sqrt[3]{2}, +\infty)$ $\hookrightarrow (-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty)$	10