

الف)  $y = a^r = y + 5 \rightarrow a = \sqrt[r]{y+5}$   $y+5 \geq 0 \rightarrow y \geq -5$   
 $R_f = [-5, \infty)$

ب)  $y = a^r + 1 \rightarrow a^r = y - 1 \rightarrow a = \sqrt[r]{y-1}$   
 $R_f = \mathbb{R}$

الف)  $y = a^r - \epsilon a + r \rightarrow R_f = [r, \infty)$   
 $y = \frac{a^r - \epsilon a + r}{(a-r)^r}$   
 $y = (a-r)^r + r \rightarrow \sqrt[r]{y-r} = a-r$   
 $\pm \sqrt[r]{y-r} = a-r \rightarrow \sqrt[r]{y-r} \geq 0 \rightarrow y \geq r$

ب)  $a^r - \epsilon a + r - y = 0$   
 $a = \frac{\epsilon \pm \sqrt{\epsilon^2 + 4(y-r)}}{2}$   
 $r + \epsilon y \geq 0 \rightarrow y \geq -\frac{r}{\epsilon}$   
 $R_f = [-\frac{r}{\epsilon}, +\infty)$

الف)  $y a^r - r y = a^r + r \rightarrow y a^r - a^r = r y + r$   
 $a^r (y-1) = r(y+1) \rightarrow a = \sqrt[r]{\frac{r(y+1)}{y-1}}$   
 $R_f = (-\infty, -\frac{r}{\epsilon}] \cup (r, \infty)$

ب)  $y |a^r - \epsilon y = r |a^r + r|$   
 $y |a^r - r |a^r = \epsilon y + r$   
 $|a^r (y-r) = \epsilon y + r$   
 $|a^r = \frac{\epsilon y + r}{y-r}$   
 $R_f = (-\infty, -\frac{r}{\epsilon}] \cup (r, \infty)$

$y = \frac{1}{a^r - \epsilon a} \rightarrow a^r - \epsilon a - \frac{1}{y} = 0$   
 $\Delta = b^2 - 4ac = \epsilon^2 y^2 - \epsilon(-1)y = \epsilon^2 y^2 + \epsilon y \geq 0 \rightarrow \epsilon y (\epsilon y + 1) \geq 0$   
 $R_f = (-\infty, -\frac{1}{\epsilon}] \cup (0, +\infty)$

الف)  $y = a^r - \epsilon a + r$   
 $R_f = [-1, \infty)$

ب)  $y = a^r + \epsilon a + r$   
 $R_f = (-\infty, y]$

الف)  $y = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}$  ext  $\begin{cases} \frac{-\Delta}{2a} = \frac{-21}{2} = -10.5 \\ \Delta = 49 - 18 = 31 \end{cases}$   $\rightarrow y = \sqrt{3x^2 + 21x + 10}$   $\rightarrow$  max  $\rightarrow$   $\begin{cases} \frac{-\Delta}{2a} = \frac{-21}{2} = -10.5 \\ \Delta = 49 - 18 = 31 \end{cases}$

$\rightarrow$   $[-0.5, \infty) \xrightarrow{\sqrt{\quad}} [0, \infty) \rightarrow R_p = [0, \infty)$   $\Delta = 19 + 8 = 27$   $(-\infty, 19] \xrightarrow{\sqrt{\quad}} R_p = [0, \sqrt{19}]$

الف) ~~...~~  $\rightarrow R_p = \mathbb{R}$

ب)  $\rightarrow R_p = \mathbb{R} \xrightarrow{\sqrt{\quad}} R_p = [0, \infty)$

الف)  $y = \frac{3x+1}{x-2} \rightarrow \frac{a}{c} = 3 \rightarrow R_p = \mathbb{R} - \{2\}$

ب)  $y = \sqrt{\frac{3x+1}{x+4}} \rightarrow \frac{a}{c} = 3 \rightarrow R_p = [0, \infty) - \{2\}$

الف)  $y = \frac{3x+1}{x-2}$   $y=0 \rightarrow 3x+1=0 \rightarrow x=-\frac{1}{3}$

ب)  $\frac{3x-2}{1-x}$   $x \neq \frac{1}{3}$   $1-x \neq 0$   $x \neq 1$   $x \neq \frac{1}{3}$

الف)  $\frac{\cos^2 x + 1}{\cos^2 x} \rightarrow \cos^2 x \geq 0$   $\rightarrow R_p = [1, \infty)$

ب)  $y = \sqrt[3]{\frac{x+1}{x}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{x}{x} + \frac{1}{x}} = \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{1}{x}}$   $\rightarrow \sqrt[3]{(-\infty, -1] \cup [1, \infty)}$   $R_p = (-\infty, \sqrt[3]{-1}] \cup [\sqrt[3]{1}, \infty)$