

1) $y = x^2 - 5 \Rightarrow x^2 = y + 5 \Rightarrow x = \sqrt{y+5} \rightarrow y+5 \geq 0$
 $y \geq -5 \quad R_f = [-5, +\infty)$

2) $y = x^2 + 1 \rightarrow x^2 = y - 1 \rightarrow x = \sqrt{y-1} \rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R}$

3) $x^2 - 6x + 4 = x^2 - 6x + 9 - 5 \rightarrow (x-3)^2 - 5 = y \rightarrow (x-3)^2 = y+5 \rightarrow$
 $x-3 = \pm\sqrt{y+5} \rightarrow y \geq -5$
 $y \geq -5$

4) $x^2 - 5x + 1$

$x^2 - 5x + 1 - y = 0$

$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac \rightarrow 25 - 4(1-y) = 25 - 4 + 4y = 21 + 4y$ $R_f = [-\frac{21}{4}, +\infty)$

$x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{21+4y}}{2} \rightarrow 21+4y \geq 0 \rightarrow -\frac{21}{4} \leq y \rightarrow \boxed{-\frac{21}{4} \leq y}$

5) $y = \frac{x^2+3}{x^2-2} \rightarrow \frac{x^2+3}{x^2-2} = y \rightarrow \frac{-2y-3}{y-1} = x^2 \rightarrow x = \sqrt{\frac{-2y-3}{y-1}}$
 $R_f = (-\infty, -\frac{3}{2}] \cup (1, +\infty)$ $\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{+\infty - \frac{1}{2}} +$

6) $y = \frac{2|x|+1}{|x|-2} \rightarrow \frac{2|x|+1}{|x|-2} = y \rightarrow \frac{-2y-1}{y-2} = |x| \rightarrow$

$R_f = (-\infty, -\frac{1}{2}] \cup (2, +\infty)$ $\frac{-\frac{1}{2}}{+\infty - \frac{2}{2}} +$

7) $y = \frac{1}{x^2-4x} \rightarrow yx^2 - 4xy = 1 \rightarrow yx^2 - 4xy - 1 = 0$

$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac \rightarrow 16y^2 + 4y$
 $\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\Delta}}{2a} \rightarrow \frac{+4y \pm \sqrt{16y^2+4y}}{2y}$
 $\rightarrow 16y^2+4y \geq 0 \rightarrow 4y(y+1) \geq 0$

$R_f = (-\infty, -\frac{1}{2}] \cup (0, +\infty)$ $\frac{-\frac{1}{2}}{+\infty - \frac{0}{2}} +$

11) $y = x - 4x + 4 \rightarrow \min_{-V} \left(\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{4}{4} = 1 \right) \quad R_F = [-V, +\infty)$

$$\Rightarrow y = -x^2 + 2x + 1 \rightarrow \max \left| \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-1}{-2} = \frac{1}{2} \right. \quad P_F = (-\infty, 1/2]$$

جواب) $y = \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 4}$ $\min \left| \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{4}{1} = 4 \right.$ $R_f = [-V, +\infty) = [0, +\infty)$

$\rightarrow y = \sqrt{-x^2 + 4x + 10}$
 $\max \left| \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-2}{-4} = \frac{1}{2} \right|$
 $R_f \in (-\infty, 1.5] \rightarrow [0, \sqrt{10}]$

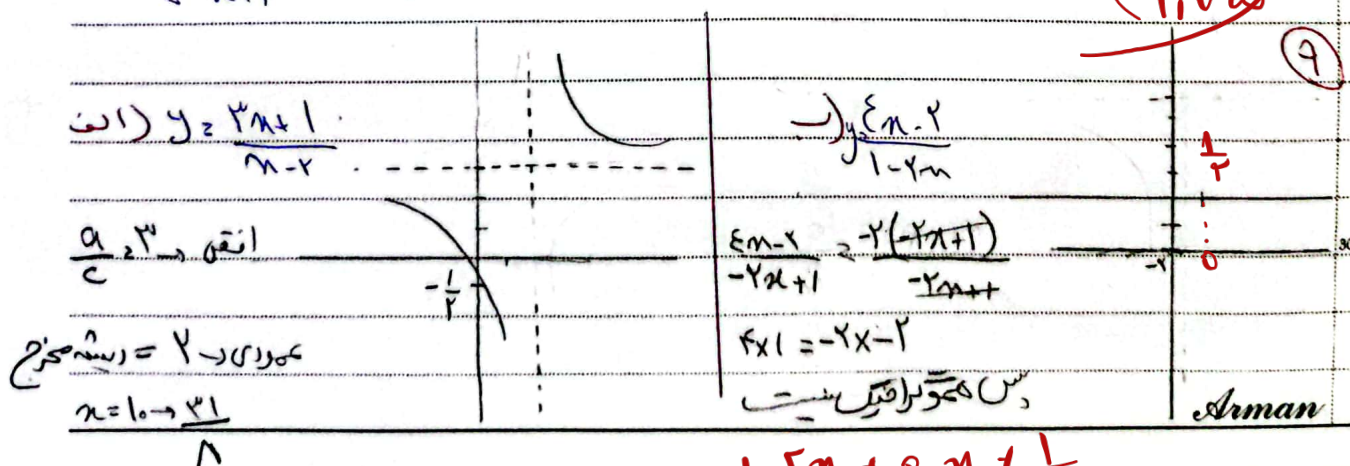
پہلے ترین توان محدود فرس برد $\rightarrow n^v + 3m^e + 2m + 1 = 1R$ (الف)

$$\rightarrow y = \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 1} = \sqrt{(-\infty, +\infty)} = [0, +\infty)$$

$$\frac{y^{n+1}}{n-2} \rightarrow \frac{y^{n+1}}{n-2} \cdot y \rightarrow \frac{y^{n+1}}{y-2} \rightarrow \frac{y^{n+1}}{y-2} = x \quad R_F = \mathbb{R} - \{2\}$$

$$\frac{3}{1} = 3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R} - \{3\} \quad \mathbb{R} - \left\{ \frac{3}{1} \right\} = \mathbb{R} - \{3\}$$

ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\frac{f(x+1)}{x^n}} \rightarrow \sqrt[n]{\frac{x}{1}} = \sqrt[n]{x} \rightarrow +\infty \rightarrow [0, +\infty) - \{x\}$



$$1.5\pi \neq 0 \neq \frac{1}{\sqrt{}}$$

نمره سارادت عینه
 (۱۵)
 (۳)
 $R_F = [2 + \infty)$

الف $\cos^2 x + \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} \rightarrow a + \frac{1}{a} \rightarrow$

ب $y = \sqrt[3]{\frac{x^2+1}{x}} \rightarrow \sqrt[3]{x + \frac{1}{x}} \rightarrow R_F = (-\infty, \sqrt[3]{-2}] \cup [\sqrt[3]{2}, +\infty)$

چون x می تواند هر عددی باشد: $(هم \oplus هم \ominus)$ و هم منظور اسکال فرضه فرد است