

بازن ریاضی / تکلیف ۱۸ / تمرین ۱۸

$f(n) = \frac{n}{ n } \Rightarrow n > 0$ (1) $\oplus \checkmark \ominus \checkmark \oplus \checkmark$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$ $g(n) = \frac{ n }{n} \Rightarrow n > 0$ $D_g = \mathbb{R}^+$ $x \sim$ نیست	$f(n) = \frac{\sin n (\sin n - 1)}{\sin n}$ (2) $\sin n$ $D_f = \mathbb{R}$ $g(n) = \sin n$ $D_g = \mathbb{R}$ $\checkmark$ نیست	$f(n) = \frac{(n+1)(n+2) + n + 1}{n^2 + 6n + 1}$ (3) $f(n) = \frac{n^2 + 6n + 1}{n^2 + 6n + 1} = 1$ $D_f = \mathbb{R}$ $g(n) = 1$ $D_g = \mathbb{R}$ $\checkmark$ نیست	$f(n) = \sqrt{n n }$ (4) $\oplus \checkmark \oplus \checkmark \oplus \checkmark$ $D_f = [0, +\infty)$ $g(n) = n$ $D_g = \mathbb{R}$ $x \sim$ نیست
$\frac{n^2 - n}{n - 1} = n + 1$ (5) $n^2 - n = n^2 - n$ $\checkmark$ $g(1) = 1 + 1 = 2$ $\checkmark$ $\checkmark$ نیست	$f(n) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n - n }}$ (7) $n - n > 0 \Rightarrow n > n$ $D_f = \emptyset$ $g(n) \rightarrow n - n < 0$ $n > n \Rightarrow \oplus \checkmark \oplus \checkmark \oplus \checkmark$ $D_g = \mathbb{R}^-$ $D_g \neq D_f$ $x \sim$ نیست	$f(n) = \frac{1}{[n]}$ (6) $g(n) = \frac{1}{[n]}$ $[n] \neq [m]$ $D_f \neq D_g$ $x \sim$ نیست	$f(n) = \left[\frac{n}{n+1} \right]$ (8) $f(n) = 0$ $D_f = \mathbb{R}$ $g(n) = [n - [n]] = 0$ $[n] - [n] = 0$ $g(n) = 0$ $D_g = \mathbb{R}$ $\checkmark$ نیست
$f(n) = g(n) = n^2 - n + 1$ $f(n) + g(n) = n^2 + n + 1$ $f(n) = n^2 + 1$ $g(n) = n$ $\checkmark$ $f'(n) - g'(n) = (2n) - (1) = 2n - 1$ $(n^2 + 1) - (n) = n^2 + 1 - n$ $f'(n) - g'(n) = 2n - 1$			
$f(n) = n - \sqrt{n^2 - 1}$ $g(n) = n + \sqrt{n^2 - 1}$ $D_f = n^2 - 1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow n \geq 1$ $D_g = n^2 - 1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow n \geq 1$ $(-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty)$			
$g(n) = \frac{n - b}{n^2 - cn - d}$, $f(n) = \frac{an + r}{n^2 + mn + n}$ $n^2 - cn - d = (n - \delta)(n + r)$ $\delta = \frac{d}{r}$ $r = -\frac{d}{\delta}$ $\frac{n - b}{n^2 - cn - d} = \frac{an + r}{n^2 + mn + n}$ $\frac{n - b}{n^2 - cn - d} = \frac{an + r}{n^2 - \frac{d}{\delta}n - \frac{d}{\delta}}$ $\frac{n - b}{n^2 - cn - d} = \frac{an + r}{n^2 - \frac{d}{\delta}n - \frac{d}{\delta}}$ $\frac{n - b}{n^2 - cn - d} = \frac{an + r}{n^2 - \frac{d}{\delta}n - \frac{d}{\delta}}$			

$$f(m) = \frac{bm+r}{am+b} \quad g(m) = c \quad \frac{bm+r}{am+b} = c \Rightarrow c(am+b) = bm+r \quad \text{①}$$

$$\Rightarrow ac = b, \quad bxc = r, \quad \left(c = \frac{b}{a}\right)$$

$$bx \frac{b}{a} = r \Rightarrow \frac{b^2}{a} = r \quad b^2 = ra \quad b = \pm \sqrt{ra}$$

$$m=9 \Rightarrow 1a+b=0 \quad 1a=-b \quad \left(a = -\frac{b}{1}\right)$$

$$\frac{ab}{c} = \frac{-\frac{b}{1} \cdot b}{\frac{b}{1}} = -b \rightarrow \pm \epsilon$$

$$f = \{(1, c), (4, d), (9, e), (1, 0)\} \quad g = \{(-1, e), (4, e), (9, -e), (0, \frac{1}{e})\}$$

$$g(m) = \{(4, e), (9, -e), (-1, -e), (0, 0)\} \quad \frac{fg}{f+g} = \{(-1, +e), (4, -1), (9, -e)\}$$

$$D_f \cap D_g = \{-1, 4, 9\}$$

$$R = \{+e, 1, e\}$$

$$f\left(\frac{r}{d}, a\right), \left(-\frac{r}{d}, \frac{a-rb}{d}\right), (c, d), (r, d) = g(m)\{(r-1), (-r, 1), (a-rb, d)\}$$

$$\frac{r(a-rb+1)}{-r-rb} = 1 \Rightarrow -r+1 = -r-rb \Rightarrow rb = -1$$

$$\begin{aligned} d &= a = -1 \\ b &= -r \\ a &= d = -1 \\ c &= d \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -1 - (rx-r) &= -1 - (rx-r) \\ -1 - rx + r &= -1 - rx + r \\ -1 - rx &= -1 - rx \\ -1 - rx &= -1 - rx \end{aligned}$$

$$d+c = d-1 = \delta$$

$$f(m) = \sqrt{-m^2 + m - m}$$

$$g(m) = \{(a, b)\}$$

$$a+b = \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)$$

$$\sqrt{-(m^2 - m + m)} = \sqrt{-(m - \frac{1}{r})^2}$$

$$f(m) = -m + \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow m=0 \quad f(0) = 0 + \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow \left(0, \frac{1}{r}\right)$$

$$f(m) = \frac{rm+a}{m^2-4m+b}$$

$$g(m) = \frac{r}{m-c}$$

$$b, 9 \quad c = -c \quad a, 9$$

$$m^2-4m+9 = (m-c)^2$$

$$(-r)$$

$$a+b+c \quad 4+9-r = 11$$

$$\frac{rm+a}{(m-c)^2} = \frac{r}{m-c} \Rightarrow rm+1a-1rm = rm^2-4m+am-ca$$

$$rm+1a-1rm = rm^2-4m+am-ca$$

$$a=9$$