

الف) $f(x) = x|x| \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 0 \rightarrow x^2 \geq 0$ $f(x) = \sqrt{x|x|} = \sqrt{x \cdot x} = \sqrt{x^2} = |x| = x$ سوال ۱

د

$f(x) = x = g(x)$ $f(x) = [0, +\infty)$ $g(x) = \mathbb{R}$ X مقدار $[0, +\infty)$ برابر نیست

ب) $f(x) = \frac{(x+4)(x+1) + x + 4}{x^2 + 5x + 4} \rightarrow f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 4x + 4 + x + 4}{x^2 + 5x + 4} = \frac{x^2 + 5x + 8}{x^2 + 5x + 4}$
 $g(x) = 1$

$\checkmark$ $Df = \mathbb{R}$ $Dg = \mathbb{R}$ $Df = Dg$ برابر است $\rightarrow 4x - 2x = 2x$

ج) $f(x) = \frac{x \sin x (x \sin x - 3)}{x \sin x - 3} = x \sin x$ $f(x) = x \sin x = g(x)$

$x \sin x - 3 = 0 \rightarrow x \sin x = 3 \rightarrow \sin x = \frac{3}{x}$
 $\frac{3}{x} > 1$ $Df = \mathbb{R}$ $Dg = Df$ برابر است

د) $f(x) = \frac{x}{|x|}$, $g(x) = \frac{|x|}{x}$

$x > 0 \rightarrow f(x) = \frac{x}{x} = 1$, $g(x) = \frac{x}{x} = 1$

$x < 0 \rightarrow f(x) = \frac{x}{-x} = -1$, $g(x) = \frac{-x}{x} = -1$

$Df = Dg$ برابر است X

سوال ۲

الف) $f(x) = \left[\frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 + 1} \right] = \left[1 - \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} \right] = \gamma [1] = 0$ $g(x) = [x - [x]] = 0$ ثابت صفر
 $Df = Dg$ برابر است X

ب) $f = \frac{1}{[x]}$ $Df = [x] \neq 0$ $x \in [0, \frac{1}{x})$

$Dg = x[x] \neq 0$ $[x] \neq 0$ $x \in [0, 1)$ $Df \neq Dg$ برابر نیست X

ج) $Df \neq \emptyset$ $Dg = (-\infty, 0)$ $Df \neq Dg$ برابر نیست X

د) $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + x & x = 1 \\ x & x \neq 1 \end{cases}$ $g(x) = x^2 + x$ $g(1) = f(1)$ برابر است X
 $Df = Dg = \mathbb{R}$ $g(x) = f(x)$

$$f^r(n) - g^r(n) = (f(n) - g(n))(f(n) + g(n)) \rightarrow$$

(K) low (7)

$$(n^r - n + 1)(n^r + n + 1) = n^r + n^{r+1} + 1$$

$$f(n) - g(n) = n^r - n + 1 \rightarrow f(n) = n^r + 1$$

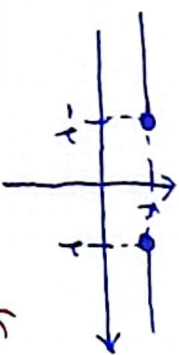
$$f(n) + g(n) = n^r + n + 1 \quad g(n) = n$$

$$f(n) = n - \sqrt{n^r - r} \rightarrow n^r - r \gg 0 \rightarrow n^r \gg r \quad \begin{cases} n \geq r \\ n \leq -r \end{cases} \quad Df = (-\infty, -r] \cup [r, +\infty)$$

(K) low

$$g(n) = n + \sqrt{n^r - r} \rightarrow n^r - r \gg 0 \rightarrow n^r \gg r \quad \begin{cases} n \geq r \\ n \leq -r \end{cases} \quad Dg = (-\infty, -r] \cup [r, +\infty)$$

$$f \cdot g = (-\infty, -r] \cup [r, +\infty) \quad f \cdot g = n^r - (n^r - r) = r$$



$$\frac{an+r}{n^r-mn+n} = \frac{n-b}{r n^r - r n - a} = r a n^r - r a n^r - a a n + r n^r - a n - 10 =$$

(K) low (7)

$$r(n^r - \frac{r}{r} n - \frac{a}{r}) \rightarrow$$

$$m = \frac{r}{r} \quad n = -\frac{a}{r} \quad \rightarrow \frac{a n + r}{n^r - \frac{r}{r} n - \frac{a}{r}} = \frac{n-b}{r(n^r - \frac{r}{r} n - \frac{a}{r})}$$

$$r a n + \sum = n - b \rightarrow a = \frac{r}{r} \quad b = -r \quad a m - b n = \frac{r}{r} - 10 = -\frac{r}{r}$$

$$AC = b$$

$$b = r \rightarrow AC = r \rightarrow c = \pm \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\rightarrow c = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{r} \rightarrow b = r \rightarrow \frac{ab}{c} = -r$$

$$\rightarrow c = -\frac{1}{r} \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow b = -r \rightarrow \frac{ab}{c} = +r$$

سوال 49

$$\frac{r}{f} = \frac{\{(r \wedge r) \wedge (r \wedge r) \wedge (-1 \wedge -1) \wedge (a \wedge a)\}}{\{(r \wedge r) \wedge (r \wedge r) \wedge (-1 \wedge -1)\}}$$

$$R = \{(r \wedge r) \wedge (r \wedge r) \wedge (-1 \wedge -1)\}$$

سوال 49

3

سوال 48

$$a = -1$$

$$-r - rb = +1 \rightarrow -rb = r \rightarrow b = -r \quad a + c = r$$

$$a - rh = c \rightarrow -1 - r(-r) = a \rightarrow c = a$$

