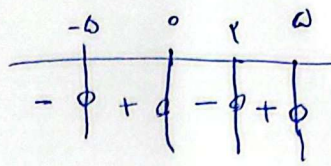


$nf(x) \geq 0$

مورد اول:

$n=1$   
 $f(x) = -5, 2, 5$



~~Handwritten scribble~~

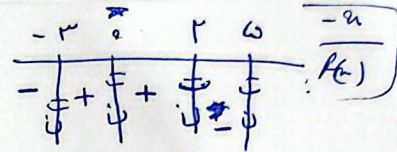
$D_f = [-5, 0] \cup [2, 5]$

1

$\frac{n}{f(x)} \leq 0$

مورد دوم:

$n=0$   
 $f(x) = 0, 2, 5, -3$



$D_f = (-3, 2) - \{0\} \rightarrow -2, -1, 1$

2

$f(x) - f(x) = x^2 - 2x^2 + \epsilon \Rightarrow -f(x) = x \Rightarrow f(x) = -x$

$f(-x) = \frac{x(-x)}{+ \epsilon} = \frac{-x^2}{\epsilon}$

$f(-x) = 10$

3

$f(1) = \frac{1}{1+1} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow f(0) = \frac{0}{0+1} = 0$   
 $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$   
 $f(f(0)) + f(f(1)) = 0 + \frac{1/2}{1/2+1} = \frac{1/2}{3/2} = \frac{1}{3}$

4

$f(n-1) - f(n) = 4n + 1$

$a(n-1)^2 - b(n-1) + c - (an^2 + bn + c) = 4n + 1$

$-2an + a - b + c - bn - c = 4n + 1$   
 $-2an + a - bn - c = 4n + 1$

$(-2a - b)n = 4n + 1 - a + c$

$i) n=0 \rightarrow a+b=1$

$ii) n=1 \rightarrow a+b=1$

$\rightarrow a-b = -1$

$a-b = -1$

$\left. \begin{matrix} a+b=1 \\ a-b=-1 \end{matrix} \right\} \begin{matrix} a=-1 \\ a=0 \\ b=2 \end{matrix}$

5



$f(x) = \frac{ax^2 + \epsilon ax + \delta}{ax^2 + \epsilon ax + \nu} = \frac{(a+x)^2 + 1}{(a+x)^2 + \nu} \rightarrow P(\sqrt{\nu} - 1) = \frac{(\sqrt{\nu} + 1)^2 + 1}{(\sqrt{\nu} + 1)^2 + \nu} = \left\{ \frac{-1}{\sqrt{\nu}} \right\}$	6		
$f\left(x - \frac{1}{ax}\right) = ax^2 + \frac{1}{ax} \rightarrow \underbrace{\left(x - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^2}_{-1} + 1 = (-1)^2 + 1 = \boxed{11}$	7		
<p>الف) <math>g(x) = \sqrt{a-x^2} \rightarrow a^2 \leq x \rightarrow -a \leq x \leq a</math></p> $\frac{f}{g} = \left\{ \left(0, \frac{a}{\sqrt{a}}\right), \left(1, \frac{-a}{\sqrt{a}}\right), \left(2, \frac{0}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \right\}$ $= \left\{ \left(0, \frac{a}{\sqrt{a}}\right), \left(1, -\sqrt{a}\right), \left(2, 0\right) \right\}$	<p>ب) <math>\frac{g}{f} = \left\{ \left(0, \frac{\sqrt{a}}{a}\right), \left(1, \frac{-\sqrt{a}}{a}\right) \right\}</math></p> <p>ج) <math>\frac{f}{g}</math> دونهه موجوده اورد تعريف غير ليد</p>		
<p>الف) <math>\left\{ (2, 2), (3, 1), (-5, 4), (1, -4) \right\}</math></p>	<p>ب) <math>\left\{ (1, 2), (3, 5), (-5, 3), (1, -1) \right\}</math></p>	<p>ج) <math>\left\{ (2, 4), (3, 4), (-5, 13), (1, 13) \right\}</math></p>	<p>د) <math>\left\{ (1, 1), \left(\frac{3}{2}, 4\right), \left(\frac{-5}{3}, 2\right), \left(\frac{1}{2}, 2\right) \right\}</math></p>
<p>الف) <math>A \cdot g = \left\{ (1, 2), (2, 2), (3, 2), (4, 2) \right\}</math></p> <p>ب) <math>\frac{fA}{g} = \left\{ \left(2, \frac{4}{1}\right), \left(3, \frac{4}{1}\right) \right\} = \left\{ (2, 4), (3, -2) \right\}</math></p> <p><math>fA = \left\{ (2, 4), (3, 4), (1, 8), (3, 2), (5, 4) \right\}</math></p>		10	