

$$(a+b)^4 = a^4 + 4a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + b^4$$

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الف) $y = \frac{x+4}{x^2-4x^2+31x-15} \rightarrow 4x^3-16x^2+31x-15 \neq 0 \rightarrow (x-1)(4x^2-12x+15) \neq 0$
 $\rightarrow x-1 \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq 1$
 $\rightarrow 4x^2-12x+15 \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{144-4(4)(15)}}{2(4)} = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{144-240}}{8} = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{-100}}{8}$
 $\Rightarrow x \neq \frac{12+4i}{8}, x \neq \frac{12-4i}{8} \Rightarrow x \neq \frac{3+i}{2}, x \neq \frac{3-i}{2}$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1, \frac{3+i}{2}, \frac{3-i}{2}\}$

ب) $y = \frac{x+4}{x^2-4x^2+31x-15} \rightarrow 4x^3-16x^2+31x-15 \neq 0 \rightarrow (x+1)(4x^2-20x-15) \neq 0$
 $\rightarrow x+1 \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq -1$
 $\rightarrow 4x^2-20x-15 \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \frac{20 \pm \sqrt{400+240}}{8} = \frac{20 \pm \sqrt{640}}{8} = \frac{20 \pm 8\sqrt{10}}{8} = \frac{5 \pm 2\sqrt{10}}{2}$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-1, \frac{5+2\sqrt{10}}{2}, \frac{5-2\sqrt{10}}{2}\}$

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الف) $y = \frac{x+1}{x-\sqrt{3-2x}} \rightarrow 3-2x \geq 0 \rightarrow 3 \geq 2x \rightarrow \frac{3}{2} \geq x \rightarrow (1, \frac{3}{2}]$
 $\rightarrow x^2+2x-3 \neq 0 \rightarrow (x+3)(x-1) \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq -3, x \neq 1$
 $\Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 1, \frac{3}{2}] - \{-3, 1\}$

ب) $y = \frac{x+2}{x-\sqrt{3x-2}} \rightarrow 3x-2 \geq 0 \rightarrow 3x \geq 2 \rightarrow x \geq \frac{2}{3} \rightarrow (\frac{2}{3}, +\infty)$
 $\rightarrow x^2-3x+2 \neq 0 \rightarrow (x-1)(x-2) \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq 1, x \neq 2$
 $\Rightarrow D_f = [\frac{2}{3}, +\infty) - \{1, 2\}$

الف) $y = \frac{\sin x}{x \cos x - 1} \rightarrow x \cos x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cos x \neq \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow \text{Unit Circle Diagram} \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}, 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}\}$

ب) $y = \frac{\cos x + 1}{x \sin x + 1} \rightarrow x \sin x + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \sin x \neq -\frac{1}{x} \rightarrow \text{Unit Circle Diagram} \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{2}, 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}\}$

ج) $y = \frac{\tan x + 2}{\cot x - 1} \rightarrow \cot x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cot x \neq 1 \rightarrow \tan x \neq 1 \rightarrow \text{Unit Circle Diagram} \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi, k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}\}$

د) $y = \frac{\sin x + 1}{x \sin^2 x - 3} \rightarrow x \sin^2 x - 3 \neq 0 \rightarrow \sin^2 x \neq \frac{3}{x} \rightarrow \sin x \neq \pm \sqrt{\frac{3}{x}} \rightarrow \text{Unit Circle Diagram} \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{2}\}$

الف) $x^2-5x+4 > 0 \rightarrow (x-1)(x-4) > 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{+} \frac{4}{-} \frac{+}{+} \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 1) \cup (4, +\infty)$

ب) $x^2-4x+5 < 0 \rightarrow (x-1)(x-5) < 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{+} \frac{5}{-} \frac{+}{+} \rightarrow D_f = (1, 5)$

ج) $x^2+4x+5 \geq 0 \rightarrow (x+1)(x+5) \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-5}{+} \frac{-1}{-} \frac{+}{+} \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -5] \cup [-1, +\infty)$

د) $x^2-4x+4 \leq 0 \rightarrow (x-1)(x-2) \leq 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{+} \frac{2}{-} \frac{+}{+} \rightarrow D_f = [1, 2]$

الف) $\frac{x^2-4x+4}{x-5} < 0 \rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x-2)}{x-5} < 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{-} \frac{2}{+} \frac{5}{-} \frac{+}{+} \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 1) \cup (2, 5)$

ب) $\frac{x^2-1}{x^2-4x+5} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{(x-1)(x-5)} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{+} \frac{1}{-} \frac{5}{-} \frac{+}{+} \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -1] \cup (5, +\infty)$

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ا) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 4x + 4}{x^2 - 1}} \rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x-2)}{x^2 - 1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{x-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow D_f = [1, +\infty)$

ب) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 4x + 4}{x^2 - 1}} \rightarrow x^2 - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow x^2 \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq \pm 1 \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\pm 1\}$

ا) $y = \log(x^2 - 3x) \rightarrow x^2 - 3x > 0 \rightarrow x(x-3) > 0 \rightarrow \frac{0}{+|-|-|+} \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 0) \cup (3, +\infty)$

ب) $y = \log_{|x|-2}^{14-x^2} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 14-x^2 > 0 \rightarrow 14 > x^2 \rightarrow -\sqrt{14} < x < \sqrt{14} \\ |x|-2 > 0 \rightarrow |x| > 2 \rightarrow x > 2, x < -2 \\ |x|-2 \neq 1 \rightarrow |x| \neq 3 \rightarrow x \neq \pm 3 \end{cases} \rightarrow D_f = (-\sqrt{14}, -2) \cup (2, \sqrt{14}) - \{\pm 3\}$

ج) $y = \log_{10-x}^{\frac{x^2-4x+4}{x^2-1}} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 10-x > 0 \rightarrow 10 > x \\ 10-x \neq 1 \rightarrow 9 \neq x \\ \frac{x^2-4x+4}{x^2-1} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{(x-2)^2}{(x-1)(x+1)} > 0 \rightarrow x > 2 \end{cases} \rightarrow D_f = (2, 10) - \{9\}$

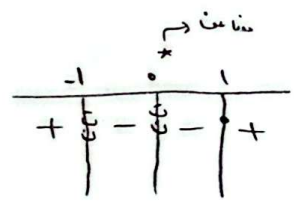
د) $y = \sqrt{x^2 - 11x + 28} + \log_{\sqrt{3x-x^2}} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x^2 - 11x + 28 \geq 0 \rightarrow (x-4)(x-7) \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq 4 \text{ or } x \geq 7 \\ \sqrt{3x-x^2} > 0 \rightarrow 3x-x^2 > 0 \rightarrow x > 0 \text{ and } x < 3 \end{cases} \rightarrow D_f = (0, 4] \cup [7, +\infty)$

$y = \frac{x^2 - x}{x^2 + x} \rightarrow \frac{x(x-1)}{x(x+1)}$

مشتق اول:

	-1	0	1
$x^2 - x$	+	+	-
$x^2 + x$	+	-	+

مشتق دوم:



$y = \sqrt{\frac{x-f(x)}{f(x)}} \rightarrow \frac{x-f(x)}{f(x)} \geq 0 \Rightarrow D_f = (-1, -1] \cup (1, 3]$

	-2	-1	1	3
$x-f(x)$	-	-	+	+
$f(x)$	+	-	-	+

ا) $f(x)+1$

ب) $f(x-1)$

ج) $-f(x)$

د) $f(x+1)+2$

