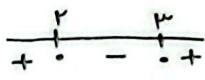
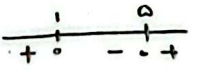
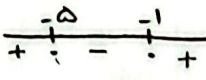
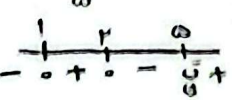


نام و نام خانوادگی: پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۹۰۰ کلاس:				
الف) $\frac{x+1}{x^3-10x^2+11x-10}$ $\begin{array}{r} x^3-10x^2+11x-10 \overline{) 1x^3-10x^2+11x-10} \\ \underline{-1x^3+10x^2-11x+10} \\ 0 \end{array}$ $\frac{1x-1}{x^3-10x^2+11x-10} \rightarrow \frac{1}{(x-1)(x-10)(x-1)}$ $IR - \{1, 10\}$		ب) $\frac{x+1}{x^3-10x^2+11x-10}$ $IR - \{-1, 2, -\frac{2}{3}\}$ $\begin{array}{r} x^3-10x^2+11x-10 \overline{) 1x^3-10x^2+11x-10} \\ \underline{-1x^3+10x^2-11x+10} \\ 0 \end{array}$ $\frac{1x-1}{x^3-10x^2+11x-10} \rightarrow \frac{1}{(x-1)(x-10)(x-1)}$ $IR - \{1, 10\}$		
الف) $y = \frac{x+1}{x-\sqrt{x^2-1}}$ $D_f = (-\infty, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}] - \{1, 1\}$ $\begin{array}{l} x^2-1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 1 \rightarrow x \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ x-\sqrt{x^2-1} \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \sqrt{x^2-1} \\ x^2 \neq x^2-1 \rightarrow x^2+x^2-1 \neq 0 \\ (x+1)(x-1) \neq 0 \end{array}$		ب) $y = \frac{x+1}{x-\sqrt{x^2-1}}$ $\begin{array}{l} x^2-1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 1 \rightarrow x \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ x-\sqrt{x^2-1} \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \sqrt{x^2-1} \\ x^2 \neq x^2-1 \rightarrow x^2+x^2-1 \neq 0 \\ (x+1)(x-1) \neq 0 \end{array}$ $D_f = [\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, +\infty) - \{1, 1\}$		
الف) $y = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x - 1}$ $\begin{array}{l} \cos x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cos x \neq 1 \\ \cos x \neq \frac{1}{1} \end{array}$  $D_f = 2k\pi - \{\pm \frac{\pi}{2}\}$	ب) $y = \frac{\cos x + 1}{\sin x + 1}$ $\begin{array}{l} \sin x + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \sin x \neq -1 \\ \sin x \neq -1 \rightarrow \sin x \neq -\frac{1}{1} \end{array}$  $D_f = 2k\pi - \{\frac{11\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}\}$	ج) $y = \frac{\tan x + 1}{\cot x - 1}$ $\begin{array}{l} \cot x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cot x \neq 1 \\ \cot x \neq 1 \rightarrow \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \neq 1 \end{array}$  $D_f = 2k\pi - \{k\pi, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}\}$	د) $y = \frac{\sin x + 1}{\sin^2 x - 1}$ $\begin{array}{l} \sin^2 x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \sin^2 x \neq 1 \\ \sin^2 x \neq 1 \rightarrow \sin x \neq \pm \frac{1}{1} \end{array}$  $D_f = 2k\pi - \{\pm \frac{\pi}{2}, \pm \frac{3\pi}{2}\}$	
الف) $x^2-5x+4 > 0$ $(x-1)(x-4) > 0$  $D_f = (-\infty, 1) \cup (4, +\infty)$	ب) $x^2-4x+5 < 0$ $(x-1)(x-5) < 0$  $D_f = (1, 5)$	ج) $x^2+4x+5 \geq 0$ $(x+1)(x+5) \geq 0$  $D_f = (-\infty, -5] \cup [-1, +\infty)$	د) $x^2-4x+4 \leq 0$ $(x-1)(x-4) \leq 0$  $D_f = [1, 4]$	
الف) $\frac{x^2-13x+1}{x-5} < 0$ $\frac{(x-1)(x-13)}{x-5} < 0$  $D_f = (-\infty, 1) \cup (5, 13) \cup (13, +\infty)$	ب) $\frac{x^2-1}{x^2-4x+5} > 0$ $\frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{(x-1)(x-5)} > 0$  $D_f = (-\infty, -1] \cup (5, +\infty)$			

$\omega) \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{x^2 - 1}} =$ $\frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{x^2 - 1} \geq 0$ $\frac{(x-1)(x-6)}{(x-1)(x+1)} \geq 0$ $\frac{1}{x-1} \cdot \frac{1}{x+1}$	$\psi) y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{x^2 - 1}}$ $x^2 - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \pm 1$ $IR - \{\pm 1\}$	6																
$\omega) y = \log(x^2 - 13x)$ $x^2 - 13x > 0$ $x(x - 13) > 0$ $(-\infty, 0) \cup (13, +\infty)$	$\psi) \log \frac{14 - x^2}{ x - 2}$ $14 - x^2 > 0 \rightarrow (x-4)(x+4) > 0$ $ x - 2 > 0 \rightarrow x > 2$ $x > 2, x < -2$ $ x - 2 \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \pm 2$ $(-4, -2) \cup (2, 4) - \{-2, 2\}$	7																
$y = \frac{x^2 - x}{x^2 + x} = \frac{x(x-1)}{x(x+1)}$ <table border="1"> <tr> <td></td> <td>-1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$x^2 - x$</td> <td>+</td> <td>+</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$x^2 + x$</td> <td>+</td> <td>-</td> <td>+</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$P(x)$</td> <td>+</td> <td>-</td> <td>+</td> </tr> </table>				-1	0	1	$x^2 - x$	+	+	-	$x^2 + x$	+	-	+	$P(x)$	+	-	+
	-1	0	1															
$x^2 - x$	+	+	-															
$x^2 + x$	+	-	+															
$P(x)$	+	-	+															
$\sqrt{\frac{x - f(x)}{f(x)}}$ $\frac{x - f(x)}{f(x)} \geq 0$ $f(x) \neq 0$	$x - f(x) = 0 \rightarrow x = f(x)$ $x = 13, -1$ $f(x) = 0 \rightarrow x = 2, -2$ $(-2, -1] \cup (2, 13]$																	
$\omega) f(x) + 1$	$\psi) f(x-1)$	$2.) -f(x)$																
$f(x+1) + 2$																		