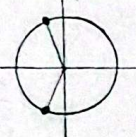
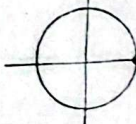
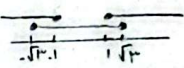
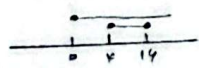
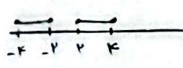
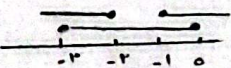
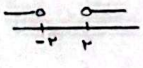
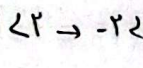
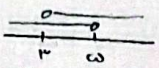
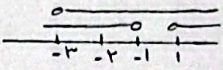
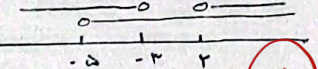
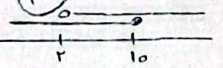
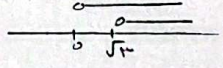


الف) $y = \frac{\sin x - 1}{1 + \cos x}$	$1 + \cos x \neq 0 \rightarrow \cos x \neq -1 \rightarrow x \neq \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi$		$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$	۱
ب) $y = \frac{\sin x + 1}{\cos x - 1}$	$\cos x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cos x \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq 2k\pi$		$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2k\pi k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$	۱
الف) $y = \frac{1 + \sin x}{\tan x + 1}$	$\tan x + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \tan x \neq -1$ $\tan = \frac{\sin}{\cos} = \frac{y}{x} \rightarrow x \neq 0$		$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4} k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$	۲
ب) $y = \frac{\cos x + 1}{\cot x - 1}$	$\cot x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cot x \neq 1$ $\cot = \frac{\cos}{\sin} = \frac{x}{y} \rightarrow y \neq 0$		$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$	۲
الف) $\sin y = x^2 - 2$	$-1 \leq x^2 - 2 \leq 1 \rightarrow 1 \leq x^2 \leq 3 \rightarrow x \leq -1 \text{ or } x \geq 1$		$D_f = [-\sqrt{3}, -1] \cup [1, \sqrt{3}]$	۳
ب) $y = \arccos(\sqrt{x} - 3)$	$\sqrt{x} \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 0$ $-1 \leq \sqrt{x} - 3 \leq 1 \rightarrow 2 \leq \sqrt{x} \leq 4 \rightarrow 4 \leq x \leq 16$		$D_f = [4, 16]$	۳
الف) $\cos y = x - 2$	$-1 \leq x - 2 \leq 1 \rightarrow 1 \leq x \leq 3 \rightarrow x \leq -3 \text{ or } x \geq 3$		$D_f = [-3, -1] \cup [1, 3]$	۳
ب) $y = \arcsin(x^2 + 2x + 1)$	$-1 \leq x^2 + 2x + 1 \leq 1 \rightarrow x^2 + 2x + 2 \geq 0 \rightarrow (x+1)^2 \geq 0$ $x^2 + 2x + 1 \leq 1 \rightarrow x^2 + 2x \leq 0 \rightarrow x(x+2) \leq 0 \rightarrow -2 \leq x \leq 0$		$D_f = [-2, 0]$	۴
الف) $y = \log_{x-2} x^2 - 4$	$x^2 - 4 > 0 \rightarrow x > 2 \text{ or } x < -2$		$D_f = (-\infty, -2) \cup (2, +\infty)$	۵
ب) $y = \log_{x-2} \frac{x-1}{x}$	$\frac{x-1}{x} > 0 \rightarrow x > 1 \text{ or } x < 0$ $x-2 > 0 \rightarrow x > 2$		$D_f = (2, +\infty)$	۵

الف) $y = \log_{a-r} a-x$ $a-x > 0 \rightarrow a > x \rightarrow x < a$  $D_f = (r, a) - \{r\}$ ✓ $a-r > 0 \rightarrow x > r, a-r \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq r$ ب) $y = \log_{a+r} x^2-1$ $x^2-1 > 0 \rightarrow x^2 > 1 \rightarrow x > 1$ $x^2-1 > 0 \rightarrow x > -1 \rightarrow x < -1$  $D_f = (-r, -1) \cup (1, +\infty) - \{r\}$ ✓ $a+r > 0 \rightarrow x > -r, a+r \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq -r$	6
الف) $y = \log_{a-r} \frac{x^2-4x+4}{a-r}$ $\frac{(x-1)(x-4)}{a-r} > 0 \rightarrow x-1 > 0 \rightarrow x > 1$ $a-r \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq r$ $D_f = (1, +\infty) - \{r\}$ ب) $y = \log_{a+r} \frac{x+r}{a+r}$ $x+r > 0 \rightarrow x > -r$ $a-r > 0 \rightarrow x > r$ $x+r < 0 \rightarrow x < -r$ $a-r < 0 \rightarrow x < r$ $x < -r$ $x+r > 0 \rightarrow x > -r, x+r \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq -r$  $D_f = (-\infty, -r) \cup (r, +\infty) - \{r\}$ ✓	7
الف) $y = \sqrt{r - \log_r^{x-r}}$ $r - \log_r^{x-r} \geq 0 \rightarrow \log_r^{x-r} \leq r \rightarrow x-r \leq r \rightarrow x \leq 2r$ $x-r > 0 \rightarrow x > r$  $D_f = (r, 2r]$ ب) $y = \log(\log_r^x - 1)$ $\log_r^x - 1 > 0 \rightarrow \log_r^x > 1 \rightarrow \log_r^x \geq \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow x \geq \sqrt{r}$  $D_f = (\sqrt{r}, +\infty)$	8
الف) $y = \frac{r}{r^x+1}$ $r^x+1 \neq 0 \rightarrow r^x \neq -1 \rightarrow \log_r^{-1} = x \rightarrow$ لا يوجد حلا $D_f = \mathbb{R}$ ✓ ب) $y = \frac{r}{r^x-1}$ $r^x-1 \neq 0 \rightarrow r^x \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq 0 \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$ ✓ ج) $y = \frac{r}{r^x-r}$ $r^x-r \neq 0 \rightarrow r^x = r \rightarrow \log_r^r = x \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\log_r^r\} = \mathbb{R} - \{\frac{1}{r}\}$ ✓ د) $y = \frac{r}{r^x-r}$ $r^x-r \neq 0 \rightarrow r^x \neq r \rightarrow \log_r^r = x \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\log_r^r\}$ ✓	9
الف) $y = (f_{n+1})!$ $f_{n+1} \in \mathbb{W} \rightarrow f_n \in \mathbb{W} \rightarrow x \in \frac{\mathbb{W}-1}{r} \rightarrow D_f = \{x \mid x = \frac{k-1}{r}, k \in \mathbb{W}\}$ ✓ ب) $y = \left(\frac{f_n-r}{f_n-a}\right)!$ $\frac{f_n-r}{f_n-a} \in \frac{\mathbb{W}}{r} \rightarrow f_n-r \in r\mathbb{W} - a\mathbb{W} \rightarrow f_n-r\mathbb{W} \in -a\mathbb{W}+r$ $x(r-r\mathbb{W}) \in -a\mathbb{W}+r$ $x \in \frac{-a\mathbb{W}+r}{r-r\mathbb{W}}$ $D_f = \{x \mid x = \frac{-a\mathbb{W}+r}{r-r\mathbb{W}}, k \in \mathbb{W}\}$ ✓	10