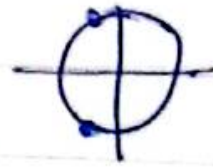


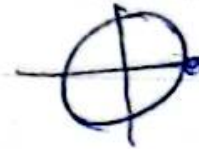
الف) $y = \frac{\sin x - 2}{2\cos x + 1}$ $2\cos x + 1 \neq 0$
 $\cos x \neq -\frac{1}{2}$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ 2k\pi + \frac{2\pi}{3}, 2k\pi + \frac{4\pi}{3} \right\}$



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ب) $y = \frac{\sin x + 2}{\cos x - 1}$ $\cos x \neq 1$



$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2k\pi\}$

الف) $y = \frac{2\sin x + 1}{\tan x + 1}$ $\tan x \neq -1$

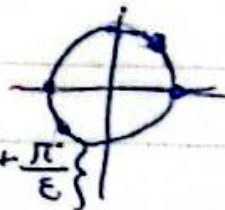
$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4} \right\}$



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ب) $y = \frac{\cos x + 1}{\cot x - 1}$ $\cot x \neq 1$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k\pi, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} \right\}$



الف) $\sin xy = \sqrt{x-2}$ $-1 \leq \sqrt{x-2} \leq 1$

$1 \leq x \leq 5 \rightarrow 1 \leq x \leq \sqrt{5}, -\sqrt{5} \leq x \leq -1$

$D_f = [1, 5] \cup [-\sqrt{5}, -1]$

ب) $y = \arccos(\sqrt{x-2})$ $\sqrt{x-2} \geq 0$ $x \geq 2$

$-1 \leq \sqrt{x-2} \leq 1$

$\rightarrow 2 \leq \sqrt{x-2} \leq 5 \rightarrow 4 \leq x \leq 27 \rightarrow D_f = [4, 27]$

ا) $\cos y = |x| - r \Rightarrow -1 \leq |x| - r \leq 1$ ب) r
 $r \leq |x| \leq r + 1 \rightarrow r \leq x \leq r + 1$

$D_f = [r, r+1] \cup [-r-1, -r]$

ب) $y = \arcsin(x^r + rx + 1) \Rightarrow -1 \leq x^r + rx + 1 \leq 1$
 $-1 \leq x^r + rx + 1 \Rightarrow 0 \leq x^r + rx + 2 \Rightarrow (x+1)(x+r) \geq 0$
 $x^r + rx \leq 0 \Rightarrow x(x+r) \leq 0$
 $\downarrow \quad \downarrow$
 $-r \quad 0$

$D_f = [-r, 0] \cup [0, \infty)$

ا) $y = \log_r x \Rightarrow x^r - \epsilon > 0 \Rightarrow x^r > \epsilon$ ب) r
 $x > r, x < -r$

$D_f = (-\infty, -r) \cup (r, \infty)$

ب) $y = \log_r |x| \Rightarrow r - |x| > 0$
 $|x| < r \Rightarrow -r < x < r$

$D_f = (-r, r)$

$$\text{اذا } y = \log \frac{2-x}{x-r}$$

$$2-x > 0$$

$$x < 2$$

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$$x-r > 0 \quad x > r$$

$$\rightarrow r < x < 2$$

$$x-r \neq 1$$

$$x \neq r$$

$$D_f = (r, 2) - \{r\}$$

$$\text{ب) } y = \log \frac{x^r-1}{x+r}$$

$$x^r-1 > 0 \quad x > 1$$

$$x > 1 \quad x < -1$$

$$x+r > 0 \quad x > -r$$

$$-r < x$$

$$x+r \neq 1 \quad x \neq -r$$

$$D_f = (-r, -1) \cup (1, \infty) - \{-r\}$$

$$\text{اذا } y = \log \frac{x^r - \epsilon x + r}{x-r}$$

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$$\frac{x^r - \epsilon x + r}{x-r} > 0 \quad \frac{(x-1)(x-r)}{x-r} > 0$$

$$-1 < x < r \quad D_f = [1, \infty) - \{r\}$$

$$a) y = \sqrt{x - \log_r(x-r)}$$

$$x - \log_r(x-r) \geq 0 \quad \log_r(x-r) \leq x$$

$$x-r \leq 1 \quad x \leq 10 \quad x-r > 0 \quad x > r$$

$$D_f = (r, 10]$$

$$b) y = \log(r \log^x_{r-1})$$

$$r \log^x_{r-1} > 0 \quad r \log^x_{r-1} > \frac{1}{r} \quad x > r^{\frac{1}{r}}$$

$$\rightarrow D_f = \left(r^{\frac{1}{r}}, +\infty\right)$$

$$c) y = \frac{x}{x^x + 1} \quad x \neq -1 \quad D_f = \mathbb{R}$$

$$d) y = \frac{x}{e^x - 1} \quad e^x \neq 1 \quad \log_e e^x \neq \log_e 1$$

$$x \neq 0 \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$$

$$e) y = \frac{x}{e^x - r} \quad e^x \neq r \quad x \neq \log_e r \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{\frac{1}{r}\right\}$$

$$f) y = \frac{x}{e^x - x} \quad e^x \neq x \quad \log_e e^x \neq \log_e x$$

$$x \neq \log_e x \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\log_e x\}$$

$$y = (x+1)!$$

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$$x+1 \in W \quad \frac{x}{x} \in \frac{W-1}{x}$$

$$D_f = \{x \mid x = \frac{k-1}{x}, k \in W\}$$

$$y = \left(\frac{rx-1}{rx-2} \right)!$$

$$\frac{rx-1}{rx-2} \in W \quad x = \frac{W-1}{rx-2} = \frac{W-1}{rx-2}$$

$$D_f = \{x \mid x = \frac{W-1}{rx-2}, k \in W\}$$