

۱۹۱۵

نام و نام خانوادگی ..... پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۴ ..... کلاس دهم ..... ویرایش

۱) الف)  $y = \sqrt{4-x} - \sqrt{2-x}$   $\begin{cases} 2-x \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq 2 \\ 2-\sqrt{2-x} \geq 0 \rightarrow 2 \geq \sqrt{2-x} \rightarrow 4 \geq 2-x \rightarrow 14 \geq -x \rightarrow -14 \leq x \end{cases} \Rightarrow D_f = [-14, 2]$

ب)  $y = \sqrt{3-x} - \sqrt{x-2}$   $\begin{cases} x-2 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 2 \\ 3-\sqrt{x-2} \geq 0 \rightarrow 3 \geq \sqrt{x-2} \rightarrow 9 \geq x-2 \rightarrow 11 \geq x \end{cases} \Rightarrow D_f = [2, 11]$

۲) الف)  $y = \sqrt{4-2x^2}$   $\rightarrow 4-2x^2 \geq 0 \rightarrow 2 \geq x^2 \rightarrow x \leq \sqrt{2} \rightarrow D_f = [-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}]$

ب)  $y = \sqrt{2|x|-1}$   $\rightarrow 2|x|-1 \geq 0 \rightarrow 2|x| \geq 1 \rightarrow |x| \geq \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -\frac{1}{2}] \cup [\frac{1}{2}, +\infty)$

۳) الف)  $y = \sqrt[3]{\frac{|x|+1}{|x|-2}}$   $\rightarrow |x|-2 \neq 0 \rightarrow |x| \neq 2 \rightarrow x \neq \pm 2 \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\pm 2\}$

ب)  $y = \sqrt[3]{\frac{\sqrt{x}+1}{\sqrt{x}-2}}$   $\begin{cases} x \geq 0 \\ \sqrt{x}-2 \neq 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{x} \neq 2 \rightarrow x \neq 4 \end{cases} \Rightarrow D_f = [0, 4) \cup (4, +\infty)$

۴) الف)  $y = \frac{\sqrt{3-|x|}}{|x|+2}$   $\rightarrow 3-|x| \geq 0 \rightarrow 3 \geq |x| \rightarrow -3 \leq x \leq 3 \rightarrow D_f = [-3, 3]$

جمع ۲ عدد مثبت منفرجه در صورت همواره مثبت است.

ب)  $y = \frac{\sqrt{4-x^2}}{|x|-1}$   $\begin{cases} 4-x^2 \geq 0 \rightarrow 2 \geq x \rightarrow -2 \leq x \leq 2 \\ |x|-1 \neq 0 \rightarrow |x| \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq \pm 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow D_f = [-2, 2] - \{-1, 1\}$

۵) الف)  $y = \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{x+|x|}}$   $\rightarrow x+|x| > 0 \rightarrow |x| > -x \rightarrow \begin{cases} \oplus 1+|x| > 0 \checkmark \\ \ominus -1+|x| > 0 \times \\ \odot 0+|x| > 0 \times \end{cases} \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R}^+$

ب)  $y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x|x|}}$   $\rightarrow x|x| > 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} \oplus 2|x| > 0 \checkmark \\ \ominus -1+|x| > 0 \times \\ \odot 0+|x| > 0 \times \end{cases} \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R}^+$



$$\text{الف) } y = \sqrt{2 - [x]} \rightarrow 2 - [x] \geq 0 \rightarrow 2 \geq [x] \rightarrow 2 > x \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 2)$$

$$\text{ب) } y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 - [x]}} \rightarrow 2 - [x] > 0 \rightarrow 2 > [x] \rightarrow 2 > x \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 2)$$

$$\text{الف) } y = \frac{1}{x[x]} \rightarrow x[x] \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq 0 \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - [0, 1)$$

$$\text{ب) } y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x[x]}} \rightarrow -x[x] > 0 \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \ominus \times \\ \oplus \times \\ \odot \times \end{matrix} \rightarrow D_f = \emptyset$$

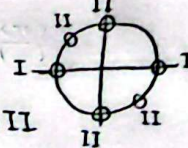
$$\text{الف) } y = \sqrt{\left[x - \frac{1}{x}\right] + \left[x + \frac{1}{x}\right]} \rightarrow \left[x - \frac{1}{x}\right] + \left[x + \frac{1}{x}\right] + 1 \geq 0 \rightarrow 2\left[x - \frac{1}{x}\right] \geq -1 \rightarrow \left[x - \frac{1}{x}\right] \geq -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow x - \frac{1}{x} \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow D_f = \left[\frac{1}{x}, +\infty\right)$$

$$\text{ب) } y = \sqrt{\left[x - \frac{1}{x}\right] + \left[-x + \frac{1}{x}\right]} \rightarrow \left[x - \frac{1}{x}\right] + \left[-\left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)\right] \geq 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} a \in \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow [a] + [-a] = 0 \\ a \notin \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow [a] + [-a] = -1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow x - \frac{1}{x} \in \mathbb{Z} \Rightarrow D_f = \left\{x \mid x = k + \frac{1}{x}, k \in \mathbb{Z}\right\}$$

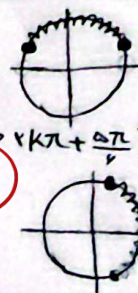
$$\text{الف) } y = \frac{1}{x \sin^2 x - 1} \rightarrow x \sin^2 x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \sin^2 x \neq \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow \sin x \neq \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{x}} \rightarrow \sin x \neq \pm \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x} \rightarrow \sin x \neq \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \star \rightarrow \sin \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} & \rightarrow \sin^2 \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{2}\right\} \\ \star \rightarrow \sin \frac{3\pi}{2} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} & \rightarrow \sin^2 \frac{3\pi}{2} = \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{k\pi, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}\right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{ب) } y = \frac{\cot x + 1}{\tan x + 1} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \cot x \neq \frac{-1}{\sin x} \rightarrow \sin x \neq 0 \rightarrow k\pi \rightarrow \text{I} \\ \tan x + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \tan x \neq -1 \rightarrow \cos x \neq 0 \rightarrow k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \vee k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow \text{II} \end{cases}$$



$$\text{الف) } y = \sqrt{x \sin x - 1} \rightarrow x \sin x - 1 \geq 0 \rightarrow \sin x \geq \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \sin 100^\circ = \frac{1}{x} \\ \sin 70^\circ = \frac{1}{x} \end{cases} \Rightarrow D_f = \left[k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{2}\right]$$



$$\text{ب) } y = \sqrt{1 - x \cos x} \rightarrow 1 - x \cos x \geq 0 \rightarrow 1 \geq x \cos x \rightarrow \frac{1}{x} \geq \cos x \rightarrow \begin{cases} \cos 0^\circ = \frac{1}{x} \\ \cos 90^\circ = \frac{1}{x} \end{cases} \Rightarrow D_f = \left[k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$$

