

$$f(x) = \sqrt{4-x}$$

$$4-x \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq 4$$

$$4-\sqrt{4-x} \geq 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{4-x} \leq 4 \rightarrow 4-x \leq 16 \rightarrow -12 \leq x$$

$$D_f = [-12, 4]$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{3-x}$$

$$3-x \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq 3$$

$$3-\sqrt{3-x} \geq 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{3-x} \leq 3 \rightarrow 3-x \leq 9 \rightarrow x \geq -6$$

$$D_f = [-6, 3]$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{4-x^2}$$

$$0 \leq 4-x^2 \rightarrow x^2 \leq 4 \rightarrow x^2 \leq 2 \rightarrow -\sqrt{2} \leq x \leq \sqrt{2}$$

$$D_f = [-\sqrt{2}, +\sqrt{2}]$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{3|x|-4}$$

$$0 \leq 3|x|-4 \rightarrow 4 \leq 3|x| \rightarrow 3 \leq |x| \rightarrow$$

$$\begin{cases} 3 \leq x \\ x \leq -3 \end{cases} \quad D_f = (-\infty, -3] \cup [3, +\infty)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{|x|+1}}{\sqrt{|x|-3}}$$

$$|x|-3 \neq 0 \rightarrow |x| \neq 3$$

$$x \neq \pm 3$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\pm 3\}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x-1}}{\sqrt{x-9}}$$

$$\sqrt{x-1} \neq 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{x} \neq 3$$

$$x \neq 9$$

$$D_f = [0, +\infty) - \{9\}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{3-|x|}}{|x|+2}$$

$$0 \leq 3-|x| \rightarrow |x| \leq 3 \rightarrow -3 \leq x \leq 3$$

$$|x|+2 \neq 0 \rightarrow |x| \neq -2$$

همیشه برقرار

منفرج عبارت همیشه
منفرج می شود.

$$D_f = [-3, 3]$$

ب) $y = \frac{\sqrt{4-x^2}}{|x|-1}$

$0 \leq 4-x^2 \rightarrow x^2 \leq 4 \rightarrow -2 \leq x \leq 2$

$|x|-1 \neq 0 \rightarrow |x| \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq \pm 1$

$D_f = [-2, 2] - \{+1, -1\}$

الف) $y = \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{x+|x|}}$ $x \in \mathbb{R}$

$\begin{cases} x+|x| & \xrightarrow{\text{if}} x > 0 & x+x=2x \\ & \xrightarrow{\text{if}} x < 0 & -x+x=0 \end{cases}$

$D_f = \mathbb{R}^+ \text{ یا } (0, +\infty)$

ب) $y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x|x|}}$

$\begin{cases} x|x| & \xrightarrow{\text{if}} x > 0 & x \cdot x = x^2 \\ & \xrightarrow{\text{if}} x < 0 & -x \cdot x = -x^2 \end{cases}$

$\frac{1}{x^2}$

$D_f = \mathbb{R}^+ \text{ یا } (0, +\infty)$

الف) $y = \sqrt{2-[x]} \rightarrow 0 \leq 2-[x] \rightarrow [x] \leq 2 \quad D_f = (-\infty, 3)$

ب) $y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-[x]}}$ $\rightarrow 0 < 2-[x] \rightarrow [x] < 2 \quad D_f = (-\infty, 2)$

الف) $y = \frac{1}{x[x]}$ $\rightarrow x[x] \neq 0 \xrightarrow{\text{if}} \begin{cases} x=0 \\ [x]=0, 1, 2, \dots \end{cases} \Rightarrow x[x] \neq 0$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - [0, 1)$

ب) $y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x[x]}}$

$\begin{cases} x > 0 \rightarrow -x \times x = -x^2 & \text{بسیار منفی} \\ x = 0 & \text{تعریف نشده} \\ x < 0 \rightarrow +x \times -x = -x^2 & \text{بسیار منفی} \end{cases}$

$D_f = \emptyset$

* عدد صحیح می تواند دارد یا فارغ برآورد شود.

الف) $x = \sqrt{[x - \frac{1}{3}] + [x + \frac{2}{3}]} \rightarrow \sqrt{[x - \frac{1}{3}] + 1 + [x + \frac{2}{3}]} \rightarrow [x + \frac{2}{3}] + [x + \frac{2}{3}] - 1 \geq 0$

$\text{Parsian } 2[x + \frac{2}{3}] \geq 1 \rightarrow [x + \frac{2}{3}] \geq \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow x + \frac{2}{3} \geq 1 \rightarrow x \geq \frac{1}{3}$

$D_f = [\frac{1}{3}, +\infty)$

ب) $\left\{ \left[x - \frac{1}{3} \right] + \left[-x + \frac{1}{3} \right] \rightarrow \left[x - \frac{1}{3} \right] + \left[-(x - \frac{1}{3}) \right] \right\} \geq 0$

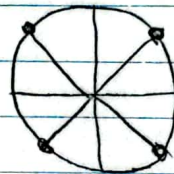
نکته: $\begin{cases} \rightarrow [a] + [-a] = 0 \xrightarrow{\text{if}} a \in \mathbb{Z} \\ \rightarrow [a] + [-a] = -1 \xrightarrow{\text{if}} a \notin \mathbb{Z} \end{cases}$

از انتخابی که ما می‌خواهیم زیر را دیدیم: $x - \frac{1}{3} \in \mathbb{Z}$ منفر نشود پس

$$x - \frac{1}{3} \in \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow D_f = \left\{ x \mid x = k + \frac{1}{3}, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$

الف) $y = \frac{1}{2 \sin^2 x - 1} \rightarrow 2 \sin^2 x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \sin^2 x \neq \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \sin x \neq \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ (9)

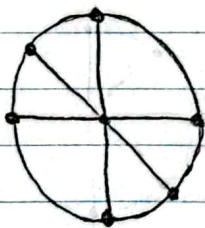
$$\sin x \neq \pm \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$



$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4} \right\}$$

ب) $y = \frac{\cot x + 1}{\tan x + 1}$

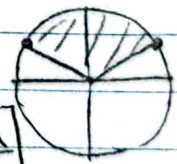
$$\frac{\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} + 1}{\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + 1} = \begin{cases} \sin x \neq 0 \\ \cos x \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \neq -1 \rightarrow \sin x \neq -\cos x \end{cases}$$



$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ \frac{k\pi}{2}, k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \right\}$$

الف) $y = \sqrt{2 \sin x - 1} \Rightarrow 2 \sin x - 1 \geq 0 \rightarrow \sin x \geq \frac{1}{2}$ (10)

$$D_f = \left[2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{6}, 2k\pi + \pi - \frac{\pi}{6} \right]$$



ب) $y = \sqrt{1 - 2 \cos x} \Rightarrow 1 - 2 \cos x \geq 0 \rightarrow 1 \geq 2 \cos x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \geq \cos x$

$$D_f = \left[2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{3}, 2k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{3} \right]$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left[2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{3}, 2k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{3} \right]$$

