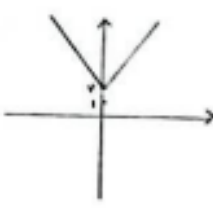
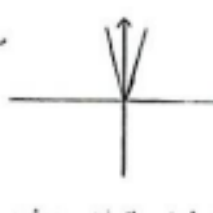
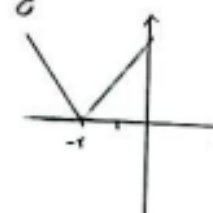
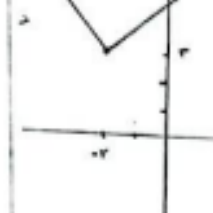
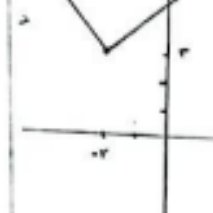
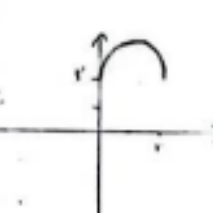
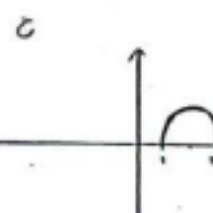
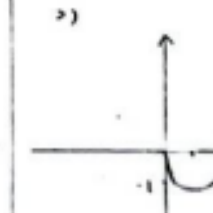
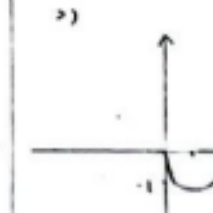
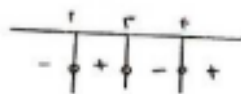


الف) $\begin{cases} x_1' = 2x + x \\ x_2' = 2x + x \end{cases} \Rightarrow x_1' = x_2' \Rightarrow x_1 = x_2$ تابع است. ب) تابع نیست. $x + x^2 = x + 2 - x = 1 \Rightarrow x = 1 \Rightarrow x = \pm 1 \Rightarrow y = \pm 1$ ج) تابع است. $\sqrt{x-4} + \sqrt{y-2} = 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{x-4} = 0 \Rightarrow x=4 \text{ و } \sqrt{y-2} = 0 \Rightarrow y=2$	۱) $x = \cos y \xrightarrow{y=0} K\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$ تابع نیست. $(90^\circ, 170^\circ)$	الف) $y = \frac{x+4}{x^2-4x} = \frac{x+4}{x(x-4)}$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{0, 4\}$ ب) $y = \frac{x+4}{x^2-4x+14} \rightarrow \Delta = b^2 - 4ac = (-4)^2 - 4 \times 14 = -12 \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R}$ ج) $y = \frac{x+4}{x^2+x+4} \rightarrow \Delta = b^2 - 4ac = 1 - 14 = -13 \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R}$	۲) $y = \frac{x+4}{x^2-4x^2}$ $x^2(x^2-4) = x^2(x-2)(x+2)$ $x^2 = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-2, 0, 2\}$ $x-2=0 \Rightarrow x=2$ $x+2=0 \Rightarrow x=-2$	الف) $y = \sqrt{4-x} + \sqrt{x-2}$ $4-x \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \leq 4$ $x-2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq 2$ $D_f = [2, 4]$ ب) $y = \frac{x+1}{x^2+1}$ $D_f = \mathbb{R}$ ج) $x^2+1=0 \Rightarrow x^2=-1$ مکانی وجود ندارد. $x^2 \neq -1$ همیشه صحت دارد.	۳) $y = \frac{\sqrt{x-2}}{x-4}$ $x-2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq 2$ $x-4=0 \Rightarrow x=4$ دهنه صحت $D_f = [2, +\infty) - \{4\}$ ۴) $y = \frac{x+3}{ x +x^2}$ $x +x^2=0 \Rightarrow x=0$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$	الف)  ب)  ج)  د)  چون x در ۲ ضرب می شود داده، نمودار از غیر فرد و زوج نمی شود	۴) 	الف)  ب)  ج)  د)  چون y را ۱ ضرب می کنند داده، جمع نمی شود	۵) 
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$$\text{الف) } y = (x-2)(x-3)(x-4)$$

$$x-2=0 \quad x-3=0 \quad x-4=0$$

$$\boxed{x=2} \quad \boxed{x=3} \quad \boxed{x=4}$$



$$\text{ب) } y = (x-2)(x-3)^2(x-4)$$

$$x-2=0 \quad x-3=0 \quad x-4=0$$

$$\boxed{x=2} \quad \boxed{x=3} \quad \boxed{x=4}$$



6

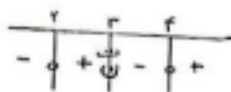
7

$$x-2=0 \quad x-4=0$$

$$\boxed{x=2} \quad \boxed{x=4}$$

$$\text{الف) } y = \frac{(x-2)(x-4)}{x-3}$$

$$x-3=0 \quad \boxed{x=3}$$

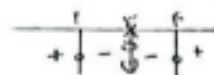


$$x-2=0 \quad x-4=0$$

$$\boxed{x=2} \quad \boxed{x=4}$$

$$\text{ب) } y = \frac{(x-2)(x-4)}{(x-3)^2}$$

$$x-3=0 \quad \boxed{x=3}$$



8

9

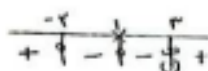
10

$$\text{الف) } y = \frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x-3} \rightarrow \text{لإيجاد إشارة } y \rightarrow \text{نحل } x^2 - 3x + 2 = 0$$

$$x-2=0$$

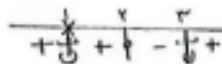
$$x-1=0$$

$$\boxed{x=2} \quad \boxed{x=1}$$



$$\text{ب) } y = \frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x^2 - 4x + 3} = \frac{(x-1)(x-2)}{(x-1)(x-3)}$$

$$\boxed{x=1} \quad \boxed{x=2} \quad \boxed{x=3}$$



$$\frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x^2 - 4x + 3} = \frac{(x-1)(x-2)}{(x-1)(x-3)}$$

$$\boxed{x=1} \quad \boxed{x=2} \quad \boxed{x=3}$$

$$\text{الف) } y = \frac{x^2 - x}{x^2 + x + 2} = \frac{x(x-1)}{x^2 + x + 2}$$

$$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac = 1 - 4 = -3 < 0$$

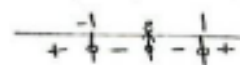
$$\text{ب) } y = \frac{x^2 + 3x + 2}{x^2 + 2x + 2} \quad \Delta = b^2 - 4ac = 9 - 4 = 5 > 0$$

$$\boxed{x=-1} \quad \boxed{x=-2}$$

$$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac = 4 - 4 = 0$$

$$\frac{x^2 + 3x + 2}{x^2 + 2x + 2} = \frac{(x+1)(x+2)}{x^2 + 2x + 2}$$

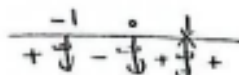
$$\boxed{x=-1} \quad \boxed{x=-2}$$



$$\text{الف) } y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 2}} \rightarrow \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 2} \geq 0$$

$$x(x-1)(x+1)$$

$$\boxed{x=-1} \quad \boxed{x=0} \quad \boxed{x=1} \quad \boxed{x=2}$$

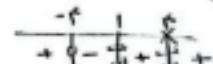


$$D_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup (0, 1) \cup (2, +\infty)$$

$$\text{ب) } y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 14}{x^2 - 4x + 4}}$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 14}{x^2 - 4x + 4} \geq 0$$

$$\boxed{x=-\sqrt{14}} \quad \boxed{x=\sqrt{14}} \quad \boxed{x=2}$$



$$D_f = (-\infty, -\sqrt{14}] \cup [2, \sqrt{14}] \cup (\sqrt{14}, +\infty)$$