

نام و نام خانوادگی درس: ریاضی، پایه: دهم پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۱۸ ... کلاس: (۱۵۰) بنجین

$$\text{الف) } \tan \frac{11\pi}{4} + \sin \frac{5\pi}{4} \cos \frac{13\pi}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{D}{180} &= \frac{R}{\pi} \cdot \frac{11\pi}{4} \rightarrow \frac{D}{180} = \frac{11\pi}{4\pi} \rightarrow D = 11 \times 40 \rightarrow D = 440 \rightarrow 360 + 180 \\ \frac{D}{180} &= \frac{R}{\pi} \cdot \frac{5\pi}{4} \rightarrow \frac{D}{180} = \frac{5\pi}{4\pi} \rightarrow D = 5 \times 40 \rightarrow D = 200 \rightarrow 360 + 200 \\ \frac{D}{180} &= \frac{R}{\pi} \cdot \frac{13\pi}{4} \rightarrow \frac{D}{180} = \frac{13\pi}{4\pi} \rightarrow D = 13 \times 40 \rightarrow D = 520 \rightarrow 360 + 160 \end{aligned}$$

$$\tan 11\pi^{\circ} + \sin 150^{\circ} \times \cos 170^{\circ}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}{+\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} = -1 + \frac{1}{2} = \left[-\frac{1}{2}\right]$$

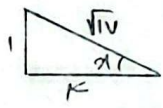
$$\text{ب) } \tan \frac{11\pi}{4} + \sin \frac{5\pi}{4} \cos \frac{13\pi}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{D}{180} &= \frac{R}{\pi} \cdot \frac{11\pi}{4} \rightarrow \frac{D}{180} = \frac{11\pi}{4\pi} \rightarrow D = 11 \times 40 \rightarrow D = 440 \rightarrow 360 + 180 \\ \frac{D}{180} &= \frac{R}{\pi} \cdot \frac{5\pi}{4} \rightarrow \frac{D}{180} = \frac{5\pi}{4\pi} \rightarrow D = 5 \times 40 \rightarrow D = 200 \rightarrow 360 + 200 \\ \frac{D}{180} &= \frac{R}{\pi} \cdot \frac{13\pi}{4} \rightarrow \frac{D}{180} = \frac{13\pi}{4\pi} \rightarrow D = 13 \times 40 \rightarrow D = 520 \rightarrow 360 + 160 \end{aligned}$$

$$\tan 11\pi^{\circ} + \sin 150^{\circ} \times \cos 170^{\circ}$$

$$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + -\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = [0]$$

$$\cot = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{F}{1}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \cos \alpha &= \frac{F}{\sqrt{1+F^2}} \\ \sin \alpha &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+F^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+F^2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+F^2}}}{\frac{F}{\sqrt{1+F^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+F^2}}} = \frac{\frac{11}{\sqrt{1+F^2}}}{\frac{\omega}{\sqrt{1+F^2}}} = \frac{\sqrt{1+F^2} \times 11}{\sqrt{1+F^2} \times \omega} = \frac{11}{\omega}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = r$$

$$1 + \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha}$$

$$1 + F = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} = \omega \rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\omega} \rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\omega}}$$

$$\text{ج) } \cos(\alpha + \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\frac{11\pi}{4} = \frac{11\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{4} \rightarrow \frac{11\pi}{4} = 135^{\circ} \rightarrow \sin 135^{\circ} = +\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\cos 135^{\circ} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} \rightarrow \cos \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{11}}{10}$$

$$\cos(\alpha + \beta) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times -\frac{\sqrt{11}}{10} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10}$$

$$\frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{10} = \frac{11}{10} - \frac{2}{10} = \frac{9}{10} = \frac{3}{10}$$

د)

$$\sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \beta \cos \alpha$$

$$\frac{11\pi}{4} = \frac{11\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{4} \rightarrow \frac{11\pi}{4} = 135^{\circ} \rightarrow \sin 135^{\circ} = +\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\cos 135^{\circ} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow \sin \beta = +\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \quad \cos \beta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{10}}$$

$$\sin(\alpha + \beta) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{10}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \times -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = -\frac{2}{2\sqrt{10}} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{10}} = -\frac{3}{2\sqrt{10}} = -\frac{3}{2\sqrt{10}}$$

$$r \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{F}{\pi}$$

$$r(1 - \cos^2 \alpha) + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{F}{\pi}$$

$$r - r \cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{F}{\pi}$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha = \frac{F}{\pi} \rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\pi}$$

$$\tan^2 \alpha = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{\frac{1}{\pi}}{\frac{F}{\pi}} = \frac{1}{F\pi} = \frac{1}{F}$$

$$\frac{q}{\frac{F\omega}{10}} = \frac{1}{r_1} \times \sqrt{r} \times 4 \times \sin \alpha \rightarrow q = \sqrt{r} \times 4 \times \sin \alpha$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{r_1 q}{4 \sqrt{r}} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{r_1 \sqrt{r}}{4 \sqrt{r}} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{4} \rightarrow 40, 120$$

$$\frac{120}{40} = \sqrt{r}$$

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$$r \times \frac{1}{r} \times r \times r \times \sin \alpha = \omega r$$

$$r^2 \alpha = \omega r \rightarrow \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \alpha = \pm \sqrt{1} \rightarrow \alpha = +\sqrt{1} \quad \text{عزل} \rightarrow \sqrt{1}$$

$$1_{\text{total}} = \sqrt{1} + \sqrt{1} + \sqrt{1} + \sqrt{1} = 10 \sqrt{1}$$

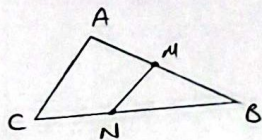
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$$S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{2} \times AB \times AC \times \sin A = \frac{1}{2} \times \omega \times V \times \sin A = \frac{r\omega}{2} \sin A$$

$$S_{ADE} = \frac{1}{2} \times AE \times AD \times \sin A = \frac{1}{2} \times r \times V \times \sin A = 1F \sin A$$

$$(14\omega - 1F) \sin A = 1, V\omega \rightarrow \sin A = \omega = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow A = 90^\circ \rightarrow \tan 90^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

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$$\frac{S(BMN)}{S(ABC)} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times \sin B \times MB \times BN}{\frac{1}{2} \times \sin B \times AB \times BC} = \frac{MB}{AB} \times \frac{BN}{BC}$$

$$r_{BN} = r_{NC}$$

$$BN = r + t$$

$$NC = r + t$$

$$\frac{BN}{BC} = \frac{r+t}{\omega t} = \frac{r}{\omega}$$

$$\frac{S(BMN)}{S(ABC)} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{BM}{AB} \times \frac{BN}{BC} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{BM}{AB} = \frac{1}{r} \times \frac{r}{\omega} = \frac{1}{\omega}$$

$$\frac{BM}{AM} = \frac{\frac{1}{\omega} AB}{\frac{1}{r} AB} = \frac{r}{\omega}$$

$$MA = AB - MB = \frac{1}{\omega} AB - \frac{1}{r} AB = \frac{r - \omega}{\omega r} AB$$

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$$\frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = -\frac{1}{\cot \alpha}$$

$$\frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = -\tan \alpha \rightarrow \frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = -\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \ominus$$

$$\frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{-\cos \alpha} \rightarrow \cos \alpha = \ominus$$

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