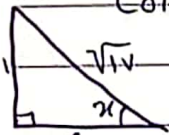


$$\text{الف) } \tan \frac{11\pi}{6} + \sin \frac{10\pi}{6} \cos \frac{13\pi}{6} = \tan \left(\frac{11\pi}{6} + \frac{13\pi}{6} \right) + \sin \left(\frac{11\pi}{6} + \frac{13\pi}{6} \right) \cos \left(\frac{11\pi}{6} + \frac{13\pi}{6} \right) - 1$$

$$= -1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{ب) } \tan \frac{10\pi}{6} \sin \frac{11\pi}{6} + \cos \frac{10\pi}{6} = \tan \left(\frac{10\pi}{6} + \frac{11\pi}{6} \right) \sin \left(\frac{10\pi}{6} + \frac{11\pi}{6} \right) + \cos \left(\frac{10\pi}{6} + \frac{11\pi}{6} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \left(\pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} = 0$$



$$\cot \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{11}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{11} \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha} = \frac{\sqrt{11} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{12}} \right) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{11}}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{12}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{11}}} = \frac{\frac{11}{\sqrt{12}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{11}}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{12}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{11}}} = \frac{11}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{12}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{11}}} = \frac{11}{\frac{\sqrt{11} + \sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{11}\sqrt{12}}} = \frac{11 \sqrt{11}\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{11} + \sqrt{12}}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{12}} \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{11}}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}, \quad \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow (\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha})^2 + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow 1 - \cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \Delta \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

المثلث قائم الزاوية

$$\text{الف) } \cos \left(\frac{11\pi}{6} + \alpha \right) = \cos \left(\frac{11\pi}{6} + \frac{13\pi}{6} + \alpha \right) = \cos \left(\frac{24\pi}{6} + \alpha \right) = \cos \frac{24\pi}{6} \cos \alpha - \sin \frac{24\pi}{6} \sin \alpha =$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha = 1 - \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)^2 = 1 - \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \pm \frac{1}{2}$$

المثلث قائم الزاوية

$$\text{ب) } \sin \left(\frac{13\pi}{6} + \alpha \right) = \sin \left(\frac{13\pi}{6} + \frac{11\pi}{6} + \alpha \right) = \sin \left(\frac{24\pi}{6} + \alpha \right) = \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \cos \alpha + \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \sin \alpha$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos \alpha - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \sin \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \left(\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha \right)$$

$$\tan^2 \alpha + 1 = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} \Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 + 1 = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} \Rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha = 1 - \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

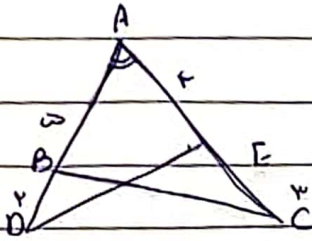
$$\sqrt{2} \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \sqrt{2} (1 - \cos^2 \alpha) + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{1 + \sqrt{2}}{2} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \pm \frac{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{2}}}{2}$$

$$\tan^2 \alpha = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{1}{\frac{1 + \sqrt{2}}{2}} = \frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{2}}$$

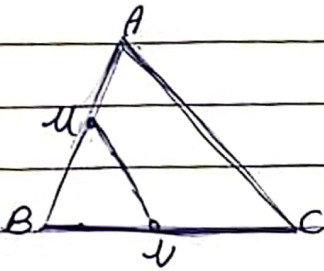
$$S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{13} \times 4 \times \sin \alpha = 2\sqrt{13} \sin \alpha = \sqrt{13} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$$

المثلث قائم الزاوية

$$x = \sqrt[3]{7} \rightarrow x^2 = (\sqrt[3]{7})^2 = \sqrt[3]{49}, b = \sqrt[3]{(\sqrt[3]{7})^3} = \sqrt[3]{7}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \text{SABC} \cdot \frac{1}{r} \times \omega \times V \times \sin \hat{A} &= I V_1 \omega \sin \hat{A} \quad \left\{ \begin{aligned} &= I V_1 \omega \sin \hat{A} \text{ If } \sin \hat{A} = 1, V \omega \rightarrow \frac{W}{V} \sin \hat{A} \\ &= I V \omega \rightarrow \sin \hat{A} = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \hat{A} = \frac{W}{V} \rightarrow \tan \hat{A} = \frac{1}{Vr} \end{aligned} \right. \\ \text{SADE} = \frac{1}{r} \times V \times r \times \sin \hat{A} &= I r \sin \hat{A} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} S_{ABC} &= \Psi S_{BMN} = \gamma \frac{1}{r} \times \overline{AB} \times \overline{BC} \times \sin \hat{B} = \gamma \frac{1}{r} \times \overline{BM} \times \overline{BN} \times \sin \hat{B} = \gamma \\ &(\overline{AM} + \overline{MB}) \times (\overline{BN} + \overline{NC}) - \Psi(\overline{BM} \times \overline{BN}) = \gamma(\overline{AM} + \overline{MB}) \times \frac{\Delta}{r} \overline{BN} \\ &= \Psi \times \overline{BM} \times \overline{BN} = \gamma \frac{\Delta}{r} \overline{AM} + \frac{\Delta}{r} \overline{MB} - \Psi \overline{BM} \rightarrow \overline{BM} = \frac{\Delta}{r} \overline{AM} = \gamma \\ \frac{\overline{BM}}{\overline{AM}} &= \frac{\Delta}{r} \frac{\overline{AM}}{\overline{AM}} = \frac{\Delta}{r} \qquad \Psi \overline{BN} = \Psi \overline{CN} \rightarrow \\ \overline{CN} &= \frac{r}{\Psi} \overline{BN} = \gamma \overline{BN} + \overline{NC} = \frac{\Delta}{r} \overline{BC} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos^2 \alpha}} - \tan \alpha = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow -\tan \alpha = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha - 1}{|\cos \alpha|} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$$

⑦ $\frac{|\sin x|}{\cos x} = \frac{1}{\cot x} \Rightarrow \frac{|\sin x|}{\cos x} = \tan x$

$$1. \text{Gib} \rightarrow \frac{-\sin x}{\cos x} \cdot \frac{\sin x}{|\cos x|} \xrightarrow{\times \frac{1}{\sin x}} \frac{-1}{\cos x} = \frac{1}{|\cos x|} \Rightarrow +\cos x = -|\cos x| \Rightarrow \cos x \neq$$

$$\mu_{\text{glb}} \Rightarrow \frac{-\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} \Rightarrow -\sin \alpha = |\sin \alpha| = \gamma \sin \varphi_0$$