

$$\begin{aligned} \text{الف)} \quad \tan \frac{11\pi}{4} + \sin \frac{15\pi}{4} \cos \frac{13\pi}{4} &= \\ \tan \left(\frac{1\pi}{4} + \frac{3\pi}{4} \right) + \sin \left(\frac{1\pi}{4} + \frac{7\pi}{4} \right) \cdot \cos \left(\frac{1\pi}{4} + \frac{5\pi}{4} \right) &= \\ \tan(2\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}) + \sin(2\pi + \frac{7\pi}{4}) \cdot \cos(2\pi + \frac{5\pi}{4}) &= \\ \tan \frac{3\pi}{4} + \sin \frac{7\pi}{4} \times \cos \frac{5\pi}{4} &= -1 + \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) = -1 + \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ب)} \quad \tan \frac{14\pi}{9} \cdot \sin \frac{11\pi}{3} + \cos \frac{10\pi}{3} &= \\ \tan \left(\frac{14\pi}{9} + \frac{5\pi}{9} \right) \cdot \sin \left(\frac{4\pi}{3} + \frac{5\pi}{3} \right) + \cos \left(\frac{4\pi}{3} + \frac{2\pi}{3} \right) &= \\ \tan(2\pi + \frac{5\pi}{9}) \cdot \sin(2\pi + \frac{5\pi}{3}) + \cos(2\pi + \frac{2\pi}{3}) &= \\ \tan \frac{5\pi}{9} \times \sin \frac{5\pi}{3} + \cos \frac{2\pi}{3} &= \tan 150^\circ \times \sin 300^\circ + \cos 120^\circ \\ &= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \times \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = +\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3 \cos x - \sin x}{\cos x + \sin x} &= \frac{\frac{3 \cos x}{\sin x} - \frac{\sin x}{\sin x}}{\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} + \frac{\sin x}{\sin x}} = \frac{3 \cot x - 1}{\cot x + 1} = \frac{3x - 1}{x + 1} = \\ \frac{3x - 1}{x + 1} &= \frac{11}{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin \alpha = r \cos \alpha \rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha &= r^2 \cos^2 \alpha \\ \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha &= r^2 \cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 5 \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \\ \cos^2 \alpha &= \frac{1}{5} \rightarrow \sqrt{\cos^2 \alpha} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}} \rightarrow \cos \alpha = \left| \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \right| \rightarrow \cos \alpha = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \\ \cos \alpha &= \pm \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5} \rightarrow \boxed{\cos \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}} \end{aligned}$$

چون درج سوم دایره مثلثاتی است.
 $\hookrightarrow \cos \alpha < 0$

①

$$\begin{aligned} \cos \left(\frac{11\pi}{4} + \alpha \right) &= \cos \frac{11\pi}{4} \cos \alpha - \sin \frac{11\pi}{4} \sin \alpha \quad (*) \\ \cos \frac{11\pi}{4} &= \cos \left(\frac{1\pi}{4} + \frac{3\pi}{4} \right) = \cos(2\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}) = \\ \cos \frac{3\pi}{4} &= -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ \sin \left(\frac{11\pi}{4} \right) &= \sin \left(\frac{1\pi}{4} + \frac{3\pi}{4} \right) = \sin(2\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}) \\ &= \sin \frac{3\pi}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha &= 1 \rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = 1 - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= 1 - \frac{9}{100} = \frac{91}{100} \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{91}{100}} \rightarrow \cos \alpha = \pm \frac{\sqrt{91}}{10} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{13}}{10} \\ \rightarrow \cos \alpha &= -\frac{\sqrt{13}}{10} \rightsquigarrow \text{چون درج دوم} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} &= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{\frac{4}{10} = -\frac{2}{5}} \end{aligned}$$

②

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ب)} \quad \sin \left(\frac{13\pi}{4} + \alpha \right) &= \sin \frac{13\pi}{4} \cos \alpha + \cos \frac{13\pi}{4} \sin \alpha \\ \sin \left(\frac{13\pi}{4} \right) &= \sin \left(\frac{1\pi}{4} + \frac{5\pi}{4} \right) = \sin(2\pi + \frac{5\pi}{4}) = \sin \frac{5\pi}{4} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ \cos \left(\frac{13\pi}{4} \right) &= \cos \left(2\pi + \frac{5\pi}{4} \right) = \cos \frac{5\pi}{4} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ 1 + \tan^2 &= \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} \rightarrow 1 + \frac{1}{49} = \frac{50}{49} \rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{49}{50} \\ \cos \alpha &= \pm \frac{7}{\sqrt{50}} = \pm \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{10} \rightarrow \cos \alpha = +\frac{7\sqrt{2}}{10} \\ \sin^2 \alpha &= 1 - \cos^2 \alpha = 1 - \frac{49}{50} = \frac{1}{50} \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{10} + \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} &= -\frac{7}{10} - \frac{1}{10} = \boxed{-\frac{8}{10} = -\frac{4}{5}} \end{aligned}$$

③

$$r \sin^r x + \cos^r x = \frac{r}{p}$$

$$\sin^r x + \cos^r x = 1$$

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{1}{p} + \cos^r x = 1 \rightarrow \cos^r x = 1 - \frac{1}{p} = \frac{p-1}{p}$$

$$\tan^r x = \frac{\sin^r x}{\cos^r x} = \frac{\frac{1}{p}}{\frac{p-1}{p}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{p-1}}$$

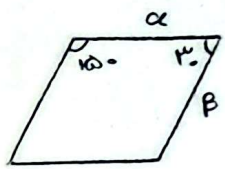
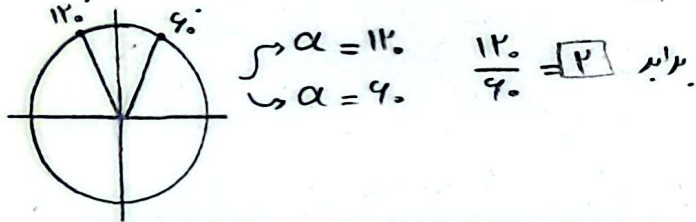
$$r \sin^r x + \cos^r x = \frac{r}{p}$$

$$- \sin^r x - \cos^r x = -1$$

$$\sin^r x = \frac{1}{p}$$

$$S = \frac{1}{p} \times 4 \times \sqrt{p} \times \sin \alpha = r, \Delta$$

$$r \sqrt{p} \times \sin \alpha = r, \Delta \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{r, \Delta}{r \sqrt{p}} = \frac{1, \Delta}{\sqrt{p}} \times \frac{\sqrt{p}}{\sqrt{p}} = \frac{1, \Delta \sqrt{p}}{p} = \frac{\sqrt{p}}{p}$$



$$\left(\frac{1}{p} \times \alpha \times \beta \times \sin 90^\circ \right) \times r = \alpha \times \beta \times \frac{1}{p} = \Delta r$$

$$\alpha \cdot \beta = 1.0 \rightarrow \frac{r}{p} \beta \times \beta = 1.0$$

$$\frac{\alpha}{\beta} = \frac{r}{p} \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{r}{p} \beta$$

$$\frac{r}{p} \beta^r = 1.0 \rightarrow \beta^r = 1.0 \times \frac{p}{r} = 14r \rightarrow \beta = \sqrt[4]{14r} = 9\sqrt{r}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{r}{p} \beta = \frac{r}{p} \times 9\sqrt{r} = \frac{1 \Delta \sqrt{r}}{p} = 4\sqrt{r} \rightarrow \alpha = 4\sqrt{r}$$

$$(\alpha + \beta) \times r = (9\sqrt{r} + 4\sqrt{r}) \times r = 13\sqrt{r} \times r = \boxed{13. \sqrt{r}}$$

⑥

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{p} \times \omega \times v \times \sin A = \frac{r \Delta}{p} \sin A = 1v, \Delta \sin A \quad \text{①}$$

$$S_{ADE} = \frac{1}{p} \times r \times v \times \sin A = 1r \sin A$$

$$1v, \Delta \sin A - 1r \sin A = r, \Delta \sin A = 1, v \Delta$$

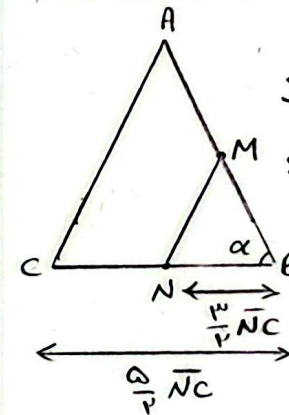
$$\sin A = \frac{1, v \Delta}{r, \Delta} = \frac{1v \Delta}{r \Delta} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\sin^r A + \cos^r A = 1 \rightarrow \cos^r A = 1 - \sin^r A = 1 - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{r-1}{r}$$

$$\cos^r A = \frac{r-1}{r} \rightarrow \cos A = \pm \sqrt[r]{\frac{r-1}{r}} \rightarrow \cos A = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$\tan A = \frac{\sin A}{\cos A} = \frac{\frac{1}{r}}{\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}}$$

⑦



$$r \overline{BN} = r \overline{NC} \rightarrow \overline{BN} = \frac{r}{p} \overline{NC}$$

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{p} \times AB \times \frac{\omega}{p} \overline{NC} \times \sin \alpha$$

$$S_{MBN} = \frac{1}{p} \times MB \times \frac{r}{p} \overline{NC} \times \sin \alpha$$

$$\frac{\omega}{p} \overline{NC} \times AB \times \sin \alpha = \frac{9}{p} \overline{NC} \times MB \times \sin \alpha$$

$$\omega AB = 9 MB \rightarrow AB = \frac{9}{\omega} MB$$

$$AB = \frac{9}{\omega} MB \rightarrow AM + MB = \frac{9}{\omega} MB$$

$$AM = \frac{9}{\omega} MB - MB = \frac{r}{\omega} MB \rightarrow AM = \frac{r}{\omega} BM$$

$$\frac{BM}{AM} = \frac{BM}{\frac{r}{\omega} BM} = \boxed{\frac{\omega}{r} = 1, r \Delta}$$

⑧

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos^2 \alpha}} - \tan \alpha = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$$

①.

$$\frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} + \frac{\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \rightarrow -\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$$

$$\rightarrow -\frac{1}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} \rightarrow \cos \alpha < 0.$$

$$\frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = -\frac{1}{\cot \alpha} \rightarrow \frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = -\tan \alpha \rightarrow \frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cancel{\cos \alpha}} = -\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cancel{\cos \alpha}}$$

$$\rightarrow |\sin \alpha| = -\sin \alpha \rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0.$$

$$\cos \alpha < 0, \sin \alpha < 0. \rightarrow \boxed{\text{الثالث سطر}}$$