

$$1) \quad \underbrace{\{1\}}_{a_1}, \underbrace{\{2, 3, 4\}}_{a_2}, \dots, \underbrace{\{ \dots, 45 \}}_{a_9}, \underbrace{\{ \dots, 11 \}}_{a_n} \quad \frac{45+11}{2} = 28$$

$$2) \quad \{1, 2, 3\} \quad \{4, 5, \dots, 12\} \quad \{13, \dots, 39\} \quad \{40, \dots, 120\} \\ \{121, \dots, 343\} \quad \text{سلسلة من} \quad \frac{121+343}{2} = 232$$

$$3) \quad a_n = \begin{cases} 2^k & ; n = 3k \\ -2k + 1 & ; n = 3k + 1 \\ \left\lfloor \frac{n}{k+1} \right\rfloor + a & ; n = 3k + 2 \end{cases}$$

$$a_1 = 1 \quad a_2 = 1+a \quad a_3 = 2 \quad a_4 = 2 \quad a_5 = 1+a$$

$$a_6 = 1 \quad a_7 = 1 \quad a_8 = 0 \quad a_9 = 2+a \quad a_{10} = 1 \quad a_{11} = 1$$

$$22 + 3a = 19 \rightarrow a = -1$$

$$10a + \underbrace{\{1+1+2+2+\dots+2\}}_{11} = 11 + 10 \times (-1) = -9$$

$$4) \quad a_d = 1r \quad a_v = 1v, r \quad a_n = -\frac{1}{\Delta} n^r + b_n + c$$

$$-\frac{1}{\Delta} \times r \Delta + \Delta b + c = 1r \quad -\varepsilon, \Delta + r b = 0, r \quad b = 0, \Delta$$

$$-\frac{1}{\Delta} \times r \Delta + v b + c = 1v, r \quad -\Delta + r + c = 1r \quad c = 1\Delta$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{\Delta} \times 1\Delta \times 1\Delta + 0, \Delta \times 1\Delta + 1\Delta}{-\frac{1}{\Delta} \times 1 \times 1 + 0, \Delta \times 1 + 1\Delta} = \frac{-r\Delta + r + 1\Delta}{-0, r + 0, \Delta + 1\Delta} = \frac{-1\Delta}{1\Delta, 4} = \frac{-r}{r, 4}$$

$$5) \quad a_r = b_r \quad a_n = b_v \quad b_{10} = 0 \quad b_n = k n + t \quad 10k + t = 0$$

$$\Delta k = r d \quad k = \frac{r}{\Delta} d \quad t = -10k \quad b_{1\Delta} = 1\Delta \times \frac{r}{\Delta} d - 10 \times \frac{r}{\Delta} d$$

$$b_{1\Delta} = 1r d - 1d = r d \quad \frac{b_{1\Delta}}{d} = r$$

$$6) \quad 4a_r^r = \Delta a_r a + r a_r a \quad 1(a+d)^r = \Delta(a+rd)a + r(a+rd)a$$

$$4(a^r + rad + d^r) = \Delta a^r + 10ad + r a^r + r ad \quad \frac{a + r d}{?}$$

$$r a^r + a d - 4 d^r = 0 \quad a = \frac{-d \pm \sqrt{\varepsilon 9 d^r}}{r \times r} = \frac{\pm v d - d^d}{\varepsilon} \quad -rd \text{ um} \rightarrow \frac{a \varepsilon}{d} = 1$$

$$\varepsilon, \Delta, 91$$

$$7) a+c=r b \quad \frac{bc}{s} = \frac{a^r}{s} \quad a^r = bc$$

$$\frac{c}{s} = q\left(\frac{a}{r}\right) \rightarrow c = rqa \quad b = q\left(\frac{c}{r}\right) \rightarrow b = \frac{qc}{r} = \frac{q(rqa)}{r}$$

$$b = \frac{q^r a}{r} = \frac{a+c}{r} = \frac{a+rqa}{r} \quad \frac{rq+1}{r} = \frac{q^r}{r} \rightarrow q^r = rq+1$$

$$q^r - rq - 1 = 0 \rightarrow q = 1 \pm \sqrt{r} \quad rq = r \pm r\sqrt{r}$$

$$8) ac = b^r \quad r b + c = r a \quad \frac{aq^r}{a q^{rq}} = q^{r-rq} = -rq \leq 1$$

$$b = aq \quad c = aq^r$$

$$ra = r a q^r + a q^r \quad q^r + r q - r = 0 \quad q = -r \quad q = 1$$

$$9) \frac{a_1}{(ar)^r} + \frac{a_r}{(a^r)} = r \quad \frac{aq^r}{a^r q^{rq}} + \frac{aq}{a^r} = r \quad \frac{a^r}{aq} = \frac{a}{q}?$$

$$\frac{q^r}{a^r} + \frac{q}{a} = r \quad \frac{q}{a} = t \quad t^r + t - r = 0 \quad t = -r \quad t = 1$$

$$\frac{a}{q} = 1 \quad \frac{a}{q} = -r$$

$$10) a q^r = \sqrt{a q^r} \quad a q^2 = rv \quad a^r q^r = a q^r \quad a q = 1$$

$$\rightarrow q^r = rv \rightarrow q = r \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r} \quad \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r} = \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)$$