

11/1/20

ساختارهای متناهی و مسائل ریاضی

1

$$\frac{a}{q} + a + aq = \frac{a + aq + aq^2}{q} = 1$$

5

$$aq^2 + a + aq = a^2 \Rightarrow a = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{q} (1 + q + q^2) = 1 \Rightarrow 1 + q + q^2 = \frac{1}{q}$$

$$\frac{1}{q} + \frac{1}{q} q = \frac{1 + q}{q}$$

$$q^2 - \frac{1}{q} + 1 = 0$$

$$q^3 - 1 + q = 0$$

$$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac$$

$$\Delta = 1 - 4(1)(-1) = 5$$

~~Handwritten scribbles~~

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\Delta}}{2a}$$

$$\frac{1 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$q = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 \pm \sqrt{5} \right)$$

خبر ساختار

$$x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$x^2 + 1, x^2 - 1, x^2 - 2$$

$$x^2 + 1, x^2 - 1, x^2 - 2$$

نزد

2

5

$$x^2 = (x^2 + 1)(x^2 - 1) = x^4 - 1$$

$$x^4 - 2x^2 - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow (x^2 - 1)(x^2 + 1) = 0$$

$$x^2 = 1$$

$$x = \pm 1$$

$$x^2 = -1$$

نواریم
ریشه حقیقی

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n \left(\frac{1-q}{1-q} \right) \rightarrow \frac{1}{1-q} \left(\frac{1-(\frac{1}{2})^{\infty}}{1-\frac{1}{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{1-\frac{1}{2}} = 2$$

$$1 + q + q^2 + q^3 + q^4 = \frac{121}{11}$$

(2)

$$a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + a_4 + a_5 = a + aq + aq^2 + aq^3 + aq^4$$

$$= a(1 + q + q^2 + q^3 + q^4) = 121 \left(\frac{121}{11} \right) = 121$$

(3)

$$d = \frac{q + \bar{a}}{q} = \frac{121}{q} = 1.1\omega$$

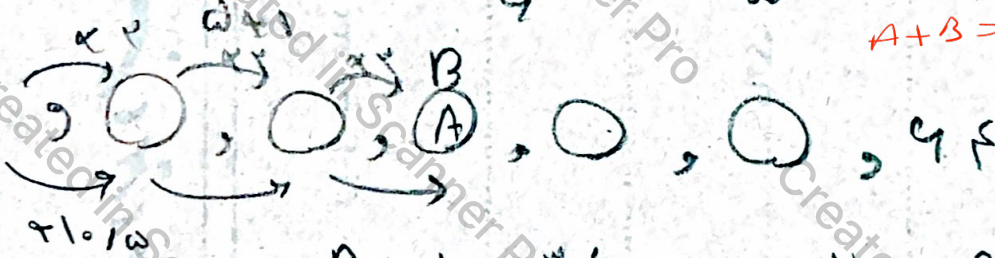
$$q = -1$$

$$B = -1$$

$$A + B = 1.1\omega$$

1.1\omega

(4)



$$A = 1.1\omega (1.1\omega) = 1.21\omega$$

$$B = 1 \times 1 = 1$$

$$q = \frac{1}{1} \Rightarrow q = 1$$

$$d = \frac{q}{1} - (-1) = 1$$

(5)

(6)

$$a_1 + a_2 = -1 + 1.1\omega \left(\frac{1}{1} \right) = 1$$

~~1.1\omega~~

$$a_1 = 1.1\omega \times q = 1 \Rightarrow q = \frac{1}{1.1\omega}$$

4

$$a_r, a_v, a_q$$

$$a_{rd}, a_{vd}, a_{qd}$$

$$q = \frac{q-v}{v-r} = \frac{r}{r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

تستی ←

1125

$$(a+qd)^2 = (a+rd)(a+vd)$$

$$a^2 + 2aqd + q^2d^2 = a^2 + ar + avd + q^2d^2$$

$$10 \times d \times d = 10ad$$

$$-10d \Rightarrow d = \frac{-a}{10}$$

داده هم هست که باید قبول کردن
نقطه علامت

5

$$a_{rd}, a_{vd}, a_{qd}$$

$$a_{rd} \rightarrow a_{vd} \rightarrow a_{qd} \rightarrow q = r$$

$$(a+rd)^2 = (a+vd)(a+qd)$$

$$a^2 + 2ard + r^2d^2 = a^2 + avd + aqd + r^2d^2$$

$$rd^2 = rad$$

$$a = d$$

$$a_1 = a_4 \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r} \times \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$a_{10} = \frac{1}{r} (r^9) = 121$$

11

$$r a_r, r a_r, a_r$$

$$r a_q, r a_q, a_q$$

9

$$-r a_q = \frac{r a_q + a_q}{r} \rightarrow -r a_q + r a_q + a_q = 0$$

$$= r a_q (-r + r + \frac{1}{r}) = 0$$

$$a_q \rightarrow a_{50}$$

$$\Rightarrow (q-1)(q-3) = 0 \rightarrow q=1 \text{ غير ثابت}$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{q=3}$$

9

9

$$d s \frac{1}{r} - r s = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} a_1 s + 1(-\frac{1}{r}) &= \frac{1}{r} \\ a_2 s + 1(-\frac{1}{r}) &= \frac{1}{r} \\ a_3 s + 1(-\frac{1}{r}) &= -1 \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} + n, \frac{1}{r} + n, -1 + n$$

$$\rightarrow (\frac{1}{r} + n)^2 (n - \frac{1}{r})(n - 1)$$

$$\frac{1}{19} + n^2 + \frac{1}{r} n = n^2 + \frac{1}{r} n - \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow n = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$-1, -1, -\frac{1}{r} \rightarrow q = \frac{-1}{-1} = \boxed{1}$$

$$a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n \leq \sqrt{n}$$

$$t_1, s_1$$

$$t_1, s_1, t_2, s_2$$

$$t_1, s_1, t_2, s_2, t_3, s_3$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} t_1, s_1 \\ t_2, s_2 \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow a_1 = a + d \rightarrow d = a(q_1 - 1)$$

$$t_1, s_1 = a, q_1 = a + a(q_1 - 1) = a + a(q_1 - 1) - a$$

$$\Rightarrow a(q_1 - 1) + na = 0 \rightarrow a(q_1 - 1 + n)$$

$$\Rightarrow q_1 = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4n}}{2} \rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} q_1 \leq 1 \Rightarrow q_1 = 1 \\ q_1 \geq 1 \Rightarrow q_1 = 1 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\rightarrow q_1 = 1 \rightarrow a + a + \dots + a = \sqrt{n} \rightarrow a = \frac{\sqrt{n}}{n}$$

$$d = a(q_1 - 1) = \frac{\sqrt{n}}{n} \times (1 - 1) = 0$$

$$q_1 = 1 \rightarrow a + na + a + \dots + a = \sqrt{n}$$

$$a = 1 \rightarrow d = a(q_1 - 1)$$

$$d = 1(n - 1) = \sqrt{n}$$