

گزینه‌های اعداد

سوال ۱

$$a_n = a_1 r^{(n-1)} = \frac{1}{r} x(r)^{n-1}$$

$$\text{الف) } a_{10} = \frac{1}{r} x(r)^9 = r^9 x r^{-1} = r^8$$

$$\text{ب) } \frac{a_{10}}{a_{13}} = \frac{\frac{1}{r} x r^{14}}{\frac{1}{r} x r^{17}} = \frac{r^{14}}{r^{17}} = r^{-3} = r^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2-) \quad b^r = ac &\Rightarrow b^r = a_1 r \times a_{10} \Rightarrow b^r = \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) x r^{10} \times \frac{1}{r} x r^9 \\ &\Rightarrow b^r = r^{10} \Rightarrow b = r^{10} \end{aligned}$$

$$3-) \quad 1 r^8 = a_n \Rightarrow a_n = \frac{1}{r} x(r)^{n-1} = r^8 \Rightarrow r^{n-1} = r^8 \Rightarrow n-1=8$$

$$n-1=8 \Rightarrow n=9$$

روز بزرگداشت عطار نیشابوری

$$a_0 = 12 \quad a_1 = 99 \Rightarrow \frac{ar^1}{ar^0} = \frac{99}{12} \quad (\text{نسبة})$$

$$\Rightarrow r^1 = 1 \Rightarrow r = 1 \Rightarrow ar^1 = 12 \xrightarrow{r=1} a \times 1 = 12 \Rightarrow a = \frac{12}{1}$$

$$a_{10} = a_1 \times r^1 = 99 \times 1 = 99$$

$$a \times r^0 = 10 \Rightarrow ar^0 = 10 \Rightarrow a = 10 \quad (\text{نسبة})$$

$$ar^1 = (ar^0) \times r = 10 \times 1 = 10$$

$$(K \sqrt{r})^1 = 10 \times 1 = 10 \quad \frac{a}{r} \times r = a \Rightarrow a = 10 \quad (\text{نسبة})$$

$$\frac{a+b}{r} = \frac{10}{1} = 10$$

$$\begin{matrix} ar^1 & ar^0 & ar^1 \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 10 & 1 & 10 \end{matrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow a_1 \times a_1 = a_0 \times a_0 \quad (\text{نسبة})$$

$$\Rightarrow 10^1 = (1+1)(1-1)$$

$$10^1 = 1 - 10^0 \Rightarrow 10^1 = 1 \Rightarrow 10^1 = \frac{1}{1}$$

$$10 = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$t_1 + t_2 = 10 \Rightarrow a + ar^1 = 10 \Rightarrow a(1+r^1) = a(1+r)(1+r^1-r) \quad (\text{نسبة})$$

$$t_2 + t_3 = 10 \Rightarrow ar + ar^2 = 10$$

$$\frac{a(1+r)(1+r^1-r)}{ar(1+r)} = \frac{1+r^1-r}{r} = \frac{10}{10} \Rightarrow \sqrt{r} = \frac{10}{10} = 1$$

$$10r^1 - 10r + 10 = 0 \Rightarrow r^1 - 10r + 10 = 0 \Rightarrow (r-1)(r-10) = 0 \Rightarrow r=1 \text{ or } r=10$$

$$\Rightarrow r = \frac{1}{\mu} \Rightarrow \frac{q}{\mu} \Rightarrow a + ar^{\mu} = PV \Rightarrow a(1+r^{\mu}) = PV$$

$$a(1 + \frac{1}{PV}) = a(\frac{PV}{PV}) = PV \Rightarrow \boxed{a = PV}$$

$$\hookrightarrow a(1+r^{\mu}) = a(1+\frac{1}{PV}) = a(PV) = PV \Rightarrow a = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\rightarrow PV \in aq^{\mu} \in 1 \in \dots \\ &\rightarrow 1 \in PV \in aq^{\mu} \in \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$a \times ar^{\mu} \times ar^{\mu} = PV \Rightarrow ar^{\mu} = \frac{PV}{a} \Rightarrow ar = \frac{PV}{a} \quad (\text{سؤال 1})$$

$$\frac{\mu}{r} + \mu + \mu r = \mu \Rightarrow \mu + \mu r + \mu r^{\mu} = \mu \Rightarrow \mu r^{\mu} + \mu = \mu r$$

$$\mu r^{\mu} - \mu r + \mu = 0 \xrightarrow{\text{div}} r^{\mu} - \mu r + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow (r-1)(r-1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow r = 1$$

$$\text{مثال: } \begin{aligned} &\rightarrow aq^{\mu} \in 1 \in \dots \\ &\rightarrow 1 \in aq^{\mu} \in \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$S_{10} = a \frac{(q^{10} - 1)}{q - 1} \Rightarrow \frac{1(q^{10} - 1)}{1 - 1} = \frac{10}{1} \quad (\text{سؤال 1})$$

$$\text{مثال: } = (1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1) \Rightarrow a_{10} = ar^9 = 1 \times (1)^9 = 1$$

$$(1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1) = (1^9 \times 1^9) = 1^9 \times 1^9$$

$$a \in aq \in aq^2 \in aq^3 \in aq^4 \in \dots$$

(سؤال 4)

$$aq - a = a(q-1)$$

$$aq^2 - aq = aq(q-1)$$

$$aq^3 - aq^2 = aq^2(q-1)$$

$$aq^4 - aq^3 = aq^3(q-1)$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} &a(q-1) \in aq(q-1) \in aq^2(q-1) \in \dots \\ &\quad \times q \quad \times q \quad \times q \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} &a_1 : a(q-1) \\ &q = q \end{aligned}$$

$$+ S_n = a_1 + (a_1 + d) + (a_1 + 2d) + \dots + (a_n - d) + a_n \quad (\text{سوال 10 حل})$$

$$S_n = a_n + (a_n - d) + (a_n - 2d) + \dots + (a_1 + d) + a_1$$

$$\underline{PS_n = (a_n + a_1) + (a_n + a_1) + \dots + (a_n + a_1)}$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{n \text{ times}}$

$$PS_n = n(a_1 + a_n) = S_n = \frac{n}{2}(a_1 + a_n)$$

$$\underline{S_n = \frac{n}{2}(a_1 + (n-1)d + a_1) = S_n = \frac{n}{2}(2a_1 + (n-1)d)}$$

$$\textcircled{.} : S_n = a + aq + aq^2 + \dots + aq^{n-1}$$

$$- qS_n = -aq - aq^2 - \dots - aq^{n-1} - aq^n$$

$$S_n - qS_n = a_1 - a_1q^n \Rightarrow S_n(1-q) = a_1 - a_1q^n$$

$$\Rightarrow S_n = \frac{a_1(1-q^n)}{1-q}$$