

بينا قرائتي مع تجربتي ونجدة (قرائتي)

(الف)

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, \dots$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2} (2)^{n-1} \rightarrow a_{10} = \frac{1}{2} (2)^9 = 2^8 = 256$$

$$\frac{a_{14}}{a_{12}} = \frac{2^6}{2^4} = 2^2 \rightarrow 2^2 = 4$$

$$b^2 = a_1 \rightarrow b^2 = a_1 \times a_1 \rightarrow b^2 = a_1 \times 2^0$$

$$b = a_1 \times 2^0 = 1 \times 2^0 = 2^0 = 1$$

$$128 = \frac{1}{2} (2)^{n-1} \rightarrow 2^{n-1} = 256 \rightarrow n-1 = 8 \rightarrow n = 9$$

$$a_0 = 1$$

$$a_8 = a_9 = \frac{1}{2} \times 2^8 \rightarrow 2^7 = 128 \rightarrow 2^7 = 128$$

$$a_{10} = a_8 \times 2 = 128 \times 2 = 256$$



9

$$a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n = 1 \Rightarrow a_1 + a_2 q^n \rightarrow a_1(1 + q^n) \Rightarrow a_1(1+q)(1+q^2)$$

$$a_2 + a_4 + \dots + a_{2n} = 1 \Rightarrow a_2 q^2 + a_2 q^{2n} \rightarrow a_2 q^2(1 + q^{2n-2})$$

$$\frac{a_1(1+q)(1+q^2)}{a_2 q^2(1+q)} = \frac{1}{1} \rightarrow \frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{1}{q^2} \Rightarrow a_1 = \frac{1}{q^2}$$

$$1 = \frac{1}{q^2} + \frac{1}{q^4} + \dots = \frac{1}{q^2} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{q^2} + \dots \right) \rightarrow \frac{1}{q^2} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{q^2}} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{q^2 - 1} = 1 \Rightarrow q^2 - 1 = 1 \Rightarrow q^2 = 2 \Rightarrow q = \sqrt{2}$$

$$q = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n = 1 \Rightarrow a_1 = \frac{1}{q^2} = 2$$

$$q = \sqrt{2} \rightarrow a_1 = \frac{1}{q^2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(q-1)(q-4) = 0$$

$$q = 1 \text{ or } q = 4$$

10

$$a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n = 1 \Rightarrow a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n = 1$$

$$a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n = 1 \Rightarrow a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{q} + \frac{1}{q^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{q^n} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{q} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{q} + \dots + \frac{1}{q^{n-1}} \right) = 1$$

$$\frac{1 + \frac{1}{q} + \dots + \frac{1}{q^{n-1}}}{q} = 1 \Rightarrow 1 + \frac{1}{q} + \dots + \frac{1}{q^{n-1}} = q$$

$$q^2 - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow q = 1 \text{ or } q = -1$$

$$q^2 - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow q = 1 \text{ or } q = -1$$

$$(q-1)(q+1) = 0$$

$$q = 1 \text{ or } q = -1$$

$$q = 1 \text{ or } q = -1$$

$$a_n = 2, 4, 11, \dots$$

$\xrightarrow{\times 2}$      $\xrightarrow{\times 3}$

$$S_{10} = a_1 \left( \frac{1-q^{10}}{1-q} \right) = 2 \left( \frac{1-3^{10}}{1-3} \right) = (1-3^9) = 4 \text{ و } 9.41$$

مقدار

$$= (a_1 \times a_{10})^{\frac{1}{2}} = (a_1 \times a_{10})^{\frac{1}{2}} = (2 \times 11)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{22}$$

$a_1, a_2, a_3$

$$\underbrace{a}_{(a_2 - a_1)}, \underbrace{b}_{(a_3 - a_2)}, \underbrace{c}_{(a_4 - a_3)}, \dots$$

$$\rightarrow a(q-1), aq(q-1), aq^2(q-1), \dots$$

$\xrightarrow{\times q}$      $\xrightarrow{\times q}$

تقریب

$$\sqrt{q} = 9$$

$$b^2 = ac = 161$$

$$(a_3 - a_2)^2 = (a_2 - a_1)(a_4 - a_3)$$

$$a_3^2 + a_2^2 - 2a_2a_3 = a_2a_4 - a_2a_3 + a_1a_4 + a_1a_3$$

$$a_3^2 + a_2^2 - 2a_2a_3 = a_3^2 - a_2^2 - a_1^2 + a_1^2$$

$$a_3^2 + a_2^2 - 2a_2a_3 = a_3^2 - 2a_2a_3 + a_2^2$$



$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} (2a + (n-1)d)$$

$$a + a + a + \dots + a_n$$

$$S + a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \dots + a_n = a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \dots + a_n + d$$

$$S + a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + a_4 + a_5 + a_6 + a_7 + a_8 + a_9 + a_{10} = a_1 + d + a_2 + d + a_3 + d + a_4 + d + a_5 + d + a_6 + d + a_7 + d + a_8 + d + a_9 + d + a_{10} + d$$

$$S + a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + a_4 + a_5 + a_6 + a_7 + a_8 + a_9 + a_{10} = a_1 + d + a_2 + d + a_3 + d + a_4 + d + a_5 + d + a_6 + d + a_7 + d + a_8 + d + a_9 + d + a_{10} + d$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (2a + (n-1)d) = \frac{1}{2} (2a + (n-1)d)$$

$$S_n = a \left( \frac{q^n - 1}{q - 1} \right)$$

$$S_n = a_1 + a_1 q + a_1 q^2 + a_1 q^3 + \dots + a_1 q^{n-1} = A$$

$$S_n \times q = a_1 q + a_1 q^2 + a_1 q^3 + \dots + a_1 q^n = qA$$

$$S_n - S_n(q) = a_1 - a_1 q^n$$

$$S_n (1 - q) = a_1 (1 - q^n)$$

$$S_n = \frac{a_1 (1 - q^n)}{(1 - q)}$$