

الف) $y = x^2 - 5 \rightarrow y + 5 = x^2 \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{y+5}$

$y + 5 \geq 0 \rightarrow y \geq -5 \quad R_f = [-5, +\infty)$

ب) $y = x^2 + 1 \rightarrow y - 1 = x^2 \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{y-1}$

$R_f = \mathbb{R}$

الف) $\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{f}{r} = r \quad y = r^2 - 1 + 4 = r^2 + 3 \quad a > 0 \quad R_f = [r, +\infty)$

ب) $\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{f}{r} \quad y = (\frac{f}{r})^2 - 1 + 1 = \frac{f^2}{r^2} - \frac{f}{r} + \frac{f}{r} = \frac{f^2}{r^2} \quad a > 0 \rightarrow R_f = [\frac{f^2}{r}, +\infty)$

الف) $y = x^2 - 2y = x^2 + r \rightarrow y = x^2 + r \rightarrow x^2 = y - r \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{y-r}$

$\frac{y-r}{y-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{\frac{r}{y-1}}{\frac{1}{y-1} - \frac{r}{y-1}} \rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, \frac{r}{1-r}] \cup (1, +\infty)$

ب) $y|x| - f y = r|x| + 1 \rightarrow y|x| - r|x| = f y + 1 \rightarrow |x|(y-r) = f y + 1 \rightarrow |x| = \frac{f y + 1}{y-r} \rightarrow y < \frac{f y + 1}{y-r}$

$x = \frac{f y + 1}{y-r} \rightarrow \frac{\frac{1}{f} r}{\frac{1}{f} - \frac{y}{r}} \rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, \frac{1}{f}] \cup (r, +\infty)$

$y = \frac{1}{x^2 - f x} \rightarrow y x^2 - f x y = 1 \rightarrow y x^2 - f x^2 - 1 = 0$

$\Delta > 0 \rightarrow (4 y^2 - f(-1)(y)) = (4 y^2 + f y) \rightarrow x = \frac{f y + 1}{4 y^2 + f y}$

$\frac{\frac{1}{f} 0}{\frac{1}{f} - \frac{f}{4}}$

$\rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, \frac{1}{f}] \cup [0, +\infty)$

الف) $x^2 = 4x + r \quad a > 0 \rightarrow \min$

$\min \left| \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-r}{2} = r \right|$
 $4 - 1 + r = -7$

$R_f = [-7, +\infty)$

ب) $-x^2 + f x + r \rightarrow a < 0 \rightarrow \max$

$\max \left| \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-f}{-2} = r \right|$
 $-f + 1 + r = 4$

$R_f = (-\infty, 4]$

الف) $y = \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 1}$ $a > 0 \rightarrow \min$ $\min \left| \frac{b}{2a} = \frac{2}{1} = 2 \right|$
 $9 - (4 + 1) = -V$

$R_f = \sqrt{[-V, +\infty)} \rightarrow [0, +\infty)$

ب) $y = \sqrt{-x^2 + 4x + 1}$ $a < 0 \rightarrow \max$ $\max \left| \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-2}{-1} = 2 \right|$
 $-4 + 4 + 1 = 1f$

$R_f = [-\infty, 1f] \rightarrow (-\infty, \sqrt{1f}]$

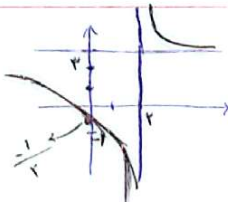
الف) $y = \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$ $\rightarrow$ فرد $R_f = R$

ب) $y = \sqrt{1 - x^2}$ $\rightarrow$ زوج $R_f = \sqrt{1 - R} = [0, +\infty)$

الف) $y = \frac{x+1}{x-2} \rightarrow R_f = R - \{2\}$

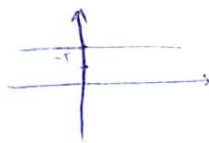
ب) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x+2}} \rightarrow R_f = \sqrt{R - \{2\}} \rightarrow [0, +\infty) - \{2\}$

الف) $y = \frac{x+1}{x-2}$ $\rightarrow$ $\frac{b}{a} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$
 $\frac{a}{c} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$
 $x = 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{-2}$



ب) $y = \frac{x-2}{1-x^2}$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} \frac{x-2}{1-x^2} = -\frac{1}{x} \rightarrow 0$



الف) $y = \cos^2 x + \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} \rightarrow \cos^2 x > 0$ $R_f = [1, +\infty)$

ب) $y = \sqrt[3]{\frac{x^2+1}{x}} \rightarrow \sqrt[3]{x + \frac{1}{x}}$ $x > 0$ $\leq$ $x < 0$

$\rightarrow R_f = \sqrt[3]{(-\infty, x]} \cup [x, +\infty) \rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, \sqrt[3]{-2}] \cup [\sqrt[3]{2}, +\infty)$