

$$y = \frac{n + \sum_{i=1}^n x_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 + n} \quad \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 + n - 1 \neq 0 \quad \xrightarrow{\text{divide by } n-1} \quad \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 + n - 1}{n-1} \quad \text{(Case 1)}$$

$$y = \frac{x+r}{r^2x - x^2 - 1} \quad r^2x^2 - x^2 - 1 = 0 \quad \xrightarrow{\text{derivative}} \quad \frac{-2rx^2 - x^2 - 1}{r^2x^2 - x^2 - 1} \cdot \frac{x+r}{r^2x^2 - x^2 - 1}$$

$$(n+1)(r^2x - 1)(x - r) \neq 0 \Rightarrow n+1 = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$Df = 1R - \left\{ \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r} \right\}$$

$y = \frac{n+1}{n-\sqrt{r-n}}$

① $r-n \neq 0 \rightarrow r-n \neq 0 \rightarrow n \neq \frac{r}{r}$

② $n-\sqrt{r-n} \neq 0 \quad n \neq \sqrt{r-n} \quad n^2 \neq r-n \quad n^2+r-n \neq 0 \quad (n+r)(n-1) \neq 0$

$n \neq 1, \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow -r-r = -4 \neq 0 \Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, \frac{r}{r}] - \{1\}$

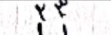
$y = \frac{n+r}{n-\sqrt{r-n}}$

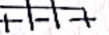
① $r-n \neq 0 \rightarrow r-n \neq 0 \rightarrow n \neq \frac{r}{r}$

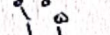
② $n-\sqrt{r-n} \neq 0 \quad n \neq \sqrt{r-n} \quad n^2 \neq r-n \quad (n-1)(n-r) \neq 0$

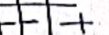
$n \neq 1, r \Rightarrow D_f = [\frac{r}{r}, +\infty) - \{1, r\}$

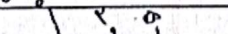
$$\begin{aligned}
 & y = \frac{\sin n}{r \cos n - 1} \quad r \cos n - 1 \neq 0 \quad \cos n \neq \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow n \neq 0, \pi, \dots \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{r} \right\} \quad (a) \\
 & y = \frac{\cos n + 1}{r \sin n + 1} \quad r \sin n + 1 \neq 0 \quad \sin n \neq -\frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow n \neq \pi, \dots \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{11\pi}{4} \right\} \quad (b) \\
 & y = \frac{\tan n + r}{c \tan n - 1} \quad \frac{\sin n}{\cos n} + r \quad \cos n \neq 0 \Rightarrow n \neq \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, \dots \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{\cos n}{\sin n} - 1 \quad \sin n \neq 0 \Rightarrow n \neq 0, \pi, \dots \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ \frac{k\pi}{r}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \right\} = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k\pi, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{r}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \right\} \quad (c) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad c \tan n \neq 1 \Rightarrow n \neq \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, \dots \\
 & y = \frac{\sin n + 1}{\epsilon \sin^2 n - r} \quad \epsilon \sin^2 n - r \neq 0 \quad \sin^2 n \neq \frac{r}{\epsilon} \Rightarrow \sin n \neq \pm \sqrt{\frac{r}{\epsilon}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \epsilon \sin^2 n - r \quad n \neq 0, \pi, \dots \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{\epsilon}} \right\} \quad (d)
 \end{aligned}$$

$x^2 - 2x + 4 > 0 \quad (x-2)(x-2) > 0$  $D_f = (-\infty, 2) \cup (2, +\infty)$ (أ)

$x^2 - 4x + 4 < 0 \quad (x-1)(x-4) < 0$  $D_f = (1, 4)$ (ب)

$x^2 + 4x + 4 > 0 \quad (x+1)(x+4) > 0$  $D_f = (-\infty, -4] \cup [-1, +\infty)$ (ج)

$x^2 - 5x + 4 \leq 0 \quad (x-1)(x-4) \leq 0$  $D_f = [1, 4]$ (د)

$\frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x - 2} < 0$ $\frac{(x-1)(x-2)}{x-2} < 0$  $D_f = (-\infty, 1) \cup (2, \infty)$ (الف)

$\frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 4x + 4} \geq 0$ $\frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{(x-1)(x-2)}$  $D_f = (-\infty, -1] \cup (1, 2)$ (ب)

