

$$\frac{x+1}{x^2-2x+1} = \frac{x+1}{(x-1)(x-1)} \Rightarrow (x-1)(x-1)(x-1) \neq 0 \Rightarrow R - \left\{ \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{3}{2} \right\}$$

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$$\frac{x+1}{x^2-2x+1} = \frac{x+1}{(x-1)(x-1)} \Rightarrow (x+1)(x-1)(x-1) \neq 0 \Rightarrow R - \left\{ -1, -\frac{1}{2}, 2 \right\}$$

$$\frac{x+1}{x-\sqrt{1-2x}} \Rightarrow x-\sqrt{1-2x} \neq 0 \Rightarrow x^2+2x-1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow (x+1)(x-1) \neq 0 \Rightarrow x^2 \neq |1-2x|$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{1-2x} \geq 0 \Rightarrow 1-2x \geq 0 \Rightarrow 2x \leq 1 \Rightarrow x \leq \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, \frac{1}{2}] - \{1\}$$

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$$\frac{x+1}{x-\sqrt{1-2x}} \Rightarrow 2x-1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow 2x \geq 1 \Rightarrow x \geq \frac{1}{2}, x-\sqrt{1-2x} \neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq \sqrt{1-2x} \Rightarrow x^2 \neq |1-2x|$$

$$x^2-2x+1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow (x-1)(x-1) \neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq 1, x \neq -1 \Rightarrow D_f = R - \left\{ 1, 2, \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{17}}{2} \right\}$$

$$\frac{\sin x}{x \cos x - 1} \Rightarrow x \cos x - 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \cos x \neq \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow D_f = R - \left\{ 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$$

$$\frac{\cos x + 1}{x \sin x + 1} \Rightarrow x \sin x + 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \sin x \neq -\frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow D_f = R - \left\{ 2k\pi + \frac{11\pi}{4}, 2k\pi + \frac{7\pi}{4} \right\}$$

$$\frac{\tan x + 1}{\cot x - 1} \Rightarrow \frac{\cos}{\sin} - 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \cot x \neq 1 \Rightarrow D_f = R - \left\{ \frac{k\pi}{2}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$$

$$\frac{\sin x + 1}{x \sin x - 1} \Rightarrow x \sin x - 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \sin x \neq \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow D_f = R - \left\{ k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$$

$$x^2-4x+4 > 0 \Rightarrow (x-2)(x-2) > 0 \Rightarrow (-\infty, 2) \cup (2, +\infty)$$

$$x^2-4x+4 < 0 \Rightarrow (x-2)(x-2) < 0 \Rightarrow (2, 2)$$

$$x^2+4x+4 \geq 0 \Rightarrow (x+2)(x+2) \geq 0 \Rightarrow (-\infty, -2] \cup [-2, +\infty)$$

$$x^2-4x+4 \leq 0 \Rightarrow (x-2)(x-2) \leq 0 \Rightarrow [2, 2]$$

$$\frac{x^2-3x+1}{x-1} < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x-1)}{x-1} < 0 \Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 1) \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$$\frac{x^2-1}{x^2-4x+4} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{(x-2)(x-2)} \geq 0 \Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 1] \cup (2, +\infty)$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{x^2 - (x+1)}{x^2 - 1}} \Rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x-1)}{(x-1)(x+1)} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{-1} = -1 \Rightarrow \int_{-1}^{+\infty}$$

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$$\sqrt{\frac{x^2 - (x+1)}{x^2 - 1}} \Rightarrow x^2 - 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x^2 \neq 1 \Rightarrow x \neq \pm 1 \Rightarrow \boxed{R - \{\pm 1\}}$$

$$\log(x^2 - 1) \Rightarrow x^2 - 1 > 0 \Rightarrow x(x-1) > 0 \Rightarrow \begin{array}{c} 0 \quad 1 \\ + \quad - \quad + \end{array} \Rightarrow \int_{(-\infty, 0) \cup (1, +\infty)}$$

$$\log_{14} x^2 \Rightarrow 14 - x^2 > 0 \Rightarrow x^2 < 14 \Rightarrow -\sqrt{14} < x < \sqrt{14}$$

$$|x| - 1 > 0 \Rightarrow |x| > 1 \Rightarrow x > 1 \text{ or } x < -1$$

$$\log \frac{x^2 - \sqrt{x+1}}{x-1} \Rightarrow \frac{x^2 - \sqrt{x+1}}{x-1} > 0 \Rightarrow (x-1)(x-1) > 0 \Rightarrow \begin{array}{c} 1 \quad 1 \\ - \quad - \quad + \end{array} \Rightarrow \int_{(1, +\infty)}$$

$$1 - x > 0 \Rightarrow x < 1$$

$$\frac{x-1}{x+1} > 0 \Rightarrow \begin{array}{c} 1 \quad -1 \\ - \quad - \quad + \end{array} \Rightarrow \int_{(1, +\infty)}$$

$$x^2 - 11x + 18 \Rightarrow (x-2)(x-9) > 0 \Rightarrow \begin{array}{c} 2 \quad 9 \\ + \quad - \quad + \end{array} \Rightarrow \int_{(2, 9) \cup (9, +\infty)}$$

$$39 - x > 0 \Rightarrow x < 39$$

$$\frac{x^2 - x}{x^2 + x} = \frac{x(x-1)}{x(x+1)} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{c} -1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \\ + \quad - \quad - \quad + \end{array}$$

	-1	0	1
$x^2 - x$	+	+	-
$x^2 + x$	+	-	+
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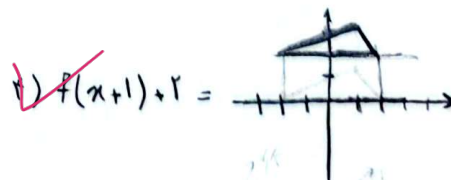
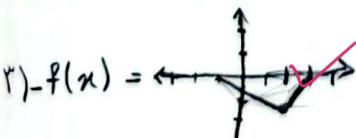
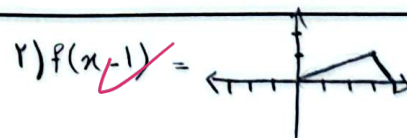
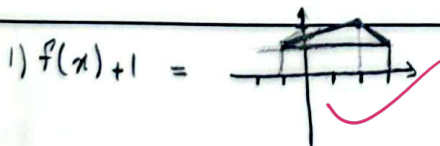
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$$\sqrt{\frac{x-f(x)}{f(x)}} \Rightarrow \frac{x-f(x)}{f(x)} \geq 0$$

$$\begin{array}{c} -2 \quad -1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \\ - \quad + \quad - \quad + \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{D_f = (-2, -1] \cup (2, 3]}$$

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