

سوال 1

الف) $y = \frac{x+2}{x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 12}$ $\rightarrow x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 12 = 0$
 $\rightarrow x(x^2 - 2x + 3) - 12 = 0$
 $\rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 3 = \frac{12}{x}$
 $\rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 3 - \frac{12}{x} = 0$
 $\rightarrow x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 12 = 0$
 $\rightarrow x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 12 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow x = 1$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$

ب) $y = \frac{x+3}{3x^3 - x^2 - 11x - 6}$

سوال 2

الف) $y = \frac{x+1}{x - \sqrt{3-2x}}$
 $3-2x \geq 0 \rightarrow 3 \leq 2x \rightarrow \frac{3}{2} \leq x$
 $x > 0$
 $\Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R}$

ب) $y = \frac{x+2}{x - \sqrt{3x-2}}$
 $3x-2 \geq 0 \rightarrow 3x \geq 2 \rightarrow x \geq \frac{2}{3}$
 $x > 0$
 $\Rightarrow D_f = (0, +\infty)$

سوال 3

الف) $y = \frac{\sin x}{2\cos x - 1}$
 $2\cos x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cos x \neq \frac{1}{2}$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - [2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{3}, 2k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{3}]$

ب) $y = \frac{\cos x + 1}{2\sin x + 1}$
 $2\sin x + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \sin x \neq -\frac{1}{2}$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - [2k\pi + \frac{7\pi}{6}, 2k\pi + \frac{11\pi}{6}]$

ج) $y = \frac{\tan x + 2}{\cot x - 1}$
 $\begin{cases} \tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \\ \cot x = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \end{cases}$
 $\cot x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cot x \neq 1$
 $\rightarrow \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \neq 1 \rightarrow \sin x \neq \cos x$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - [2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, 2k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{4}]$

د) $y = \frac{\sin x + 1}{2\sin^2 x - 3}$
 $2\sin^2 x - 3 \neq 0 \rightarrow \sin^2 x \neq \frac{3}{2}$
 $\rightarrow \sin x \neq \pm \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - [2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, 2k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{4}]$

$$a) y = \log(x^2 - 3x)$$

$$x^2 - 3x > 0 \rightarrow x(x-3) > 0$$

$$\frac{x}{-} \frac{0}{+} \frac{3}{-}$$

$$D_f = (3, \infty)$$

$$b) y = \log \frac{14-x^2}{|x|-2}$$

$$14-x^2 > 0 \rightarrow 14 < x^2 \rightarrow +\sqrt{14} < x < +\infty$$

$$|x|-2 > 0 \rightarrow |x| > 2 \rightarrow x > 2, x < -2$$

$$|x|-2 \neq 1 \rightarrow |x| \neq 3 \quad D_f = (-\sqrt{14}, -3) \cup (-\sqrt{14}, 3) \cup (3, +\infty)$$

$$c) y = \log \frac{x^2 - \sqrt{x} + 1}{x-1}$$

$$\frac{(x-1)(x-1)}{x-1} > 0 \quad \frac{x}{-} \frac{1}{+} \quad [1, +\infty)$$

$$1-x > 0 \rightarrow x < 1 \quad (1, +\infty)$$

$$D_f = [1, 1) \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$$1-x \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq 0$$

$$d) y = \sqrt{x^2 - 11x + 12} + \log \sqrt{4-x^2}$$

$$x > 0$$

$$x \neq 1$$

$$4-x^2 > 0$$

$$4 \leq x^2$$

$$-2 \leq x \leq 2$$

$$D_f = (0, 4] \cup [1, 2]$$

$$D_f = [1, 2]$$

$$\sqrt{(x-1)(x-2)} > 0 \Rightarrow D_f = (1, 2] \cup [2, 4]$$

$$x-1 > 0 \rightarrow x > 1 \quad [1, 2]$$

$$x-2 > 0 \rightarrow x > 2$$

$$y = \frac{x^2 - x}{x^2 + x}$$

$$\begin{cases} x^2 - x = 0 \\ x(x-1) = 0 \\ x = 0 \\ x = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x^2 + x = 0 \\ x(x+1) = 0 \\ x = 0 \\ x = -1 \end{cases}$$

	-1	*	1	
$x^2 - x$	+	0	+	+
$x^2 + x$	+	0	-	+
$P(x)$	+	-	-	+

①

سوال 3

②

	-1	*	1	
$x^2 - x$	+	0	+	+
$x^2 + x$	+	0	-	+
$P(x)$	+	-	-	+

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{x-f(x)}{f(x)}}$$

$$\frac{x-f(x)}{f(x)} > 0 \quad f(x) \neq 0$$

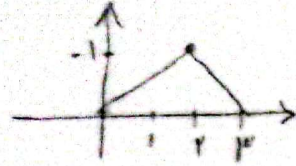
$$D_f = (0, +\infty) \cup (0, \mu]$$

المجال هو $x > 0$ و $f(x) \neq 0$

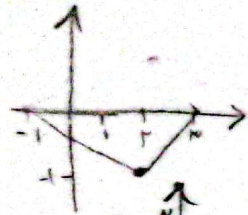
الف) $f(n)+1$



ب) $f(n-1)$



ج) $-f(n)$



د) $f(n+1)+1$

