

الف) $y = \frac{\sin x - 2}{2 \cos x + 1} \rightarrow 2 \cos x + 1 \neq 0$

$\hookrightarrow \frac{2 \cos x}{2} \neq \frac{-1}{2} \rightarrow \cos x \neq -\frac{1}{2}$

~~$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2k\pi + \pi \pm \frac{\pi}{3}\}$~~

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ب) $y = \frac{\sin x + 3}{(\cos x - 1) \neq 0} \rightarrow \cos x \neq 1 \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2k\pi\}$

الف) $y = \frac{2 \sin x + 1}{\tan x + 1 \neq 0} \rightarrow \tan x \neq -1 \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}\}$

ب) $y = \frac{\cos x + 1}{\cot x - 1 \neq 0} \rightarrow \cot x \neq 1 \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}\}$

الف) $\sin y = x^2 - 2 \rightarrow -1 \leq \sin y \leq 1 \rightarrow -1 \leq x^2 - 2 \leq 1 \rightarrow 1 \leq x^2 \leq 3 \rightarrow \sqrt{1} \leq x \leq \sqrt{3}, -1 \geq x \geq -\sqrt{3}$

$D_f = [\sqrt{1}, \sqrt{3}] \cup [-\sqrt{3}, -1]$

ب) $y = \arccos(\sqrt{x} - 3) \rightarrow -1 \leq \sqrt{x} - 3 \leq 1$

$\sqrt{x} \rightarrow x \geq 0$

$\hookrightarrow 2 \leq \sqrt{x} \leq 4 \rightarrow \sqrt{2} \leq x \leq \sqrt{4}$

$D_f: [\sqrt{2}, 2]$

الف) $\cos y = |x| - 3$

$-1 \leq \cos y \leq 1 \rightarrow -1 \leq |x| - 3 \leq 1$

$\hookrightarrow 2 \leq |x| \leq 4 \rightarrow \begin{cases} -4 \leq x \leq -2 \\ 2 \leq x \leq 4 \end{cases}$

$D_f = [-4, -2] \cup [2, 4]$

ب) $y = \arcsin(x^2 + 3x + 1) \rightarrow -1 \leq x^2 + 3x + 1 \leq 1$

$\hookrightarrow -1 \leq x^2 + 3x + 1 \leq 1$

$\hookrightarrow 0 \leq (x+1)(x+2) \leq 2$

$\hookrightarrow x \in (-\infty, -2] \cup [-1, +\infty)$

$D_f: (-\infty, -2] \cup [-1, +\infty)$

الف) $y = \log_{\frac{1}{3}}(x^2 - 4) \rightarrow x^2 - 4 > 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{x^2} > \sqrt{4} \rightarrow x > 2$

$x < -2 \rightarrow D_f: (2, +\infty) \cup (-\infty, -2)$

ب) $y = \log_{\frac{1}{2}}(x - |x|) \rightarrow x - |x| > 0 \rightarrow |x| < x \rightarrow -2 < x < 2$

$D_f = (-2, 2)$

الف) $y = \log_{\alpha-\alpha}^{\alpha-\alpha} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \alpha-\alpha > 0 \rightarrow \alpha < \alpha \\ \alpha-\alpha > 0 \rightarrow \alpha > \alpha \\ \alpha-\alpha \neq 1 \rightarrow \alpha \neq \alpha \end{cases} \quad D_f = (\alpha, \alpha) - \{\alpha\}$

ب) $y = \log_{\alpha+\alpha}^{\alpha-1} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \alpha-1 > 0 \rightarrow \alpha > 1 \rightarrow \alpha > 1 \vee \alpha < -1 \\ \alpha+\alpha > 0 \rightarrow \alpha > -\alpha \\ \alpha+\alpha \neq 1 \rightarrow \alpha \neq -\alpha \end{cases} \quad D_f = (1, +\infty) \cup (-\infty, -1) - \{-\alpha\}$

الف) $y = \log \frac{\alpha^2 - \alpha\alpha + \alpha}{\alpha - \alpha} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{(\alpha-1)(\alpha-\alpha)}{\alpha - \alpha} > 0$
 $\rightarrow D_f: (1, \alpha) \cup (\alpha, +\infty)$

ب) $\log \frac{\alpha+\alpha}{\alpha-\alpha} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{\alpha+\alpha}{\alpha-\alpha} > 1 \rightarrow \alpha+\alpha > \alpha-\alpha \rightarrow \alpha > -\alpha$
 $\rightarrow D_f: (-\infty, -\alpha) \cup (\alpha, +\infty) - \{-\alpha\}$

الف) $y = \sqrt{\alpha - \log_{\alpha}(\alpha-\alpha)} \rightarrow \alpha-\alpha > 0 \rightarrow \alpha > \alpha \quad \textcircled{1} \quad D_f = (\alpha, 10]$
 $\hookrightarrow \alpha - \log_{\alpha}^{\alpha-\alpha} \geq 0 \rightarrow \log_{\alpha}^{\alpha-\alpha} \leq \alpha \rightarrow \alpha-\alpha \leq 1 \rightarrow \alpha \leq 10$

ب) $y = \log(\alpha \log_{\alpha}^{\alpha} - 1) \rightarrow \alpha \log_{\alpha}^{\alpha} - 1 > 0 \rightarrow \alpha \log_{\alpha}^{\alpha} > 1 \rightarrow \log_{\alpha}^{\alpha} > \frac{1}{\alpha} \rightarrow \alpha > \alpha^{\frac{1}{\alpha}} \rightarrow \alpha > \sqrt{\alpha}$
 $\hookrightarrow \alpha > 0 \quad \textcircled{1} \quad D_f: (\sqrt{\alpha}, +\infty)$

الف) $y = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha^{\alpha} + 1} \rightarrow \alpha^{\alpha} \neq -1 \rightarrow \alpha \neq -1 \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-1\}$

ب) $y = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha^{\alpha} - 1} \rightarrow \alpha^{\alpha} \neq 1 \rightarrow \alpha \neq 0 \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$

ج) $y = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha^{\alpha} - \alpha} \rightarrow \alpha^{\alpha} \neq \alpha \rightarrow \alpha \neq \frac{1}{\alpha} \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\frac{1}{\alpha}\}$

د) $y = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha^{\alpha} - \alpha} \rightarrow \alpha^{\alpha} \neq \alpha \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R}$

الف) $y = (f\alpha + 1)! \rightarrow \begin{cases} f\alpha + 1 \in \mathbb{W} \\ f\alpha \in \mathbb{W} - 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow \alpha \in \frac{\mathbb{W} - 1}{f} \rightarrow D_f = \{\alpha / \alpha = \frac{k-1}{f}, k \in \mathbb{W}\}$

ب) $y = \left(\frac{\alpha\alpha - \alpha}{\alpha\alpha - \alpha}\right)! \rightarrow \frac{\alpha\alpha - \alpha}{\alpha\alpha - \alpha} \in \mathbb{W} \rightarrow \alpha\alpha - \alpha \in \alpha\mathbb{W} \rightarrow \alpha\alpha - \alpha \in \alpha\mathbb{W} \rightarrow \alpha \in \frac{-\alpha k + \alpha}{\alpha - \alpha} \rightarrow D_f = \{\alpha / \alpha = \frac{-\alpha k + \alpha}{\alpha - \alpha}, k \in \mathbb{W}\}$
 $\hookrightarrow \alpha\alpha - \alpha \in \alpha\mathbb{W} \rightarrow \alpha \in \frac{-\alpha k + \alpha}{\alpha - \alpha} \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\frac{\alpha}{\alpha - \alpha}\}$