

20% cos

14, 20

من اینسین (هم در نظر)

$$y = \sin x - 2$$

از صبح 2 تا 1

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$$2\cos x + 1 \neq 0 \quad 2\cos x \neq -1 \rightarrow \cos x \neq -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3}$$

$$Df = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ 2k\pi + \frac{2\pi}{3}, 2k\pi - \frac{2\pi}{3} \right\}$$

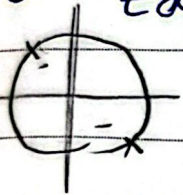
$$Df = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ 2k\pi + \frac{2\pi}{3}, 2k\pi - \frac{2\pi}{3} \right\}$$

$$y = \frac{\sin x + 2}{\cos x - 1}$$

$$\cos x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cos x \neq 1 \Rightarrow 2\pi \quad Df = \mathbb{R} - \{ 2k\pi \}$$

$$y = \frac{2\sin x + 1}{\tan x + 1}$$

$$\tan x + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \tan x \neq -1 \Rightarrow Df = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}, k\pi - \frac{3\pi}{4} \right\}$$



$$\tan = \frac{\sin}{\cos} \quad \cos x \neq 0 \quad Df = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$$

$$y = \frac{\cos x + 1}{\cot x - 1}$$

$$\cot x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cot x \neq 1 \rightarrow Df = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \right\}$$

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$$\sin y = x^2 - 2 \quad x^2 \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$-1 \leq x^2 - 2 \leq 1 \rightarrow 1 \leq x^2 \leq 3$$

$$x^2 \geq 1 \rightarrow x \geq 1, x \leq -1 \quad \left\{ x^2 \leq 3 \rightarrow -\sqrt{3} \leq x \leq \sqrt{3} \right\}$$

$$Df = [-\sqrt{3}, -1] \cup [1, \sqrt{3}]$$

$$y = \arccos(\sqrt{x} - 2)$$

$$-1 \leq \sqrt{x} - 2 \leq 1 \rightarrow 1 \leq \sqrt{x} \leq 3 \rightarrow 1 \leq x \leq 9$$

$$Df = [1, 9]$$

$$\cos y = |x| - 2$$

$$-1 \leq |x| - 2 \leq 1 \rightarrow 1 \leq |x| \leq 3$$

$$Df = [-3, -1] \cup [1, 3]$$

$$1 \leq |x| \rightarrow x \geq 1, x \leq -1, |x| \leq 3 \rightarrow -3 \leq x \leq 3$$

$$y = \arcsin(x^2 + 2x + 1)$$

بله

(نشان می دهد)

$$y = \log_p x^2 - 2$$

$$x^2 - 2 > 0 \rightarrow x^2 > 2 \rightarrow x > \sqrt{2} \text{ or } x < -\sqrt{2}$$

MRNOTE

$$x^2 + 2x + 1 \leq 0 \rightarrow x^2 + 2x \leq -1 \rightarrow -1 \leq x \leq -1$$

$$-1 \leq x^2 + 2x + 1 \rightarrow x^2 + 2x \geq -2 \rightarrow x \geq -1 \text{ or } x \leq -2 \rightarrow Df = [-1, -2] \cup [-1, 0]$$

سوال 4 منت ب

$$y = \log_r \frac{r-|x|}{r} \quad r-|x| > 0 \rightarrow |x| < r \rightarrow -r < x < r$$

$$Df = (-r, r)$$

$$y = \log \frac{\omega-x}{x-r} \quad \begin{matrix} \omega-x > 0 & x < \omega \\ x-r > 0 & x > r \\ x-r \neq 1 & x \neq -r \end{matrix} \rightarrow Df = (r, \omega) - \{r\}$$

$$y = \log \frac{x^r-1}{x+r} \quad \begin{matrix} x^r-1 > 0 & x^r > 1 \rightarrow x < -\sqrt[r]{1} \\ x+r > 0 & x > -r \\ x+r \neq 1 & x \neq -r \end{matrix}$$

$$\rightarrow Df = (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, +\infty) - \{-r\}$$

$$Df = (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, +\infty) - \{-r\}$$

$$y = \log \frac{x^r - \varepsilon x + r}{x-r} \quad \begin{matrix} (x-r) > 0 & x > r \\ (x-1) > 0 & x > 1 \end{matrix} \quad Df = [1, r) \cup (r, +\infty)$$

$$y = \log \frac{\frac{x+r}{x-r} > 0}{x+\omega} \quad \begin{matrix} x > -r \\ x > r \\ x > \omega \\ x+\omega \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq -\varepsilon \end{matrix} \quad Df = (-\omega, -\varepsilon) \cup (-\varepsilon, -r) \cup (r, +\infty)$$

$$y = \sqrt{r - \log_r(x-r)} = -\log_r(x-r) \Rightarrow x-r > 0 \quad x > r$$

$$\sqrt{r - \log_r(x-r)} \geq 0 \quad r \geq \log_r(x-r) \quad x-r \leq r = 1$$

$$x \leq 1 \quad Df = (r, 1]$$

$$y = \log(r \log^x - 1) > 0 \quad r \log^x > 1 \rightarrow \log^x > \frac{1}{r}$$

$$x > r = \sqrt[r]{r} \quad Df = (\sqrt[r]{r}, +\infty)$$

$$y = \frac{\mu}{x^\mu + 1} \neq 0 \quad x^\mu \neq -1 \quad \log \frac{1}{x^\mu} \quad \text{Def} = \mathbb{R} \quad (2)$$

~ دکن سیت جون صفتی ~

$$y = \frac{\mu}{x^\mu - 1} \neq 0 \quad x^\mu \neq 1 \quad \log \frac{1}{x^\mu} \quad \text{Def} = \mathbb{R} - \{ \log \frac{1}{x^\mu} \}$$

$$y = \frac{\mu}{x^\mu - \mu} \neq 0 \quad x^\mu \neq \mu \quad \log \frac{1}{x^\mu} \quad \text{Def} = \mathbb{R} - \{ \log \frac{1}{x^\mu} \}$$

$$y = \frac{\mu}{x^\mu - \mu \neq 0} \quad x^\mu \neq \mu \quad \log \frac{1}{x^\mu} \quad \text{Def} = \mathbb{R} - \{ \log \frac{1}{x^\mu} \}$$

$$y = (x^\mu + 1)! \quad x^\mu + 1 \in \mathbb{W} \rightarrow x^\mu \in \mathbb{W} + 1$$

$$x \rightarrow \frac{\mathbb{W} + 1}{x^\mu} \quad \text{Def} = \{ x \mid x = \frac{k+1}{x^\mu}, k \in \mathbb{W} \} \quad (2)$$

$$y = \left(\frac{x^\mu - \mu}{x^\mu - \mu} \right)! \quad \frac{x^\mu - \mu}{x^\mu - \mu} \quad x^\mu - \mu = x^\mu \mathbb{W} - \mu \mathbb{W}$$

$$x^\mu - \mu \mathbb{W} x = +\mu - \mu \mathbb{W}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{-\mu \mathbb{W} + \mu}{-\mu \mathbb{W} + \mu} \quad \text{Def} = \{ x \mid x = \frac{\mu k - \mu}{\mu k - \mu}, k \in \mathbb{W} \}$$